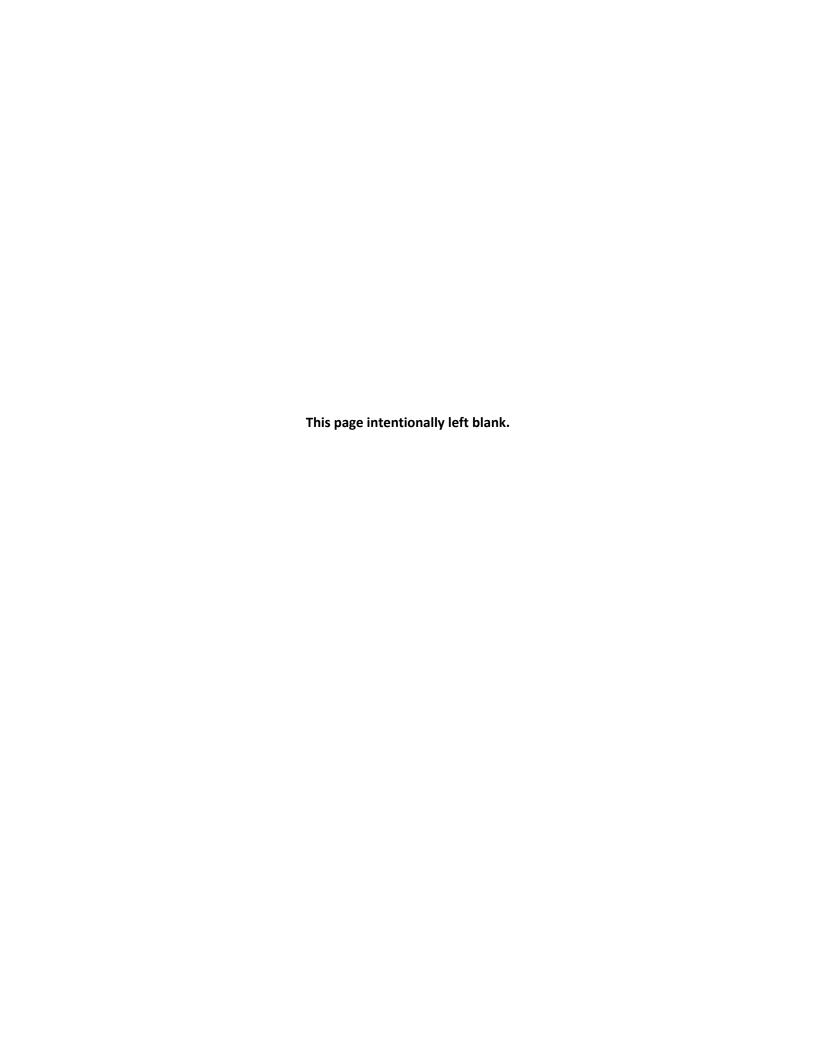
City of Ann Arbor, Michigan



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2024



# **CITY OF ANN ARBOR**

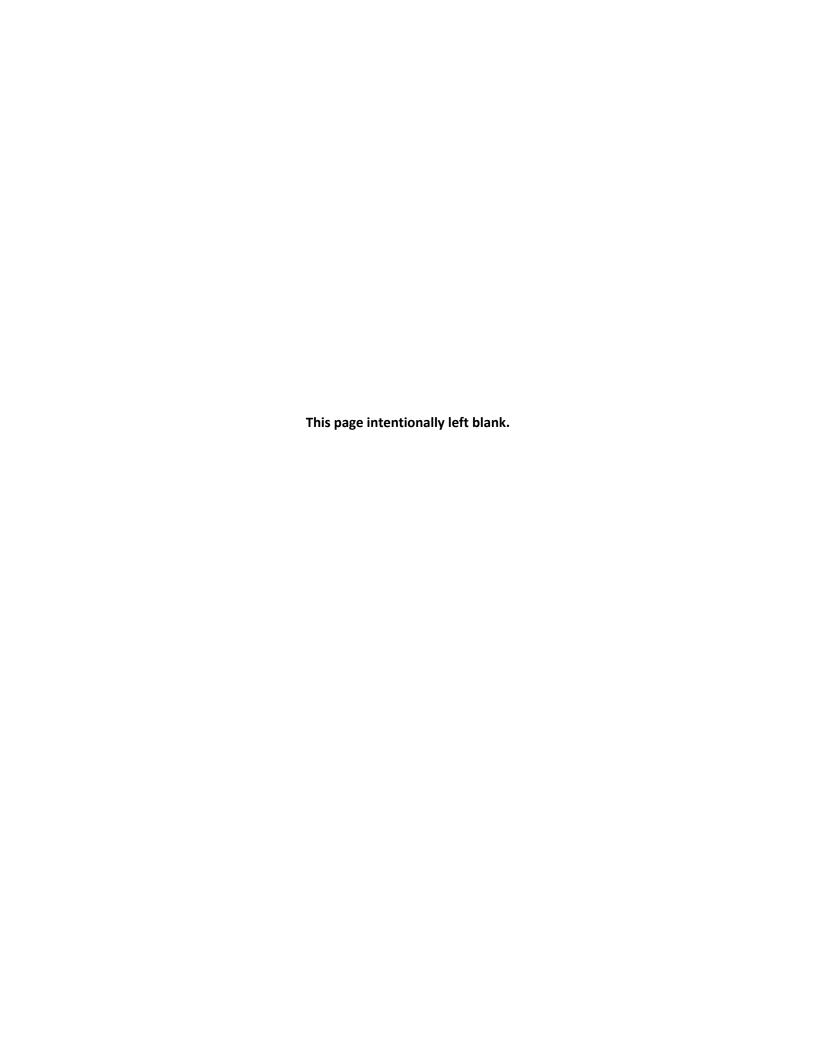
### **ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT**

# County of Washtenaw State of Michigan

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024



Prepared by:
Financial and Administrative Services
Accounting Services Unit
301 East Huron Street
Ann Arbor, Michigan 48107
(734) 794-6500



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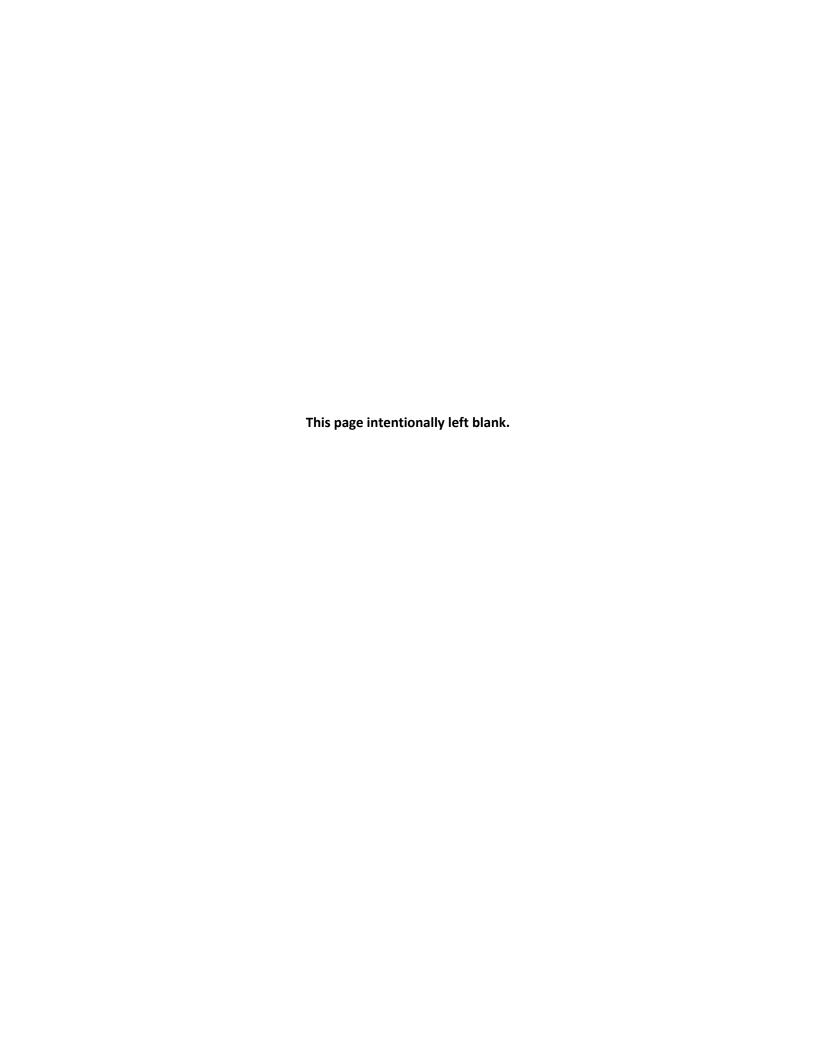
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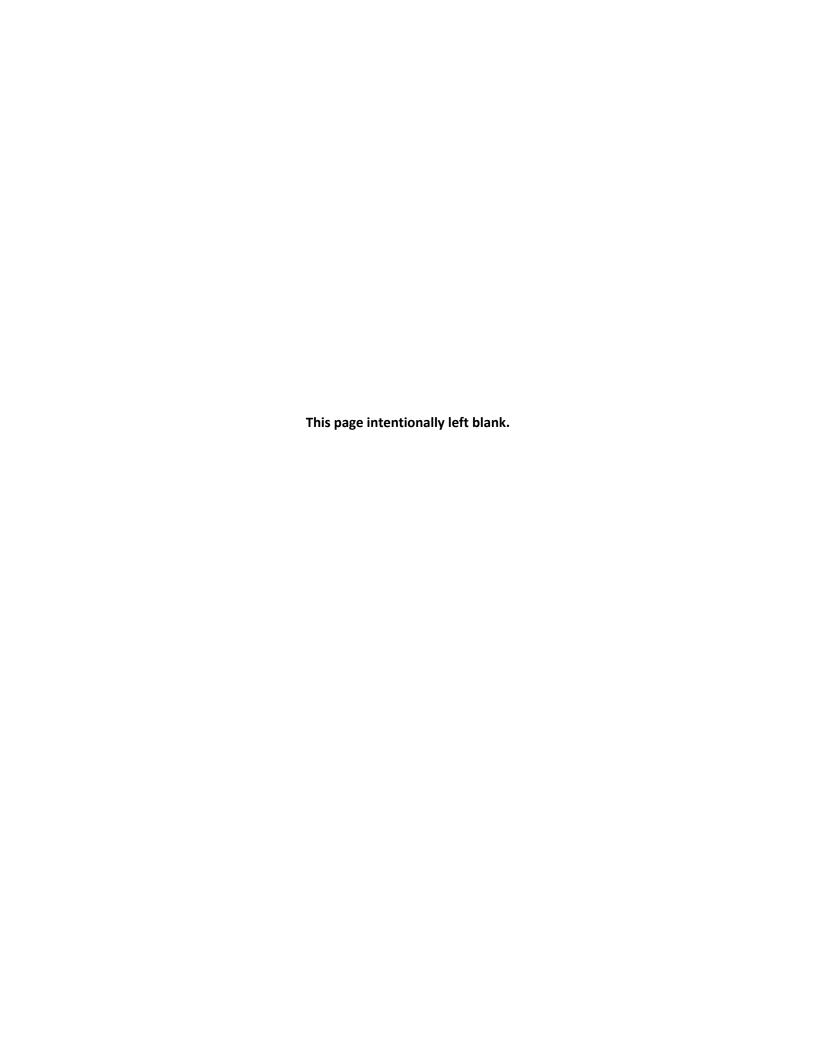
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December 18, 2024

# To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council and Citizens of the City of Ann Arbor

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan (the "City"), for the year ended June 30, 2024, is submitted. Staff in the Accounting Services Unit prepared the report, with assistance from the Pension System, Downtown Development Authority, Ann Arbor Housing Commission and other City staff. The City has the responsibility for all disclosure and accuracy of material contained in this report.

State law requires that all local governments, subject to certain size criteria, publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial report of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, City management has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Rehmann, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the City financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2024. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### **Profile of the Government**

The City was founded in 1824 and incorporated as a city in 1851. The City is located in the approximate center of Washtenaw County in the southeastern section of Michigan's Lower Peninsula. The City is approximately 28 square miles in area and serves as the County Seat. The City has an excellent public transportation system for its citizens and visitors to enjoy. The City is nationally known for its outstanding educational and medical facilities, serving as the home of the University of Michigan.

The City operates under a Mayor/Council-Administrator type of government. The Council is comprised of the Mayor and ten Council Members. The City is divided into five wards; two Council Members are elected from each ward. The Council appoints a City Administrator to serve as the Chief Administrative Officer of the City responsible for daily operations. The organizational chart of the City is shown following the transmittal letter.

The City is responsible for managing and financing many of the services for its citizens. The service areas include: Community Services, Financial Services, Safety Services, and Public Services. The City provides a full range of services including: police, fire, the construction and maintenance of streets and other infrastructure, refuse collection and disposal, recycling collection and processing, recreation, social services by contract, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services. The citizens and visitors to the City enjoy these services.

The City Administrator is required by City Charter to prepare and submit an annual budget to City Council. This budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis and is adopted by City Council as required by the State of Michigan. Budgetary control is maintained at the service area level for the general fund. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the General Fund service areas. Budgetary control for all other funds is maintained at the fund level. Revisions to a service area total of the general fund or to the fund total must be approved by City Council. It is the City's policy to try to match one time expenditures to revenues to the extent possible.

Certain services are provided through a legally separate component unit. The City includes three discretely presented component units in the City's financial reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units", these financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units. The Downtown Development Authority, Ann Arbor Housing Commission and SmartZone Local Development Finance Authority (SmartZone LDFA) are all presented as discretely presented component units of the City. Additional information on all of these legally separate entities can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

The City takes pride in the service provided to its citizens and the community's well-earned reputation. The City is nationally recognized on the following lists:

- ◆ Best Places to Live for Families
- ◆ Best College in America: The University of Michigan
- Most Educated City in America
- ◆ Best City to Live in Michigan
- Best Hospital in Michigan
- Best Places to Live in the U.S.
- College with Best Student Life in America

#### **Local Economy**

The City is endowed with several major corporations located within its boundaries such as Google. In addition, Ann Arbor is home to one of the largest employers in the county, the University of Michigan, which employs approximately 37,000 people. Ann Arbor is also known for its excellent talent and technology infrastructure that has attracted several large technology firms to the area.

The City has two higher educational centers: 1) The University of Michigan and; 2) Concordia College. Additionally, located within a 10-mile radius are two other higher educational centers.

The City has the largest population base in Washtenaw County and serves as the County Seat. The U.S. Census Bureau reports 123,851 residents in Ann Arbor, representing 34% of the population base in Washtenaw County. The median household income of our citizens is \$76,207.

Ann Arbor is accessible by three major Interstate highways connecting Detroit to the east, Chicago to the west, the Upper Peninsula to the north, and Ohio to the south.

The City enjoys a healthy local economy. The local area unemployment rate is 4.2% as of June 2024, receipts from sales taxes have increased modestly, and residential property values are increasing, primarily due to new construction. Offsetting some of this economic improvement are State laws limiting property tax revenues, legislative uncertainty of funds provided by the State to the City, and record inflation.

The City continues to constrain increases in total expenditures through efficiencies, collaborative opportunities, and fiscal discipline.

#### **Long-term Financial Planning**

The City Council and City Administrator are committed to strategies designed to ensure the long-term financial health of the City. The City's financial policies include a sinking fund for capital needs which was approved by Council in May of 2018 and funded for the fiscal year 2025 budget. In addition, the City funded multiple priorities with new funding from Washtenaw County as a result of a new millage.

During this economic environment, the City will strive to maintain an unassigned general fund fund balance with a minimum of 15% to 20%. If it is necessary to use these funds, subsequent budgets will be planned for additions to restore fund balance. The City continues to manage its operating expenditures within levels supported by recurring revenues. The City is also striving to budget a consistent level of capital outlay sufficient to maintain current infrastructure.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

The City has adopted and adheres to several financial management policies governing debt, investments, fund balance, pension funding, other postemployment benefits funding and capital improvements. These policies govern the management of resources including use of one-time funds, sale and defeasance of bonds, and investment strategy. With respect to the pension and other postemployment benefits funding policies, to the extent that a fully funded plan has not been achieved, the City funds the higher of the actuarially required contribution or the existing level of funding adjusted annually by an increase of at least 2%.

#### **Major Initiatives**

#### Water Meter Replacement Program

Phase two of this program is to replace 400 large meters and meter transmission units ("MTUs") that primarily exist in commercial, university, and multifamily residential buildings throughout the City and make network upgrades to improve communication of water and sewer usage data. The program is appropriate due to the battery life (approximately 15 years) of existing MTUs which were installed in 2004-2005. Contemporaneously installed water meters are also nearing the end of their useful life. Failure of either would result in a loss of, or inaccurate water/sewer use data. Phase one of the project included the replacement of 26,650 residential meters and MTUs. The entire project's budget is \$9.8 million.

#### WTP Barton Pump Station Valve Replacement

A need has been identified to replace aging valves and piping at the Barton Raw Water Pump Station (Barton Pump Station) and install air relief valves (ARVs) on the raw water transmission mains that convey source water withdrawn from Barton Pond to the City's Water Treatment Plant (WTP). The proposed improvements are necessary to assure operational control and system reliability for the City's critical raw source water supply infrastructure. The budget for this project is \$4.6 million.

#### Sanitary Sewer Lining Project

The City's Sanitary Sewer Asset Management Plan recommends sewer pipe lining as a cost-effective method used for reinvestment and rehabilitation of the sanitary sewer collection system. The trenchless process minimizes the construction impact to the community, improves the life of existing pipes by improving structural and hydraulic characteristics while eliminating costly replacement projects.

The City's Sanitary Sewer Collection System is a network of approximately 400 miles of pipes that transport sewage to the City's wastewater treatment plant on the east side of the City. The cost of construction for sewer lining projects is borne wholly by the Sanitary Sewer Fund. From 2021 through 2027, sanitary sewer lining project capital costs will amount to \$33,543,000. The projects meet multiple sustainability goals, including Sustainable Systems and Clean Air and Water.

#### Barton Dam

The Barton Dam originally constructed in 1913, produces hydroelectric power and serves to impound Barton Pond, the primary source of the City's drinking water. The project, estimated to be \$12M, consists of the construction of a stabilizing berm on the downstream slope of the right embankment to address seepage and stability concerns as well as other ancillary work to develop site staging, improve site access, and remediate other critical items at the dam such as removing the existing reverse filer and filing the existing toe ditch pond as required by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC).

#### Bicentennial Park Improvements

As part of the City's Bicentennial celebration, numerous improvements to Bicentennial Park (formerly Southeast Park) are planned. Improvements include pathway and parking lot restoration, upgrading the restroom facilities, replacing a playground, and installing a splash pad. All improvements will be solar powered. The total cost of the project is estimated at \$4M.

#### Fire Station #4 Replacement

This project will build the City's first carbon-neutral facility, a net-zero fire station at the current Fire Station 4 location. This Facility will produce energy through geothermal heating and cooling, solar panels, and an architectural design that encourages energy efficiency. The facility will also be gender-neutral to accommodate fire fighters of all genders. The total project cost is estimated to be \$15 million.

#### Solar on City Facilities

This project will install over 4 Megawatts of solar on 19 city facilities, saving the City operating costs, enhancing resilience, and reducing climate pollution. Sites identified include nearly every park with a major facility, the water treatment plant, City Hall, the water recovery facility, the airport, and the public works building. The installations would also be designed to eventually accommodate energy storage, which would enable these facilities to operate even during power outages. This is especially important for critical facilities, such as water treatment plant and public works.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Ann Arbor for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This was the thirty-third consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the City also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for fiscal year 2024. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Financial and Administrative Services Area. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and City Council for their support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Ann Arbor's finances.

Sincerely,

Milton Dohoney Jr., City Administrator

Milton Dohoney Jr.

Janti Jaschan

Marti Praschan, Chief Financial Officer

#### **ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS**

### **Christopher Taylor, Mayor**

#### **Council Members**

Lisa Disch Ayesha Ghazi Edwin

Cynthia Harrison Jen Eyer

Linh Song Dharma Akmon

Chris Watson Erica Briggs

Travis Radina Jenn Cornell

Milton Dohoney Jr.

City Administrator

John Fournier

**Deputy City Administrator** 

Marti Praschan

**Chief Financial Officer** 

Atleen Kaur

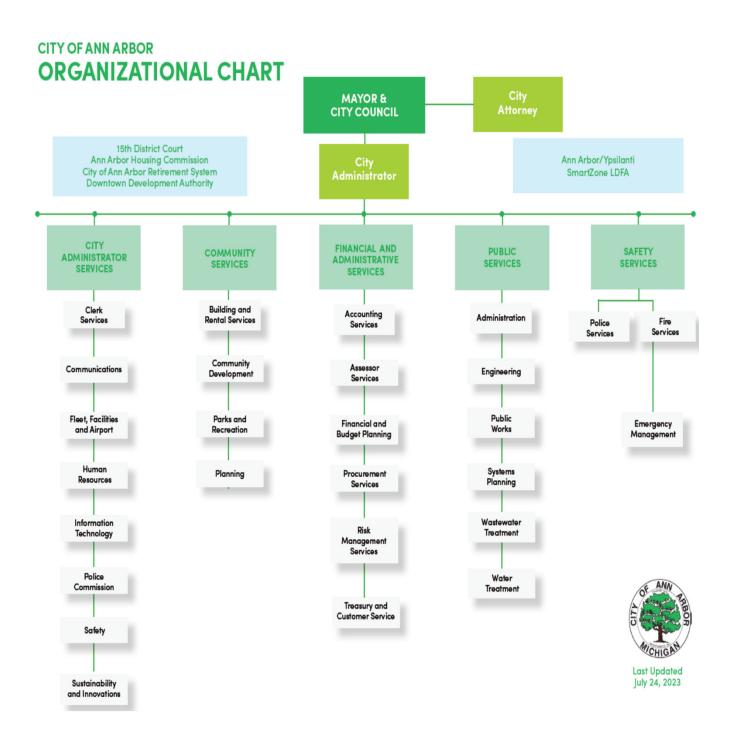
City Attorney

Jacqueline Beaudry

City Clerk

Michael J. Pettigrew

City Treasurer





#### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Ann Arbor Michigan

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

**FINANCIAL SECTION** 

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

December 18, 2024

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the *City of Ann Arbor, Michigan* (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and the major special revenue fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of the following entity, which represents the indicated percentages of total aggregate discretely presented component units:

Percent of Assets and Deferred Outflows	Percent of Revenues	Percent of Net Position
33.6%	55 3%	25.2%

**Ann Arbor Housing Commission** 

Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as they relate to the amounts included for the above entity, are based solely on the report of the other auditors.



#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- · exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- · identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- · conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules for the pension and other postemployment benefit plans, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued, under separate cover, our report dated December 18, 2024, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rehmann Loham LLC

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS** 

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As management of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

#### **Financial Highlights**

. Total net position	\$ 1,525,321,538
Change in total net position	101,040,426
. Fund balances, governmental funds	150,571,361
. Change in fund balances, governmental funds	3,278,624
. Unassigned fund balance, general fund	25,870,084
. Change in fund balance, general fund	6,745,991
. Long-term debt outstanding	271,649,558
. Change in long-term debt	(29,481,095)

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, community/economic development, culture and recreation, and public transportation. The business-type activities of the City include water, sewer, parking, airport, stormwater, solid waste, and technology fiber.

The government-wide financial statements include, not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate housing commission, a legally separate local development finance authority, and a legally separate downtown development authority for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The City of Ann Arbor Building Authority, although also legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the City, and therefore its activities have been included as an integral part of the primary government of the City.

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains numerous individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the street repair millage fund, the City's major funds. Data from the nonmajor governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements following the required supplementary information.

The City adopts an annual budget in accordance with the General Appropriation Act for its general fund and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Proprietary funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City maintains numerous individual enterprise funds. The City's water supply system, sewage disposal system, parking system, airport, stormwater sewer system, solid waste, and technology fiber funds are all considered to be major funds.

Conversely, all internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its central stores, fleet services, information technology, project management, insurance, and the Wheeler Center.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

*Notes to Financial Statements.* The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) to its employees.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information on pensions and OPEB.

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### Financial Analysis of the City as a Whole

The government-wide financial analysis focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the City's governmental and business-type activities. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. As the following table demonstrates, the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1.5 billion at June 30, 2024 compared to \$1.4 billion at June 30, 2023.

	Net Position										
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	otal					
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023					
Current and other assets	\$ 225,603,411	\$ 222,223,534	\$ 216,314,305	\$ 223,327,324	\$ 441,917,716	\$ 445,550,858					
Capital assets, net	988,328,111	982,981,746	517,441,605	477,512,185	1,505,769,716	1,460,493,931					
Total assets	1,213,931,522	1,205,205,280	733,755,910	700,839,509	1,947,687,432	1,906,044,789					
Deferred outflows											
of resources	28,731,833	33,849,894	7,492,072	8,549,554	36,223,905	42,399,448					
Long-term liabilities	104,668,100	121,544,919	168,064,842	181,170,953	272,732,942	302,715,872					
Pension and OPEB	56,305,046	85,995,011	12,182,495	18,506,254	68,487,541	104,501,265					
Other liabilities	39,343,987	43,994,283	24,368,943	22,933,940	63,712,930	66,928,223					
Total liabilities	200,317,133	251,534,213	204,616,280	222,611,147	404,933,413	474,145,360					
Deferred inflows											
of resources	43,447,323	40,249,595	10,209,063	9,768,170	53,656,386	50,017,765					
Net position											
Net investment in											
capital assets	895,627,939	876,961,867	364,917,213	294,076,585	1,260,545,152	1,171,038,452					
Restricted	98,012,443	102,136,516	52,412,955	36,785,774	150,425,398	138,922,290					
Unrestricted (deficit)	5,258,517	(31,827,017)	109,092,471	146,147,387	114,350,988	114,320,370					
Total net position	\$ 998,898,899	\$ 947,271,366	\$ 526,422,639	\$ 477,009,746	\$ 1,525,321,538	\$ 1,424,281,112					

By far the largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional \$150.4 million of the City's net position at June 30, 2024 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position of \$114.4 million may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors, subject to the restrictions of the fund.

Pension and OPEB liabilities have decreased primarily related to the valuation of plan assets at June 30, 2024 compared to June 30, 2023. Other liabilities have decreased from 2023 to 2024 due a decrease in unearned revenue from American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding that was recognized in the current fiscal year.

### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

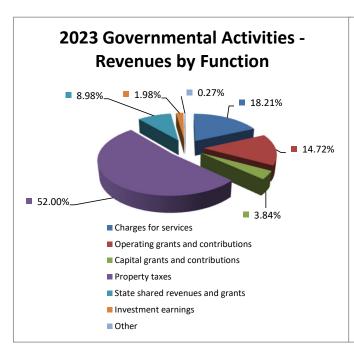
	Change in Net Position							
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	tal		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Revenues								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 37,764,738	\$ 36,267,794	\$ 89,485,366	\$ 91,632,826	\$ 127,250,104	\$ 127,900,620		
Operating grants	31,700,749	29,319,053	176,577	-	31,877,326	29,319,053		
Capital grants	5,250,621	7,642,938	956,821	-	6,207,442	7,642,938		
General revenues:								
Property taxes	117,707,814	103,575,647	16,561,936	15,522,511	134,269,750	119,098,158		
State shared revenues								
and grants	15,578,058	17,894,383	-	-	15,578,058	17,894,383		
Investment earnings	12,656,180	3,950,479	9,430,428	2,336,896	22,086,608	6,287,375		
Other	2,768,017	534,630	56,800	21,759	2,824,817	556,389		
Total revenues	223,426,177	199,184,924	116,667,928	109,513,992	340,094,105	308,698,916		
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
General government	16,934,540	16,786,947			16,934,540	16,786,947		
Public safety	45,857,101	48,124,880	_	_	45,857,101	48,124,880		
Public works	46,282,400	31,716,206		_	46,282,400	31,716,206		
Community/economic	40,202,400	31,710,200	-	-	40,202,400	31,710,200		
development	21 600 000	10 500 184		-	21 600 000	10 500 104		
Culture and recreation	21,690,080	10,599,184	-	-	21,690,080	10,599,184 21,130,037		
	17,704,057	21,130,037	-	-	17,704,057	, ,		
Public transportation	13,728,350	12,911,467	-	-	13,728,350	12,911,467		
Interest on long-term	2 402 020	2 245 540			2 402 020	2 245 540		
liabilities	3,102,038	3,245,518	-	-	3,102,038	3,245,518		
Business-type activities:			25 247 245	20.002.445	25 247 245	20 002 445		
Water	-	-	25,347,315	20,902,115	25,347,315	20,902,115		
Sewer	-	-	22,739,865	21,588,195	22,739,865	21,588,195		
Parking	-	-	1,629,794	1,661,660	1,629,794	1,661,660		
Airport	-	-	1,027,821	818,222	1,027,821	818,222		
Stormwater	-	-	8,216,726	9,288,550	8,216,726	9,288,550		
Solid waste	-	-	14,514,784	17,059,032	14,514,784	17,059,032		
Technology fiber			278,808	·	278,808	<del></del>		
Total expenses	165,298,566	144,514,239	73,755,113	71,317,774	239,053,679	215,832,013		
Change in net position								
before transfers	58,127,611	54,670,685	42,912,815	38,196,218	101,040,426	92,866,903		
Transfers	(6,500,078)	(5,317,462)	6,500,078	5,317,462	-	-		
Change in net position	51,627,533	49,353,223	49,412,893	43,513,680	101,040,426	92,866,903		
Net position:			· •		•	•		
Beginning of year	947,271,366	897,918,143	477,009,746	433,496,066	1,424,281,112	1,331,414,209		
End of year	\$ 998,898,899	\$ 947,271,366	\$ 526,422,639	\$ 477,009,746	\$ 1,525,321,538	\$ 1,424,281,112		

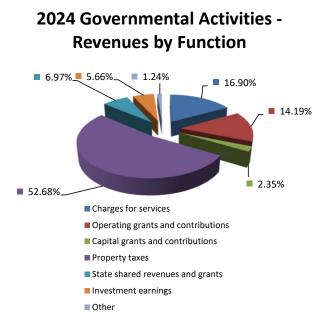
#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

The City's net position increased by \$101.0 million during the current fiscal year and \$92.9 million in the prior fiscal year.

Governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$51.6 million. During the previous fiscal year, governmental activities increased by \$49.4 million. Key elements impacting this change are as follows:

- Investment gains for fiscal year 2024 were \$12.7 million compared to fiscal year 2023 investment income of \$4.0 million. The City holds all investments to maturity but holdings are valued at fair market value as of June 30th of each fiscal year end. This change in fair value amounts to \$8.7 million of additional revenue compared to prior year results.
- . State shared revenues seemingly decreased by 12.9% however this was due to a change in how revenue from the state is accounted for and recorded. This one time adjustment in fiscal year 2023 aligned the City with other local governments in the state.
- Program revenue increased by \$1.5 million in fiscal year 2024 compared to fiscal year 2023 for governmental activities. This was due primarily to the receipt of additional charges for services and operating grants.

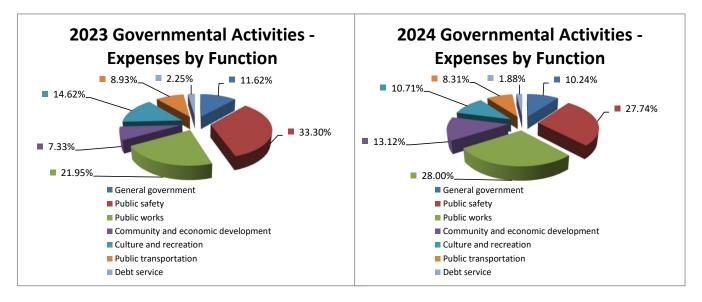




#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

Expenses for governmental activities increased \$20.8 million from 2023 to 2024. Key elements are as follows:

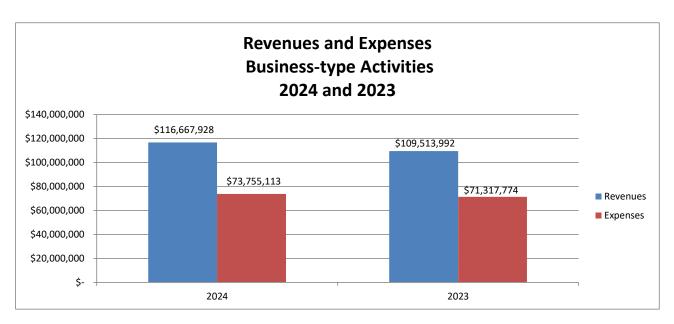
- Significant investments in community development and affordable housing were made in the current fiscal year. American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding provided for investments in an election center, solar at City facilities, an ambulance, and replacement of the Gallup Park bridge.
- Public works expenditures increased in the current fiscal year with significant investments for the rehabilitation and widening of the bridge at East Medical Center Drive, annual street resurfacing projects, and preventative capital road maintenance.



Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$49.4 million. During the previous fiscal year, business-type activities increased by \$43.5 million. Key elements impacting this change are as follows:

. Investment gains were \$2.3 million for fiscal year 2023 compared to the current year's investment income of \$9.4 million. The City holds all investments to maturity but holdings are valued at fair market value as of June 30th of each fiscal year end. This change in fair value amounts to \$7.1 million of additional revenue compared to prior year results.

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**



#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$150.6 million at June 30, 2024 versus \$147.3 million at June 30, 2023, an increase of \$3.3 million.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current and prior fiscal years, unassigned fund balance was \$25.9 million and \$26.8 million respectively. Liquidity can be measured by comparing unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 23.7% of total general fund expenditures at June 30, 2024. This equates to about 2.8 months of expense coverage and indicates an appropriate level of unassigned funding. The general fund fund balance increased by \$6.7 million during the current fiscal year in comparison to an increase of \$8.2 million during the prior fiscal year. Additional revenues caused this large increase and relate to:

- . Tax revenues increased \$4.6 million, or 5.6% compared to the prior fiscal year.
- . Investment income increased by \$2.9 million over the prior fiscal year.

The street repair millage fund balance decreased by \$3.2 million in fiscal year 2024 primarily due to spending down bond funds. In fiscal year 2022, \$15 million in bonds were issued for the purpose of citywide road improvements, with approximately \$6 million being allocated to this fund. Large projects and increased capital outlay occurred during fiscal year 2024, leading to an increased use of fund balance. Bond spending on capital projects will continue into fiscal year 2025. Total current fund balance of \$14.9 million is restricted for construction projects.

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

**Proprietary funds.** The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities, but in more detail.

The combined net position of the water supply system, sewage disposal system, parking system, airport, stormwater sewer system, solid waste, and technology fiber was \$514.5 million. The combined increase of these proprietary funds was \$48.6 million. The parking system had a decrease in net position of \$1.2 million as it continues to see a slower than expected return to normal, pre-pandemic levels. Overall the usage of services provided by the city increased during the fiscal year, hence an increase in charges for services as well as expenses related to providing those additional services.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Actual expenditures came in under budget in many categories. This was primarily due to personnel costs coming in under budget, particularly medical expenditures. This savings, coupled with better than expected revenue collections, resulted in the addition of \$6.7 million in fund balance for fiscal year 2024. Intergovernmental revenues came in well over budget by \$3.4 million. This was primarily due to additional state shared revenue in the current year, as well as marijuana revenue collections being higher than anticipated. Investment earnings came in over budget by \$3.2 million due to the change in market value.

Significant changes from the original to final budget was an increase of \$6.2 million for the sale of capital assets related to the sale of land, an increase of \$3.7 million in capital outlay, and an increase of \$5.3 million in transfers out.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2024 was \$1,505,769,716 compared to \$1,460,493,931 at June 30, 2023 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles, intangible assets, infrastructure, and lease and subscription assets.

The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 3.10% compared to an increase of 3.06% in fiscal year 2023. Construction in progress increased significantly under business type-activities. This is primarily due to the numerous water projects going on and this trend is expected to continue into the foreseeable future. Equipment has also increased on the governmental activities side due to investments in cleaner and renewable energy. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be located in the notes to the financial statements.

	Capital Assets (net of depreciation/amortization)													
	Gover	<b>Governmental Activities</b>				Business-type Activities				Total				
	2024			2023		2023		2024	2024 2023		2024			2023
Land	\$ 572,529	,383	\$	576,838,832	\$	7,461,349	\$	7,461,349	\$	579,990,732	\$	584,300,181		
Construction in progress	37,810	,458		39,234,994		113,792,222		83,254,983		151,602,680		122,489,977		
Land improvements	21,644	,610		19,514,836		312,067,068		298,389,119		333,711,678		317,903,955		
Infrastructure	232,844	,536		219,913,702		-		-		232,844,536		219,913,702		
Buildings, additions,														
and improvements	108,575	,180		112,628,283		82,362,225		86,401,250		190,937,405		199,029,533		
Machinery and equipment	3,66	,371		3,359,273		1,602,856		1,923,265		5,267,227		5,282,538		
Vehicles	10,209	,360		9,945,942		155,885		82,219		10,365,245		10,028,161		
Lease equipment														
and buildings	492	,349		610,512		-		-		492,349		610,512		
Subscription assets	55	,864		935,372		-		-		557,864		935,372		
	-													
Total capital assets, net	\$ 988,32	,111	\$	982,981,746	\$	517,441,605	\$	477,512,185	\$1	,505,769,716	\$1	,460,493,931		

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total debt outstanding of \$271,649,558. Of that amount, \$88,810,000 comprises general obligation debt. The remainder of the City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds), revolving loans, drain notes, financed purchases, unamortized bond premiums and discounts, and compensated absences.

The City's total debt decreased by \$29,481,095 or 9.8% during the fiscal year, primarily due to regular payments on debt obligations. A summary of the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

	Long-term Debt								
	Government	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total				
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023			
General obligation bonds	\$ 87,915,000	\$ 101,024,000	\$ 895,000	\$ 1,180,000	\$ 88,810,000	\$ 102,204,000			
Revenue bonds	-	-	55,385,000	61,240,000	55,385,000	61,240,000			
Revolving loans	-	-	96,248,300	102,621,280	96,248,300	102,621,280			
Drain notes	-	-	12,439,153	13,540,731	12,439,153	13,540,731			
Installment purchase									
agreements	307,833	467,545	-	-	307,833	467,545			
Deferred amounts:									
For issuance premiums	3,827,537	4,178,118	665,595	764,701	4,493,132	4,942,819			
For issuance discounts	(83,429)	(90,448)	-	-	(83,429)	(90,448)			
Compensated absences	11,617,775	14,380,485	2,431,794	1,824,241 14,049,569		16,204,726			
			·						
Long-term Debt	\$ 103,584,716	\$ 119,959,700	\$ 168,064,842	\$ 181,170,953	\$ 271,649,558 \$ 301,130				

State statutes limit the amount of the general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$997,818,680, which significantly exceeds the City's outstanding general obligation debt.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The following factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for fiscal year 2025:

- Tax revenues are forecasted to grow modestly per estimated change in taxable value from the City Assessor. The other revenue sources are forecasted for moderate increases into future years.
- · Personnel costs are forecasted to grow approximately 3% each year for inflation and fringes are anticipated to increase approximately 6%. The remaining expenditures are forecasted with known increases/decreases based on projected operations with minimal increases based on inflation for future years.

#### **Contacting the City's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, requests for additional financial information or complete financial statements of the individual component units should be addressed to the City of Ann Arbor Financial and Administrative Services-Accounting Services, 301 East Huron Street, P.O. Box 8647, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48107-8647.

**BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

**GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

# **Statement of Net Position** June 30, 2024

	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 379,221	\$ 203,756	\$ 582,977	\$ 9,821,994
Equity in pooled cash and investments	198,258,080	129,772,446	328,030,526	1,829,742
Investments	11,041,766	50,488,627	61,530,393	32,402,558
Receivables, net	13,114,675	22,936,146	36,050,821	2,501,269
Internal balances	(11,951,139)	11,951,139	-	-
Other assets	5,084,471	962,191	6,046,662	839,759
Restricted assets, cash	9,676,337	-	9,676,337	-
Capital assets not being depreciated	610,339,841	121,253,571	731,593,412	-
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	377,988,270	396,188,034	774,176,304	8,895,887
Total assets	1,213,931,522	733,755,910	1,947,687,432	56,291,209
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred charge on refunding	1,968,352	1,413,409	3,381,761	_
Deferred pension amounts	12,120,746	2,228,426	14,349,172	44,058
Deferred OPEB amounts	14,642,735	3,850,237	18,492,972	
Total deferred outflows of resources	28,731,833	7,492,072	36,223,905	44,058
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	30,376,476	24,368,943	54,745,419	6,233,957
Unearned revenue	8,967,511	24,300,343	8,967,511	6,741,206
Bonds, notes, and other long-term liabilities	0,507,511		0,507,511	0,7 41,200
Due within one year	15,129,081	11,960,261	27,089,342	106,027
Due in more than one year	89,539,019	156,104,581	245,643,600	298,782
Other liabilities due in more than one year:	03,333,013	130,101,301	2 13,0 13,000	250,702
Net pension liability	33,159,031	6,096,361	39,255,392	53,922
Net OPEB liability	23,146,015	6,086,134	29,232,149	
Total liabilities	200,317,133	204,616,280	404,933,413	13,433,894
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred pension amounts	19,013,188	3,495,616	22,508,804	1,344
Deferred OPEB amounts	24,393,922	6,414,264	30,808,186	1,544
Deferred lease amounts	40,213	299,183	339,396	_
	,220			
Total deferred inflows of resources	43,447,323	10,209,063	53,656,386	1,344
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	895,627,939	364,917,213	1,260,545,152	8,895,887
Restricted for:				
Construction	-	15,372,159	15,372,159	-
Debt service	-	13,082,048	13,082,048	-
Equipment replacement	-	23,755,472	23,755,472	-
Endowment (non-expendable)	1,984,000	-	1,984,000	-
Highway and streets	49,727,815	-	49,727,815	-
Culture and recreation	19,526,566	-	19,526,566	-
Other purposes	26,774,062	-	26,774,062	470,028
Landfill	-	203,276	203,276	-
Unrestricted	5,258,517	109,092,471	114,350,988	33,534,114
Total net position	\$ 998,898,899	\$ 526,422,639	\$ 1,525,321,538	\$ 42,900,029

# **Statement of Activities**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Program Revenues						
			Charges		Operating Grants and	6	Capital Grants and	Net (Expense)
Functions / Programs	Expenses	1	for Services		ontributions		ontributions	Revenue
Primary government								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 16,934,540	\$	8,481,224	\$	8,344,954	\$	1,702,208	\$ 1,593,846
Public safety	45,857,101		13,625,358		95,442		38,743	(32,097,558)
Public works	46,282,400		4,087,316		20,744,155		1,403,190	(20,047,739)
Community/economic development	21,690,080		220,468		62,868		2,106,480	(19,300,264)
Culture and recreation	17,704,057		5,867,074		2,453,330		-	(9,383,653)
Public transportation	13,728,350		-		-		-	(13,728,350)
Interest on long-term liabilities	3,102,038		5,483,298		-		-	 2,381,260
Total governmental activities	 165,298,566		37,764,738		31,700,749		5,250,621	 (90,582,458)
Business-type activities:								
Water	25,347,315		34,731,553		78,451		956,821	10,419,510
Sewer	22,739,865		36,086,874		-		, -	13,347,009
Parking	1,629,794		308,601		-		-	(1,321,193)
Airport	1,027,821		1,020,430		98,126		-	90,735
Stormwater	8,216,726		15,322,479		-		-	7,105,753
Solid waste	14,514,784		1,781,420		-		-	(12,733,364)
Technology fiber	278,808		234,009		-		-	 (44,799)
Total business-type activities	73,755,113		89,485,366		176,577		956,821	16,863,651
Total business type detivities	 73,733,113		05,405,500		170,377	-	330,021	 10,803,031
Total primary government	\$ 239,053,679	\$	127,250,104	\$	31,877,326	\$	6,207,442	\$ (73,718,807)
Component units								
Ann Arbor Housing Commission	\$ 40,352,804	\$	15,028	\$	45,195,032	\$	-	\$ 4,857,256
SmartZone LDFA	5,310,286		-		-		-	(5,310,286)
Downtown Development Authority	 24,910,207		20,623,170		-		-	 (4,287,037)
Total component units	\$ 70,573,297	\$	20,638,198	\$	45,195,032	\$		\$ (4,740,067)

continued...

# **Statement of Activities**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Primary Government						
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		C	Component Units
Changes in net position Net (expense) revenue	\$	(90,582,458)	\$	16,863,651	\$	(73,718,807)	\$	(4,740,067)
General revenues:								
Property taxes		117,707,814		16,561,936		134,269,750		14,084,773
State shared revenues and grants (unrestricted)		15,578,058		-		15,578,058		-
Unrestricted investment earnings		12,656,180		9,430,428		22,086,608		1,863,126
Gain on sale of capital assets		2,198,738		56,800		2,255,538		-
Other revenues		569,279		-		569,279		259,321
Transfers - internal activities		(6,500,078)		6,500,078				=
Total general revenues and transfers		142,209,991		32,549,242		174,759,233		16,207,220
Change in net position		51,627,533		49,412,893		101,040,426		11,467,153
Net position, beginning of year		947,271,366		477,009,746		1,424,281,112		31,432,876
Net position, end of year	\$	998,898,899	\$	526,422,639	\$	1,525,321,538	\$	42,900,029

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**FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

### **Balance Sheet**

Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

		General	St	reet Repair Millage	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	378,923	\$	-	\$	-	\$	378,923
Equity in pooled cash and investments		51,229,735		14,937,745		83,638,302		149,805,782
Investments		-		5,121,135		5,920,631		11,041,766
Receivables:		124.027		44742		20.404		170 170
Taxes		124,937		14,742		30,491		170,170
Accounts, net Leases		2,039,291		1,647,284		687,571 40,213		4,374,146 40,213
Special assessments		_		54,040		40,213		54,040
Accrued interest and dividends		_		34,040		15,843		15,843
Improvement charges		_		8,642		-		8,642
Due from other governments		4,766,944		80		3,621,278		8,388,302
Inventories		72,195		-		-		72,195
Prepaid items		102,037		-		187,345		289,382
Restricted assets		, -		_		9,676,337		9,676,337
Total assets	\$	58,714,062	\$	21,783,668	\$	103,818,011	\$	184,315,741
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	2,626,291	\$	6,591,803	\$	6,120,184	\$	15,338,278
Accrued liabilities		3,363,339		39,291		509,597		3,912,227
Due to other governments		311,755		5,224		75,526		392,505
Unearned revenue		10,000		-		8,957,511		8,967,511
Deposits payable	-	2,413,763	-	180,130		539,540		3,133,433
Total liabilities		8,725,148		6,816,448		16,202,358		31,743,954
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unavailable revenue		1,178,705		62,681		718,827		1,960,213
Deferred lease amounts				-		40,213		40,213
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,178,705		62,681		759,040		2,000,426
Fund balances								
Nonspendable		174,232		-		2,171,345		2,345,577
Restricted		32,541		14,904,539		78,159,948		93,097,028
Committed		1,433,877		-		1,158,049		2,591,926
Assigned		21,299,475		-		5,367,271		26,666,746
Unassigned		25,870,084						25,870,084
Total fund balances		48,810,209		14,904,539		86,856,613	_	150,571,361
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		F0 74 4 000		24 702 555		402.040.04		404 245 746
of resources, and fund balances	\$	58,714,062	\$	21,783,668	\$	103,818,011	Ş	184,315,741

#### Reconciliation

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2024

Fund balances of governmental funds
-------------------------------------

\$ 150,571,361

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Capital assets not being depreciated	610,339,841
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	377,988,270
Less capital assets accounted for in internal service funds	(12.320.151)

Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Bonds, notes, and other long-term liabilities	(88,445,168)
Compensated absences	(11,617,775)
Unamortized bond discounts/premiums	(3,744,108)
Unamortized deferred charge on refunding	1,968,352
Accrued interest on bonds	(518,687)

Certain pension and other postemployment benefit-related amounts, such as the net pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities and deferred amounts, are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Net pension liability	(33,159,031)
Deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability	12,120,746
Deferred inflows of resources related to the net pension liability	(19,013,188)
Net OPEB liability	(23,146,015)
Deferred outflows of resources related to the net OPEB liability	14,642,735
Deferred inflows of resources related to the net OPEB liability	(24,393,922)

The focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing. Accordingly, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (such as certain receivables) are offset by deferred inflows in the governmental funds, are thus not included in fund balance.

Deferred unavailable revenue 1,960,213

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds.

Net position of governmental activities accounted for in internal service funds:

Total internal service fund net position

Internal service fund net position accounted for in business-type activities

(11,951,139)

Net position of governmental activities \$ 998,898,899

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General	Street Repair Millage	(Formerly Major Fund) Major Grants	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 73,746,835	\$ 14,433,556		\$ 29,527,423	\$ 117,707,814
Licenses, permits, and registrations	3,040,173	-		8,662,343	11,702,516
Intergovernmental	19,332,435	21,705		28,873,313	48,227,453
Charges for services	11,263,506	1,785,695		6,975,574	20,024,775
Fines and forfeits	3,478,966	-		64,839	3,543,805
Investment earnings	4,248,396	1,008,150		5,046,731	10,303,277
Rentals	879,843	-		-	879,843
Contributions and donations	88,050	3,095,259		421,965	3,605,274
Other	1,031,939	149,444		475,143	1,656,526
Total revenues	117,110,143	20,493,809		80,047,331	217,651,283
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	19,233,486	-		6,717,258	25,950,744
Public safety	51,608,568	-		5,568,077	57,176,645
Public works	4,998,087	5,248,013		13,553,622	23,799,722
Community/economic development	3,846,016	-		18,891,756	22,737,772
Culture and recreation	10,676,053	-		7,922,024	18,598,077
Public transportation	13,728,350	-		-	13,728,350
Capital outlay	4,858,564	18,207,313		14,397,601	37,463,478
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	_		13,218,585	13,218,585
Interest and fiscal charges				3,301,586	3,301,586
Total expenditures	108,949,124	23,455,326		83,570,509	215,974,959
Revenues over (under) expenditures	8,161,019	(2,961,517)		(3,523,178)	1,676,324
Other financing sources (uses)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	6,200,000	-		-	6,200,000
Transfers in	1,047,773	9,168,325		15,820,164	26,036,262
Transfers out	(8,662,801)	(9,360,926)		(12,610,235)	(30,633,962)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,415,028)	(192,601)		3,209,929	1,602,300
Net change in fund balances	6,745,991	(3,154,118)		(313,249)	3,278,624
Fund balances, beginning of year, as previously reported Changes within the reporting entity	42,064,218	18,058,657	\$ 651,997 (651,997)	86,517,865 651,997	147,292,737
Fund balances, beginning of year, as adjusted	42,064,218	18,058,657	\$ -	87,169,862	147,292,737
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 48,810,209	\$ 14,904,539		\$ 86,856,613	\$ 150,571,361

#### Reconciliation

Net Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances	s - total governmental funds
-----------------------------	------------------------------

\$ 3,278,624

Amounts reported for *governmental activities* in the statement of activities differs from the amounts reported in the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense.

Capital assets purchased/constructed	30,625,138
Depreciation/amortization expense	(20,812,792)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(6,536,133)
Gain on sale of capital assets	2,198,738

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.

Principal payments on bonds, notes, and other long-term liabilities

13,218,585

Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in accrued interest payable on long-term debt	64,307
Amortization of bond premium and discounts	343,562
Change in compensated absences	2,762,710
Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	(170,292)
Change in the net pension liability and related deferred amounts	14,194,261
Change in the net OPEB liability and related deferred amounts	7,345,915

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, but rather deferred to the following fiscal year. Net change in unavailable revenues

Internal service fund change in net position accounted for in business-type activities

1,223,253

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. Total change in net position of the internal service funds

4,697,571 (805,914)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 51,627,533

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 72,301,731	\$ 72,301,731	\$ 73,746,835	\$ 1,445,104
Licenses, permits, and registrations	2,470,589	2,470,589	3,040,173	569,584
Intergovernmental	15,936,046	15,936,046	19,332,435	3,396,389
Charges for services	10,478,087	10,615,087	11,263,506	648,419
Fines and forfeits	3,861,068	3,861,068	3,478,966	(382,102)
Investment earnings	1,024,080	1,024,080	4,248,396	3,224,316
Rentals	751,272	751,272	879,843	128,571
Contributions and donations	-	76,000	88,050	12,050
Other	496,903	496,903	1,031,939	535,036
Total revenues	107,319,776	107,532,776	117,110,143	9,577,367
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government:				
Mayor and council	563,216	565,361	552,253	(13,108)
Administration	3,878,584	3,707,812	3,189,742	(518,070)
Human resources	2,790,958	2,941,327	2,601,107	(340,220)
Attorney	3,140,510	3,195,961	2,960,401	(235,560)
Clerk/elections	2,264,134	2,358,265	2,020,914	(337,351)
Finance	9,159,837	9,509,114	9,090,627	(418,487)
Environmental coordination services	1,188,731	1,287,109	978,751	(308,358)
District court	5,599,252	5,401,380	5,025,904	(375,476)
Planning	1,761,053	2,204,351	2,201,400	(2,951)
Other unallocated	2,534,379	817,149	626,503	(190,646)
Municipal service charge	(10,166,628)	(10,382,428)	(10,014,116)	(368,312)
	22,714,026	21,605,401	19,233,486	(2,371,915)
Public safety:				
Police department	31,507,086	32,549,191	31,501,422	(1,047,769)
Fire department	17,924,017	18,694,636	18,634,652	(59,984)
Building department	1,381,063	1,472,978	1,472,494	(484)
	50,812,166	52,716,805	51,608,568	(1,108,237)
Public works:				
Public services	9,674,527	9,964,348	9,114,153	(850,195)
Municipal service charge	(4,178,339)	(4,278,339)	(4,116,066)	(162,273)
·	5,496,188	5,686,009	4,998,087	(687,922)

continued...

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Expenditures (concluded)				
Current (concluded):				
Community/economic development:				
Community development	\$ 8,478,761	\$ 8,634,589	\$ 8,290,199	\$ (344,390)
Municipal service charge	(4,747,348)	(4,747,348)	(4,444,183)	(303,165)
	3,731,413	3,887,241	3,846,016	(41,225)
Culture and recreation -				
Parks and recreation	10,226,644	10,747,471	10,676,053	(71,418)
Public transportation	13,778,151	13,778,151	13,728,350	(40.901)
Public transportation	15,776,131	15,776,131	15,726,550	(49,801)
Capital outlay	838,905	4,545,890	4,858,564	312,674
Total expenditures	107,597,493	112,966,968	108,949,124	(4,017,844)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(277,717)	(5,434,192)	8,161,019	13,595,211
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	6,200,000	6,200,000	-
Transfers in	1,047,794	1,047,794	1,047,773	(21)
Transfers out	(3,348,263)	(8,695,526)	(8,662,801)	(32,725)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,300,469)	(1,447,732)	(1,415,028)	32,704
Net change in fund balance	(2,578,186)	(6,881,924)	6,745,991	13,627,915
Fund balance, beginning of year	42,064,218	42,064,218	42,064,218	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 39,486,032	\$ 35,182,294	\$ 48,810,209	\$ 13,627,915

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# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual - Street Repair Millage Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ctual Over Inder) Final Budget
Revenues								0
Taxes	\$	14,229,174	\$	14,229,174	\$	14,433,556	\$	204,382
Intergovernmental	·	-	·	86,004	·	21,705	·	(64,299)
Charges for services		-		1,774,516		1,785,695		11,179
Investment earnings		513,526		513,526		1,008,150		494,624
Contributions and donations		7,835,000		7,835,000		3,095,259		(4,739,741)
Other		-		-		149,444		149,444
Total revenues		22,577,700		24,438,220		20,493,809		(3,944,411)
Expenditures								
Current - public works		31,676,004		5,577,394		5,248,013		(329,381)
Capital outlay		-		18,039,611		18,207,313		167,702
Total expenditures		31,676,004		23,617,005		23,455,326		(161,679)
rotal experiances		31,070,001		23,017,003		23,433,320		(101,073)
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(9,098,304)		821,215		(2,961,517)		(3,782,732)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		_		8,703,652		9,168,325		464,673
Transfers out		(884,694)		(9,360,926)		(9,360,926)		-
				<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>				
Total other financing sources (uses)		(884,694)		(657,274)		(192,601)		464,673
Net change in fund balance		(9,982,998)		163,941		(3,154,118)		(3,318,059)
Fund balance, beginning of year		18,058,657		18,058,657		18,058,657		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	8,075,659	\$	18,222,598	\$	14,904,539	\$	(3,318,059)

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

		Business-tv	pe Activities - Enter	rprise Funds	
	Water	Sewage	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Stormwater
	Supply	Disposal	Parking		Sewer
	System	System	System	Airport	System
ent assets:					
sh and cash equivalents	\$ 450	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30	\$ -
n pooled cash and investments ents	20,181,826	48,201,342	2,066,720	2,124,692	21,014,964
	40,503,583	9,985,044	-	-	-
	150,464				
	7,478,443	7,241,963	500	87,382	3,631,368
			-	120,399	-
nt charges	30,140	48,096	-	-	4,447
ther governments	623,018	634	-	-	1,749
	12,872	9,411	-	-	1,967
	862,875 69,843,671	29,217 65,515,707	2,067,220	2,332,503	45,849 24,700,344
	09,043,071	05,515,707	2,067,220	2,332,303	24,700,344
s:					
				470.70	
charges	131,910	267,338	-	178,784	- 32,135
t charges er governments	2,553,154	207,338	-	-	52,135
ot being depreciated	72,343,182	36,891,153	3,934,897	708,927	3,778,405
s being depreciated/amortized, net	139,296,245	202,610,535	19,306,468	968,247	25,848,668
issets	214,324,491	239,769,026	23,241,365	1,855,958	29,659,208
	284,168,162	305,284,733	25,308,585	4,188,461	54,359,552
ources					
funding	344,401	1,025,927	43,081	-	-
punts	839,426	687,325	-,	-	378,818
	1,287,111	1,314,851			639,856
es	2,470,938	3,028,103	43,081		1,018,674
ities:				_	
able	9,651,618	5,603,251	-	22,725	1,079,648
ilities rest payable	326,138 528,112	234,743 427,711	- 5,967	-	101,089 81,749
yable	202,283	427,711	3,307	-	63,267
other long-term liabilities, current	3,598,376	5,564,235	296,384	-	1,244,093
ns payable, current	-	-	-	-	-
l absences, current abilities	447,167	401,603			199,732
	14,753,694	12,231,543	302,351	22,725	2,769,578
er long-term liabilities, net of current portion	59,163,133	83,953,447	618,320	-	11,195,060
e, net of current portion	-	-	-	-	-
s, net of current portion	845,764	139,569	-	-	47,640
lity ,	2,296,440 2,034,558	1,880,333 2,078,406	-	-	1,036,342 1,011,432
25	2,034,558 64,339,895	2,078,406 88,051,755	618,320		1,011,432
	79,093,589	100,283,298	920,671	22,725	16,060,052
		100,203,298	920,671	22,725	10,000,032
ces ts	1,316,765	1,078,171	-	-	594,232
	2,144,249	2,190,462	-	-	1,065,963
		<u> </u>		299,183	
rces	3,461,014	3,268,633		299,183	1,660,195
apital assets	162,932,822	149,179,129	22,369,742	1,677,174	17,078,506
construction	15,372,159	-	-	-	-
ebt service	4,074,923	9,007,125	-	-	-
ent replacement	14,840,587	8,914,885	-	-	-
	6,864,006	37,659,766	2,061,253	2,189,379	20,579,473
	\$ 204,084,497	\$ 204,760,905	\$ 24,430,995	\$ 3,866,553	\$ 37,657,979

	Business-ty	pe Activities - Enter	rprise Funds	Governmental Activities		
	Solid Waste	Technology Fiber	Total Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds		
\$	203,276	\$ -	\$ 203,756	\$ 298		
	35,066,484	1,116,418	129,772,446	48,452,298		
	-	-	50,488,627	-		
	64.007		242.464			
	61,997	24 900	212,461 18,731,881	60 525		
	257,335	34,890	120,399	60,535		
	_	_	82,683	_		
	_	-	625,401	2,784		
	-	-	24,250	3,237,965		
	-		937,941	1,484,929		
	35,589,092	1,151,308	201,199,845	53,238,809		
	_	-	178,784	_		
	-	-	431,383	-		
	-	-	2,553,154	-		
	3,597,007	-	121,253,571	90,005		
	8,157,871		396,188,034	12,230,146		
	11,754,878		520,604,926	12,320,151		
	47,343,970	1,151,308	721,804,771	65,558,960		
		-	1,413,409	-		
	322,857	-	2,228,426	-		
	608,419		3,850,237			
	931,276		7,492,072			
	1,502,278	2,475	17,861,995	4,057,584		
	118,978	3,797	784,745	2,331		
	-	-	1,043,539	-		
	-	-	265,550	1,042,968		
	-	-	10,703,088	447,586		
	208,671	-	1 257 172	225,045		
	1,829,927	6,272	1,257,173 31,916,090	5,775,514		
	-	-	154,929,960	413,463		
	4,413,114	-	4,413,114	1,753,418		
	141,648	-	1,174,621	-		
	883,246 961,738	-	6,096,361	-		
	6,399,746		6,086,134 172,700,190	2,166,881		
		6 272				
	8,229,673	6,272	204,616,280	7,942,395		
	506,448	_	3,495,616	-		
	1,013,590	-	6,414,264	-		
	-		299,183			
	1,520,038	-	10,209,063	_		
			,,			
	11,679,840	-	364,917,213	11,459,102		
	-	-	15,372,159	-		
	-	-	13,082,048	-		
	203,276	-	23,755,472 203,276	-		
	26,642,419	1,145,036	97,141,332	46,157,463		
\$	38,525,535	\$ 1,145,036	\$ 514,471,500	\$ 57,616,565		
T	,0,000	,5,550	, ., 2,550	, -:,010,000		

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### Reconciliation

Net Position of Enterprise Funds to Net Position of Business-type Activities June 30, 2024

#### Net position of enterprise funds

\$ 514,471,500

Amounts reported for *business-type activities* in the statement of activities differs different because:

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. A portion of the net position of the internal service funds is allocated to the enterprise funds and reported in the statement of net position.

Net position of business-type activities accounted for in governmental-type internal service funds

11,951,139

Net position of business-type activities

\$ 526,422,639

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
	Water Supply System	Sewage Disposal System	Parking System	Airport	Stormwater Sewer System				
Operating revenues									
Charges for services	\$ 34,731,553	\$ 36,086,874	\$ 308,601	\$ 1,020,430	\$ 15,322,479				
On another annual and									
Operating expenses Personal services	7,154,249	4,180,318		483,427	2,533,328				
Municipal services charge	460,488	4,180,518	-	84,168	2,333,328				
Information technology charge	908,538	743,118	_	21,540	343,299				
Other operating costs	8,552,887	7,873,578	744	380,224	3,525,777				
Depreciation and amortization	6,194,860	7,173,496	1,599,406	58,462	1,165,258				
Depreciation and amortization	0,13 1,000	7,173,130	1,333,100	30,102	1,103,230				
Total operating expenses	23,271,022	20,611,058	1,600,150	1,027,821	7,831,026				
Operating income (loss)	11,460,531	15,475,816	(1,291,549)	(7,391)	7,491,453				
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)									
Property taxes	-	-	-	-	-				
Federal and state grants	1,035,272	-	-	98,126	-				
Investment earnings	3,379,386	2,968,328	97,738	101,231	1,080,175				
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	11,600	45,200	-	-	(261,240)				
Interest and fiscal charges	(2,145,764)	(2,150,990)	(29,644)	-	(312,068)				
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,280,494	862,538	68,094	199,357	506,867				
Income (loss) before contributions									
and transfers	13,741,025	16,338,354	(1,223,455)	191,966	7,998,320				
Capital contributions	-	-	-	-	-				
Transfers in	14,399,512	1,351,562	-	-	-				
Transfers out	(2,538,950)	(1,898,294)		(8,736)	(5,878,232)				
Change in net position	25,601,587	15,791,622	(1,223,455)	183,230	2,120,088				
Net position, beginning of year	178,482,910	188,969,283	25,654,450	3,683,323	35,537,891				
Net position, end of year	\$ 204,084,497	\$ 204,760,905	\$ 24,430,995	\$ 3,866,553	\$ 37,657,979				

Business-typ	G	Governmental Activities			
Solid Waste	Technology Fiber	Total Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Funds	
\$ 1,781,420	\$ 234,009	\$ 89,485,366	\$	61,404,404	
3,240,622	125,948	17,717,892		10,131,994	
391,884	-	1,840,452		1,818,660	
253,334	-	2,269,829		1,258,249	
10,201,200	152,860	30,687,270		43,585,247	
 954,396		 17,145,878		3,300,339	
 15,041,436	278,808	 69,661,321		60,094,489	
(13,260,016)	(44,799)	 19,824,045		1,309,915	
16,561,936	-	16,561,936		-	
-	-	1,133,398		-	
1,783,758	19,812	9,430,428		2,352,903	
-	-	(204,440)		336,133	
 		 (4,638,466)		(38,029)	
 18,345,694	19,812	 22,282,856		2,651,007	
5,085,678	(24,987)	42,106,901		3,960,922	
-	-	-		2,639,027	
539,608	1,170,023	17,460,705		35,184	
 (636,415)		 (10,960,627)		(1,937,562)	
4,988,871	1,145,036	48,606,979		4,697,571	
33,536,664		 465,864,521		52,918,994	
\$ 38,525,535	\$ 1,145,036	\$ 514,471,500	\$	57,616,565	

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### Reconciliation

Change in Net Position of Enterprise Funds to Change in Net Position of Business-type Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Change in net position - total enterprise funds

\$ 48,606,979

Amounts reported for *business-type activities* in the statement of activities differs from the amounts reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position because:

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management and self-insurance, to individual funds. A portion of the operating income of the internal service funds is allocated to the enterprise funds and reported in the statement of activities.

Net operating income from business-type activities accounted for in governmental-type internal service funds

805,914

Change in net position of business-type activities

\$ 49,412,893

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
		Water System		Sewage Disposal System		Parking System		Airport	S	tormwater Sewer System
Cash flow from operating activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments on behalf of employees Payments received for interfund services	\$	35,677,206 (7,410,050) (8,435,399)	\$	35,451,775 (7,240,981) (5,852,237)	\$	308,601 (744)	\$	982,792 (405,040) (483,427)	\$	15,029,442 (2,690,886) (3,359,688)
Payments needed for interfund services		(1,369,026)		(1,383,666)		-		(105,708)		(606,663)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		18,462,731		20,974,891		307,857		(11,383)		8,372,205
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Transfers in Transfers out Grants received Property taxes		14,399,512 (2,538,950) 1,035,272		1,351,562 (1,898,294) - -		- - - -		(8,736) 98,126		(5,878,232) - -
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		12,895,834		(546,732)				89,390		(5,878,232)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Capital contributions Purchase of capital assets		- (39,658,222)		- (17,251,360)		-		- (713)		- (1,387,339)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Principal paid on long-term liabilities		11,600 (3,724,450)		45,200 (8,824,671)		(285,000)		(715) - -		(1,387,339)
Interest paid on long-term liabilities Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		(1,699,178) 321,142		(2,100,888)		(37,818)		-		(319,091)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(44,749,108)		(28,131,719)		(322,818)		(713)		(2,808,009)
Cash flows from investing activities Proceeds from sale and maturities of investments Purchase of investments		- 1,546,938		120,689		-		-		-
Interest and dividends on investments		3,379,386		2,968,328		97,738		101,231		1,080,175
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		4,926,324		3,089,017		97,738		101,231		1,080,175
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(8,464,219)		(4,614,543)		82,777		178,525		766,139
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year		28,646,495		52,815,885		1,983,943		1,946,197		20,248,825
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$	20,182,276	\$	48,201,342	\$	2,066,720	\$	2,124,722	\$	21,014,964
Reconciliation to statement of net position Cash and cash equivalents Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	450 20,181,826	\$	- 48,201,342	\$	- 2,066,720	\$	30 2,124,692	\$	- 21,014,964
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	20,182,276	\$	48,201,342	\$	2,066,720	\$	2,124,722	\$	21,014,964

Business-typ	Governmental Activities			
Solid Waste	Technology Fiber	Total Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Funds
\$ 2,412,202 (9,383,578) (4,230,219) - (645,218)	\$ 199,119 13,884 (122,151)	\$ 90,061,137 (27,117,395) (22,483,121) - (4,110,281)	\$	- (48,677,887) (10,440,799) 61,404,404
(11,846,813)	90,852	36,350,340		2,285,718
539,608 (636,415) - 16,561,936	1,170,023 - - -	17,460,705 (10,960,627) 1,133,398 16,561,936		35,184 (1,937,562) - -
 16,465,129	1,170,023	 24,195,412		(1,902,378)
(1,123,212) - - - - -	(164,269) - - - -	 (59,585,115) 56,800 (13,935,700) (4,156,975) 321,142		2,639,027 (3,171,753) 336,133 (551,962) (38,029)
 (1,123,212)	(164,269)	 (77,299,848)		(786,584)
 - - 1,783,758	- - 19,812	 120,689 1,546,938 9,430,428		- - 2,352,903
 1,783,758	19,812	 11,098,055		2,352,903
5,278,862	1,116,418	(5,656,041)		1,949,659
 29,990,898		 135,632,243		46,502,937
\$ 35,269,760	\$ 1,116,418	\$ 129,976,202	\$	48,452,596
\$ 203,276 35,066,484	\$ - 1,116,418	\$ 203,756 129,772,446	\$	298 48,452,298
\$ 35,269,760	\$ 1,116,418	\$ 129,976,202	\$	48,452,596

continued...

# **Statement of Cash Flows** Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds									
					e A	tivities - Enter	pris	e runas		
		Water System		Sewage Disposal System		Parking System		Airport	St	tormwater Sewer System
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash										
provided by (used in) operating activities										
Operating income (loss)	\$	11,460,531	\$	15,475,816	\$	(1,291,549)	\$	(7,391)	\$	7,491,453
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net										
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:										
Depreciation and amortization		6,194,860		7,173,496		1,599,406		58,462		1,165,258
Changes in assets and liabilities:										
Accounts receivable		(538,833)		(664,400)		(500)		(104,426)		(343,784)
Due from other governments		1,482,833		(634)		500		-		29,855
Prepaid items		-		32,544		-		-		-
Inventories		1,653		(2,609)		-		-		20,892
Deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability		474,385		381,538		-		-		211,283
Deferred outflows of resources related to the net OPEB liability		(147,941)		(157,729)		-		-		(73,535)
Accounts payable		1,182,297		632,597		-		(24,816)		823,178
Accrued liabilities		22,604		40,831		-		-		8,875
Deposits payable		18,351		-		-		-		11,713
Due to other governments		(57,811)		-		-		-		-
Estimated claims payable		-		-		-		-		-
Accrued compensated absences		496,818		(24,273)		-		-		28,101
Net pension liability		(1,394,512)		(1,122,475)		-		-		(621,458)
Net OPEB liability		(893,047)		(895,336)		-		-		(443,982)
Deferred inflows of resources related to the net pension liability		380,189		316,211		-		-		173,567
Deferred inflows of resources related to the net OPEB liability		(219,646)		(210,686)		-		-		(109,211)
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases		<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		-		66,788		-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	18,462,731	\$	20,974,891	\$	307,857	\$	(11,383)	\$	8,372,205
Noncash capital and related financing activities Change in accounts payable related to capital asset additions	Ś	(1,387,789)	Ś	163,217	\$	_	Ś	(713)	\$	(694,754)

Business-ty <sub>l</sub>	Governmental Activities			
Solid Waste	Technology Fiber	Total Enterprise Funds		Internal Service Funds
\$ (13,260,016)	\$ (44,799)	\$ 19,824,045	\$	1,309,915
954,396	-	17,145,878		3,300,339
630,782	(34,890)	(1,056,051) 1,512,554		3,218 12,782
-	-	32,544 19,936		(1,599,298) (261,829)
180,400	-	1,247,606		-
(69,842)	-	(449,047)		-
817,622	166,744	3,597,622		(252,247)
12,995	3,797	89,102		(1,261)
-	-	30,064		81,643
-	-	(57,811)		-
(310,789)	-	(310,789)		(307,544)
106,907	-	607,553		-
(530,576)	-	(3,669,021)		-
(422,373)	-	(2,654,738)		-
147,692	-	1,017,659		-
(104,011)	-	(643,554)		-
 		 66,788		
\$ (11,846,813)	\$ 90,852	\$ 36,350,340	\$	2,285,718
\$ (164,269)	\$ (164,269)	\$ (2,248,577)	\$	_

concluded.

# **Statement of Fiduciary Net Position** Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2024

		Pension and Other	
	Private-purpose Trust Fund	Employee Benefit Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
Assets	iiust ruiiu	Trust Fullus	ruiius
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63,569
Equity in pooled cash and investments	· -	5,070,682	97,494
Investments:			
Equities	-	589,766,327	-
Fixed income	-	140,865,567	-
Other	733,292	192,439,416	-
Accrued interest and dividends	-	953,719	-
Due from the City of Ann Arbor	-	411,514	-
Capital assets being depreciated, net		288,402	
Total assets	733,292	929,795,627	161,063
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	-	4,392,210	-
Due to other governments			147,312
Total liabilities		4,392,210	147,312
Net position			
Investment in capital assets	-	288,402	-
Restricted for:			
Police and fire relief	733,292	-	-
Pension benefits	-	647,402,947	-
Other postemployment benefits	-	277,712,068	-
Individuals, organizations, and other governments			13,751
Total net position	\$ 733,292	\$ 925,403,417	\$ 13,751

### **Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position**

Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Private-purpose Trust Fund	Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
Additions			
Investment income:			
From investing activities:			
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	\$ -	\$ 72,793,076	\$ -
Interest and dividends	38,911	17,337,030	15,881
Total investment income	38,911	90,130,106	15,881
Investment management fees		(983,813)	
Net investment income from investing activities	38,911	89,146,293	15,881
From securities lending activities:			
Gross earnings	-	182,602	-
Borrower rebates paid	-	(325,322)	-
Securities lending fees		152,360	
Net investment income from securities			
lending activities		9,640	
Total net investment income	38,911	89,155,933	15,881
Contributions:			
Employer	-	33,381,961	-
Plan members		4,084,981	
Total contributions		37,466,942	<u> </u>
Taxes collected for other governments			318,420,431
Court fines, fees, and costs			1,876,090
Total additions	38,911	126,622,875	320,312,402
Deductions			
Benefits	-	60,816,916	-
Refunds	-	662,707	-
Administrative expenses	-	1,186,840	-
Payments of taxes to other governments	-	-	318,420,431
Court disbursements			1,878,220
Total deductions		62,666,463	320,298,651
Change in net position	38,911	63,956,412	13,751
Net position, beginning of year	694,381	861,447,005	
Net position, end of year	\$ 733,292	\$ 925,403,417	\$ 13,751

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**COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

# **Combining Statement of Net Position**Discretely Presented Component Units

Discretely Presented Component Units June 30, 2024

	Ann Arbor Housing Commission		SmartZone Local Development Finance Authority		Downtown Development Authority		Total
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,480	.299	\$	- \$	1,341,695	\$	9,821,994
Equity in pooled cash and investments		-	1,829,742	<u>)</u>	-		1,829,742
Investments		-		-	32,402,558		32,402,558
Receivables	1,392		145,523	3	963,585		2,501,269
Other assets		973		-	744,786		839,759
Capital assets being depreciated, net	8,895	.887					8,895,887
Total assets	18,863	,320	1,975,265	<u> </u>	35,452,624		56,291,209
Deferred outflows of resources							
Deferred pension amounts	44,	.058			-		44,058
Liabilities							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,818	534	1,201,884	l.	3,213,539		6,233,957
Unearned revenue	6,065		145,523		529,865		6,741,206
Long-term liabilities:	3,000	.0_0	0,0_0		0_0,000		0,7 .=,=00
Due within one year	76	186		_	29,841		106,027
Due in more than one year	102			_	196,613		298,782
Net pension liability	,						
(due in more than one year)	53,	922					53,922
Total liabilities	8,116	629	1,347,407	, <u> </u>	3,969,858		13,433,894
Deferred inflows of resources							
	1	244					1 244
Deferred pension amounts	1,	344			<u> </u>		1,344
Net position							
Investment in capital assets	8,895			-	-		8,895,887
Restricted	264	.396		-	205,632		470,028
Unrestricted	1,629	122	627,858	<u> </u>	31,277,134		33,534,114
Total net position	\$ 10,789	405	\$ 627,858	\$ _\$	31,482,766	\$	42,900,029

# **Combining Statement of Activities**

Discretely Presented Component Units For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			SmartZone					
	Ann		Local					
	Arbor		Development		Downtown			
	Housing		Finance		Development			
	Commission		Authority		Authority			Total
Expenses								
Housing and economic development	\$ 4	10,352,804	\$	5,310,286	\$	24,910,207	\$	70,573,297
Program revenues								
Charges for services		15,028		_		20,623,170		20,638,198
Operating grants and contributions	,	15,028		_		20,023,170		45,195,032
operating grants and contributions		+3,133,032						+3,133,032
Total program revenues		15,210,060				20,623,170		65,833,230
Net program revenues (expenses)		4,857,256		(5,310,286)		(4,287,037)		(4,740,067)
General revenues								
Property taxes		_		5,357,621		8,727,152		14,084,773
Unrestricted investment earnings		55,653		112,050		1,695,423		1,863,126
Other revenues		103,331		-		155,990		259,321
other revenues		103,331				133,330		233,321
Total general revenues		158,984		5,469,671		10,578,565		16,207,220
Change in net position		5,016,240		159,385		6,291,528		11,467,153
Net position, beginning of year		5,773,165		468,473		25,191,238		31,432,876
Net position, end of year	¢ 1	10,789,405	\$	627,858	Ś	31,482,766	\$	42,900,029
ivet position, end of year	۔ د	10,769,403	ې —	027,038	<u>ې                                      </u>	31,402,700	Ą	42,900,029

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**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Reporting Entity**

The City of Ann Arbor, Michigan (the "City") was incorporated in 1851. On April 9, 1956, a City Charter (home rule) was ratified by electors in accordance with Michigan law. The City operates under a Mayor/Council - Administrator form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police, fire, and building inspection), traffic control and street maintenance, refuse collection, water and wastewater, parks and recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, airport, urban redevelopment and housing, golf courses, and general administrative services. The component units discussed below are included in the City's financial reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units. The criteria established by the GASB (Governmental Accounting Standards Board) for determining the reporting entity includes financial accountability and whether the financial statements would be misleading if data were not included.

#### Blended Component Unit

The Ann Arbor Building Authority is presented as a blended component unit. Commissioners of the Authority are appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by City Council. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Authority is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to issue bonds to finance major capital construction by the City.

#### Discretely Presented Component Units

The component units column in the government-wide financial statements include the financial data of the City's other component units. They are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The following component units are included in the reporting entity because the primary government is financially accountable and is able to impose its will on the organizations.

Downtown Development Authority (DDA). The DDA was created to finance rehabilitation and redevelopment in the downtown area. Members of the DDA Board are appointed by the Mayor and approved by City Council. Development plans are approved by Council and Council must approve all modifications to the plans. The DDA's primary source of funding is charges for services (parking) and tax increment financing revenues. Bonds secured by those revenues are issued by the City on behalf of the DDA, which does not have the ability to issue debt. During the fiscal year, the DDA paid \$3.5 million to the City as part of an agreement between the City and DDA, wherein the DDA distributes 20% of the parking revenues to the City. Also, during the fiscal year the DDA paid \$6.0 million for debt service payments. The DDA issues separate audited financial statements.

Ann Arbor Housing Commission. The Housing Commission was created to provide low-income housing for City residents. Commissioners of the Housing Commission are appointed by the Mayor and approved by City Council. Except for the Executive Director, all employees of the Housing Commission are City employees. City Council is notified of all grant applications and any changes to contracts with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, the Commission's primary funding source. The Commission maintains its own accounting records and bank accounts. The City provides limited, special purpose financial support to the Commission, subject to request and Council approval, and is contingently liable for its debt. The Housing Commission issues separate audited financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

SmartZone Local Development Finance Authority (SmartZone LDFA). The SmartZone LDFA was established in accordance with the authority granted under Public Act 248 of 2000 by the cities of Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti in June 2002 to encourage high-tech business investment within the boundaries of the SmartZone, comprising portions of the cities of Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti, and the funding of the SmartZone through a local development financing authority. The SmartZone LDFA provides financing through a tax capture mechanism within a specific district. Presently, tax increment finance revenue is generated only within the geographic boundaries of the Ann Arbor DDA. The governing body consists of a nine-member board of directors of which six members are appointed by the Ann Arbor City Council and three members are appointed by the Ypsilanti City Council. The SmartZone LDFA operates under bylaws initially approved by the Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti City Councils. The City approves the budget and maintains the accounting records for the SmartZone LDFA. The activities for the SmartZone LDFA are accounted for in a single governmental fund.

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be requested from the City Finance Department. With respect to SmartZone LDFA, no separate financial statements are necessary as the financial activities are contained in a single fund.

#### **Fiduciary Component Units**

The City of Ann Arbor Employees' Retirement System (the "System") is a single-employer defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plan established and administered by the City through a board of trustees. Although the System is legally separate from the City, it is reported as a fiduciary component unit because the City administers the System and the System imposes a financial burden on the City.

The City of Ann Arbor Retiree Health Care Benefits Plan and Trust (the "Plan") is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan established and administered by the City through a board of trustees. Although the Plan is legally separate from the City, it is reported as a fiduciary component unit because the City administers the Plan and the Plan imposes a financial burden on the City.

Complete financial statements for each of the fiduciary component units can be obtained from the City of Ann Arbor Finance Department.

Related Organizations. The Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority (AAATA) and the Ann Arbor Economic Development Corporation (EDC) are not included in the financial reporting entity. The members of the governing board of each are appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by the City Council, but the City's accountability for these organizations does not extend beyond making these appointments. The EDC, whose purpose is to foster business development within the City and which has issued bonds bearing the City's tax-exempt status (for which the City is not contingently liable), had assets and fund balance of \$15,772 as of June 30, 2024.

#### **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period or within one year for reimbursement-based grants. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, intergovernmental revenue, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

*General fund.* This fund is the general operating fund of the City; it is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Street repair millage special revenue fund. This fund is used to account for the proceeds of a special millage to repair streets.

The government reports the following major enterprise funds:

The water supply system fund accounts for the provision of treated water to City and certain township residents.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The *sewage disposal system fund* accounts for the collection and treatment of the sewage for City and certain township residents.

The parking system fund accounts for the operations of the City's parking structures, lots and meters.

The *airport fund* accounts for the operation of the City's airport including the rental of hangars and tie-down space.

The stormwater sewer system fund accounts for the collection and disposal of the City's stormwater.

The solid waste fund accounts for the collection and disposal of the City's solid waste and recycling.

The *technology fiber fund* accounts for the operation, maintenance, and expansion of the City's fiber networks.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

*Special revenue funds* are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

The debt service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Capital projects funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The *permanent fund* accounts for monies provided by a private bequest to finance tree planting and maintenance for the Elizabeth Dean Fund. The principal amount of the bequest is to remain intact and invested. Investment earnings are used for the above stated purposes.

Internal service funds account for goods or services provided by the central stores, fleet services, information technology, project management, insurance, and the maintenance facility (the "Wheeler Center") to the service areas of the City on a charges for services basis.

The private-purpose trust fund accounts for police and fire relief.

The *pension and other employee benefits trust funds* account for the activities of the employees' retirement system and retiree health insurance plan.

The *custodial funds* are used to account for monies held by the City in a trustee capacity for individuals, private organizations, and other governments, specifically funds from district court fines and costs and property tax collections.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, *general revenues* include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenues the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation/amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Restricted net position are assets that are subject to restrictions beyond the City's control. The restrictions may be externally imposed or imposed by law. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

## **Deposits and Investments**

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Interfund balances at year-end relate to items accrued after year-end related to interfund transfers. These items are repaid immediately in the new year.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Inventories and Prepaid Items**

Inventories of materials and supplies are stated at cost using the first-in, first-out method. The cost is accounted for as an expenditure in governmental funds and an expense in the proprietary funds at the time inventories are used. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items, using the consumption method, in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Inventories and prepaid items are offset by nonspendable fund balance in governmental funds.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition cost at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives (in years):

Buildings and improvements	40-50
Improvements other than buildings	20-99
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	3-15
Intangible assets	5-20
Infrastructure	15-25

#### Leases

Lessee. The City is a lessee for a noncancellable lease of a building. The City recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments. The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price (if applicable) that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lessor. The City is a lessor for noncancellable leases of land and buildings. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide, proprietary fund and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for prepaid lease payments received at lease inception. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts. The City uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

## Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

The City has noncancellable subscription-based information technology arrangements. The City recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The City recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a subscription, the City initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the SBITA term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for subscription payments made at or before the subscription commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to subscriptions include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected SBITA payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments. The City uses the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for SBITAs. The subscription term includes the noncancellable period of the subscription. Subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price (if applicable) that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its subscription and will remeasure the subscription asset and subscription liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City reports deferred outflows of resources related to pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities as well as for the deferred charge on refunding. A deferred refunding charge results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The City accrues vacation pay, compensatory time off, severance pay for sick leave, and any salary-related payments for these compensated absences. The current obligations of all funds and the long-term obligations of proprietary funds are recorded in the respective funds. City employees are granted vacation time based on length of service. Most employees have the option of receiving compensatory time off in lieu of pay for overtime worked up to 40 hours. Sick pay is earned at the rate of one day per month, and unused sick days may be accumulated without limitation. An employee is paid, in most cases, a maximum of 960 unused sick hours and the total of any remaining accumulated hours upon retirement or death. City policy provides for payment of unused vacation and compensatory time off, but not unused sick hours, should the employee terminate their employment other than via retirement or death. Paid time off is accrued when incurred in proprietary funds and reported as a liability. For governmental funds, the current portion of the liability for compensated absences reflects only the unpaid balance of reimbursable unused leave for employees that terminated by the fiscal year end. In accordance with GAAP, for the governmental funds, in the fund financial statements, the noncurrent portion of the compensated absences are considered long-term and therefore, are not a fund liability and represents a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations. In addition to the proprietary funds, the general fund, and several nonmajor special revenue funds have been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports deferred inflows of resources related to its pension and other postemployment benefit liabilities. The governmental funds also report unavailable revenues, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Finally, the statements of net position and governmental funds balance sheets report deferred inflows related to leases. The amounts are deferred and amortized over the remaining life of the lease.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, net other postemployment benefit liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension and other postemployment benefit plans, and pension and other postemployment benefit expenses, information about the fiduciary net position of the plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **Fund Balances**

Governmental funds report *nonspendable fund balance* for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. *Restricted fund balance* is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. *Committed fund balance* is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council. A formal resolution of the City Council is required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. The City reports *assigned fund balance* for amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. City Council, by adoption of its Fund Balance Policy, designates the Chief Financial Officer as the authority to assign fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and any governmental funds reporting a deficit at year end.

When the government incurs an expenditure for purposes for which various fund balance classifications can be used, it is the government's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then committed, assigned, and finally unassigned fund balance.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make significant estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Encumbrances**

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting (under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation) is utilized in the governmental funds. Outstanding encumbrances at year-end consisted of the following: \$5,507,956 in assigned fund balance of the general fund, \$8,150,714 in restricted fund balance of the street repair millage special revenue fund, and \$26,928,767 in the restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance of the nonmajor governmental funds. The encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 2. BUDGETARY CONTROLS AND INFORMATION

The City Administrator is required by City Charter to prepare and submit an annual budget to City Council. A budget is prepared for the general fund and special revenue funds; these budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis and are adopted by City Council as required by the State of Michigan. Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental level for the general fund. The City Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general fund departments. Budgetary control for the special revenue funds is maintained at the fund level. Revisions to a department total of the general fund or to the fund total of a special revenue fund must be approved by City Council; some supplemental budgetary appropriations, of immaterial size, were necessary during the fiscal year. At the close of each year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. Any outstanding encumbrances are carried forward to the succeeding fiscal year. Annual operating plans are prepared for debt service, capital projects, enterprise, and internal service funds (i.e., those funds not legally required to have adopted budgets under State law).

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- The City uses the "target based" budgeting technique. Under this system, the City Administrator determines funding levels for each department by matching funding needs with available revenues. Targets are established based on anticipated revenues and growth in expenditures.
- In late November, each department is given a "bottom line" amount for operations. The department then determines the best way to allocate funds among expenditures to remain within the target while meeting the assigned goals.
- Department budget requests are then submitted with expenditures outlined and areas of concern identified so that adjustments can be made as needed. By allowing the departments to determine how funds are spent within the department, the operating departments have a greater ownership in how they provide services.
- The City Administrator's recommended budget is submitted to City Council at the second meeting in April. The City Council, with at least seven affirmative votes, must adopt the budget no later than the end of its second meeting in May. According to City Charter, should the City Council not adopt an amended budget, the City Administrator's recommended budget will automatically take effect as submitted.
- After the budget has been adopted, City Council may amend the budget by a concurring vote of not fewer than eight members.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. The City presents a comparison of annual budgets to actual results for all major governmental funds. Budgeted revenue amounts represent the original budget modified by Council-authorized adjustments during the year which were contingent upon new or additional revenue sources. Budgeted expenditure amounts represent original appropriations adjusted for supplemental appropriations during the year. Budgets are prepared in accordance with GAAP using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The City Administrator is authorized to transfer appropriated funds between major expenditure categories within departments. However, any revisions which alter the total appropriations of a department must be approved by City Council. For budgetary purposes, the general fund is composed of several departments. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the department level.

The City utilizes an encumbrance system as a management control technique to assist in controlling expenditures. Under this procedure, encumbrances representing purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments are closely monitored throughout the fiscal year. All appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except for certain capital projects which are approved without regard to fiscal year. For any of these projects which are under construction at year-end, the appropriations are allowed to carry forward with the amount being adopted for the current budget year.

#### 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### **Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations**

State statutes provide that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. The approved budgets of the City were adopted on a department level basis for the general fund and the fund level for the special revenue funds. Excess of expenditures or transfers out over appropriations in individual funds are as follow:

	Final Budget	Actual	Excess
General fund -			
Capital outlay	\$ 4,545,890	\$ 4,858,564	\$ 312,674
Open space endowment nonmajor			
special revenue fund	60,000	63,046	3,046

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

### 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The following is a reconciliation of deposit and investment balances as of June 30, 2024:

	Prima Governr	-	Co	mponent Units	Total
Statement of net position					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5	82,977	\$	9,821,994	\$ 10,404,971
Equity in pooled cash and investments	328,0	30,526		1,829,742	329,860,268
Investments	61,5	30,393		32,402,558	93,932,951
Restricted assets	9,6	76,337		-	9,676,337
Statement of fiduciary net position					
Cash and cash equivalents	(	63,569		-	63,569
Equity in pooled cash and investments	5,1	68,176		-	5,168,176
Investments	923,8	04,602		-	923,804,602
Total	\$ 1,328,8	56,580	\$	44,054,294	\$ 1,372,910,874
Deposits and investments					
Bank deposits (demand accounts)					\$ 13,465,788
Certificates of deposit					1,684,918
Investments in securities, mutual funds, and similar vehicl	es:				
City investment pool					402,277,139
Employees' Retirement System					645,570,387
Retiree Health Care Trust Fund					277,500,923
Downtown Development Authority					32,402,558
Cash on hand					9,161
					\$ 1,372,910,874

The City maintains an investment pool for all City funds. Each fund's portion of the investment pool is displayed on the balance sheet as "equity in pooled cash and investments." The cash resources of the pension and other employee benefit trust funds and certain component units are invested separately.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### **Deposits**

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the entity's deposits may not be returned to the government. At year-end, the carrying amount, bank balance and federal depository insurance were as follows:

	Carrying Amount		Bank Balance		Insured		Uninsured	
City cash pool  Downtown Development Authority  Housing Commission	\$	5,328,828 1,341,579 8,480,299	\$	5,141,753 1,939,528 8,495,321	\$	1,000,000 750,000 750,000	\$	4,141,753 1,189,528 7,745,321
Totals	\$	15,150,706	\$	15,576,602	\$	2,500,000	\$	13,076,602

The uninsured bank balance of \$13,076,602 was exposed to custodial credit risk as it was uninsured and uncollateralized, except that the Housing Commission's uninsured balance was collateralized with government securities having a fair value of \$652,091 as of year-end.

The City's depository policy does not specifically address this risk, although the City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits City funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

#### **Investments - City Investment Pool**

Following is a summary of the City's investments as of June 30, 2024:

U.S. treasuries	\$ 216,452,318
U.S. agencies (asset backed)	115,817,553
Michigan CLASS	69,803,992
Money market funds	203,276
Total Investments	\$ 402,277,139

Michigan statutes and City policy authorize the City to invest in U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. agency securities, federal instrumentality securities, repurchase agreements, money market accounts that limit assets of the fund to securities authorized in M.C.L. 129.91 as legal investments for a public corporation, eligible bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper, obligations of the State of Michigan or any of its political subdivisions, investment pools, and joint interlocal investment ventures.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that investment securities be held in third-party safekeeping by a designated institution and that the safekeeping agent follow the procedure of delivery vs. payment. As of June 30, 2024, none of the City's investments were exposed to risk since the securities are held in the City's name by the counterparty.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Credit Risk. The City analyzes credit risk of banking institutions and issuers of securities prior to depositing or investing City funds. State law limits investments in certain types of investments to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROS). In addition to the restrictions placed on the City by Public Act 20 of 1943, the City's investment policy further requires that banks in which the City invests public funds must have maintained an average Highline Banking Data Services Rating of 30 or better for the four most recent reporting quarters. Securities purchased by the City always conform to the rating requirements set forth in Public Act 20. As of June 30, 2024, all of the City's investments in securities of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies were rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's (S&P) and Aaa by Moody's. All of the City's investments comply with its policy regarding the types of investments it may hold.

Concentration of Credit Risk. At June 30, 2024, the investment portfolio was concentrated as follows:

Investment Type	Issuer	% of Portfolio
U.S. agencies	Federal Home Loan Bank	13.51%
U.S. agencies	Federal Farm Credit Bank	10.38%
U.S. agencies	Federal National Mortgage Association	5.50%
U.S. agencies	Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	5.48%

The City's investment policy states that the amount of investments shall not exceed the following limits in each of the categories listed below as a percentage of the total portfolio.

in Federal Instrumentality Securities
in Money Market Mutual Funds
in Prime Commercial Paper
in Certificates of Deposit
in Federal Agency Securities
in Obligations of the State of Michigan or any of its Political Subdivisions
in Investment Pools
in Joint Interlocal Investment Ventures
in Local Government Investment Pools

Tax funds collected on behalf of other taxing authorities and held pending disbursement are not subject to the diversification limits above. No more than 5% of the total portfolio shall be invested in any one issuer of commercial paper, eligible bankers acceptances or obligations of the State of Michigan or any of its political subdivisions.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

Interest Rate Risk. As of June 30, 2024, maturities of the City's debt securities were as follows:

		Investments Maturities (fair value by years)					
Investment Type	Fair Value		<1		1-5		6-10
U.S. treasuries U.S. agencies	\$ 216,452,318 115,817,553	•	9,120,121 1,968,786	\$	137,025,547 100,848,767	\$	306,650
	\$ 332,269,871	\$ 94	1,088,907	\$	237,874,314	\$	306,650

The City does not have a formal policy relating to interest rate risk. However, the City will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the smoothed fair value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity. To the extent possible, the Treasurer shall match investments with anticipated cash flow requirements. The City will not invest in securities maturing more than fifteen years from the date of purchase, and the weighted average maturity of the portfolio shall not exceed 6.5 years.

#### **Fair Value Measurements**

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs - other than quoted prices - included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include: a) quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; b) quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and c) inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, such as: (1) interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals; (2) implied volatilities and (3) credit spreads. Finally, Level 3 inputs are unobservable and are based on estimates and assumptions. These levels are determined by the City's investment managers. These are determined at the fund level based on a review of the investment's class, structure, and what kind of securities are held in funds. The investment managers will request the information from the fund manager if necessary. The City had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024.

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
U.S. treasuries U.S. agencies Money market funds	\$ -	\$ 216,452,318 115,817,553 203,276	\$ - - -	\$ 216,452,318 115,817,553 203,276
Total investments at fair value	\$ -	\$ 332,473,147	\$ -	332,473,147
Investments measured at the net asset value Michigan CLASS investment pool	e (NAV)			69,803,992
Total investments				\$ 402,277,139

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

The City holds shares or interests in investment companies whereby the fair value of the investments is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment companies as a practical expedient. The Michigan CLASS investment pool invests in U.S. treasury obligations, federal agency obligations of the U.S. government, high-grade commercial paper (rated 'A-1' or better) collateralized bank deposits, repurchase agreements (collateralized at 102% by Treasuries and agencies), and approved money-market funds. The program seeks to provide safety, liquidity, convenience, and competitive rates of return, and is designed to meet the needs of Michigan public sector investors. It purchases securities that are legally permissible under state statutes and are available for investment by Michigan counties, cities, townships, school districts, authorities, and other public agencies. The investment pool had no unfunded commitments, specific redemption frequency or redemption notice period required.

#### Investments - Employees' Retirement System

Deposits - The System does not maintain any checking or other demand/time deposit accounts. Amounts reported as cash in the statement of plan net position are composed entirely of amounts held by the City of Ann Arbor as part of its cash pool. As a result, the insured and uninsured amounts related to these accounts cannot be determined.

Investments - The Michigan Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act, Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, authorizes the System to invest in stocks, government and corporate securities, mortgages, real estate, and various other investment instruments, subject to certain limitations. The System's governing body has the responsibility and authority to oversee the investment portfolio. Various professional investment managers are contracted to assist in managing the System's investments; all investment decisions are subject to Michigan law and the investment policy established by the governing body.

Investment allocation policy - The System's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Retirement System Board of Trustees. The policy pursues an investment strategy that protects the financial health of the System and reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. System assets will be invested in the broad investment categories and asset classes to achieve the allocation targets below. Recognizing that asset returns may vary, causing fluctuations in the relative dollar value levels of assets within classes, the System may not maintain strict adherence to the targets in the short-term, but may allow the values to fluctuate within these ranges. Over the long-term, the System will strive to adhere to the given targets as financially practicable and move toward target allocations in a prudent manner consistent with its fiduciary duty.

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

The adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2024, is as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Allocation Range
Equities		
Domestic equities	36%	25% to 42%
Developed foreign equities	14%	9% to 17%
Emerging markets equities	7%	0% to 10%
Private equities	7%	0% to 10%
	64%	•
Fixed income		
Investment grade bonds	10%	6% to 22%
Private debt	7%	0% to 10%
	17%	•
Other investments		
Real estate	9%	2% to 12%
Infrastructure	7%	0% to 10%
Natural resources	3%	0% to 5%
	19%	•
Total investments	100%	

The investment allocation policy will be reviewed periodically to ensure that the objectives and constraints remain relevant. However, the Trustees recognize the need for a stable long-term policy for the System and major changes to this policy will be made only when significant developments in the circumstances, objectives or constraints of the System occur.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

*Investment Holdings.* The System's investments are held by an independent trust company. Following is a summary of the System's investments as of June 30, 2024:

Equities	Domestic	Foreign	Total	On Loan
Common stock	\$ 179,127,997	\$ 799,626	\$ 179,927,623	\$ 2,071,193
Common stock funds	65,550,857	134,041,841	199,592,698	2,071,133
Private equities	41,093,234	134,041,041	41,093,234	_
Equity mutual funds	3,559,368	1,451,739	5,011,107	_
Equity mutual funds	289,331,456	136,293,206	425,624,662	2,071,193
	289,331,430	130,293,200	423,024,002	2,071,193
Fixed income				
Government agency funds	30,697,180	-	30,697,180	-
Corporate bonds	83,319	4,801,210	4,884,529	-
Corporate bond funds	30,517,747	-	30,517,747	-
Private credit	22,306,962	-	22,306,962	-
Fixed income mutual funds	981,312	136,417	1,117,729	-
	84,586,520	4,937,627	89,524,147	
Other				
Infrastructure	5,099,873	41,797,004	46,896,877	-
Real estate funds and REITS	57,961,168	-	57,961,168	-
Real estate - private credit	6,224,734	-	6,224,734	-
Mutual funds - other	340,266	-	340,266	-
Short-term investment funds	18,860,805	-	18,860,805	-
Portfolio cash	137,728	-	137,728	-
	88,624,574	41,797,004	130,421,578	-
Total investments	\$ 462,542,550	\$ 183,027,837	\$ 645,570,387	\$ 2,071,193

Custodial Credit Risk. For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the System will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The System's investment policy requires that securities be held in trust by a third-party institution in the System's name. As such, although uninsured and unregistered, the System's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk since the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department in the System's name. Short-term investments in money market funds are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book form.

*Credit Risk.* Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments in any particular asset class may or may not be consistent with the objectives of the System. The investment policy statement specifically indicates permissible asset classes, including high yield fixed income and alternatives, in appropriate target percentages.

The System's investments in fixed income securities at June 30, 2024 were essentially in "funds" and therefore not rated.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the System's investment in a single issuer. The System's investment policy requires that no more than 5% of the total fund be invested in any one company or governmental agency.

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The System's investment policy requires a maximum term to maturity of 30 years for any single fixed income security. The System's investment policy does not address weighted average portfolio maturities.

As of June 30, 2024, the weighted average maturity of the System's corporate bonds was 5.9 years.

Inasmuch as all of the debt or fixed income securities as of June 30, 2024, except for the corporate bonds, are essentially held in funds by the portfolio managers, maturity information is not available.

Rate of Return. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on plan investments, net of investment expenses, was 10.16%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Securities Lending. A contract approved by the System's Board of Trustees, permits the System to lend its securities to broker-dealers and other entities (borrowers) for collateral that will be returned for the same securities in the future. The System's custodial trust company manages the securities lending program and receives securities, cash or irrevocable bank letters of credit as collateral. The collateral securities cannot be pledged or sold by the System unless the borrower defaults. Collateral is initially pledged at 102 percent of the smoothed fair value of the securities lent and may not fall below 100 percent during the term of the loan. There are no restrictions on the amount of securities that can be loaned.

At year end, the System has no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the System owes the borrowers exceeds the amounts the borrowers owe the System. The contract with the System's custodian requires it to indemnify the System if the borrowers fail to return the securities (and if the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent) or fail to pay the System for income distributions by the securities' issuers while the securities are on loan.

At June 30, 2024, the total collateral received from borrowers had a fair value of \$2,071,193, all of which was cash.

Fair Value Measurements. The System categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs – other than quoted prices – included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Finally, Level 3 inputs are unobservable and are based on estimates and assumptions. These levels are determined by the System's investment manager. These are determined at the fund level based on a review of the investment's class, structure, and what kind of securities are held in funds. The investment manager will request the information from the fund manager, if necessary.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

The System had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equities				
Common stock	\$ 179,927,623	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 179,927,623
Common stock funds	76,310,775	123,281,923	-	199,592,698
Private equities	-	-	41,093,234	41,093,234
Equity mutual funds	5,011,107			5,011,107
	261,249,505	123,281,923	41,093,234	425,624,662
Fixed income				
Government agency funds	-	30,697,180	-	30,697,180
Corporate bonds	-	-	4,884,529	4,884,529
Corporate bond funds	-	30,517,747	-	30,517,747
Private credit	-	-	22,306,962	22,306,962
Fixed income mutual funds	1,117,729			1,117,729
	1,117,729	61,214,927	27,191,491	89,524,147
Other				
Infrastructure	-	5,592,414	41,304,463	46,896,877
Real estate funds and REITS	-	-	57,961,168	57,961,168
Real estate - private credit	-	-	6,224,734	6,224,734
Mutual funds - other	340,266	-	-	340,266
Short-term investment funds	18,860,805	-	-	18,860,805
Portfolio cash	137,728			137,728
	19,338,799	5,592,414	105,490,365	130,421,578
Total	\$ 281,706,033	\$ 190,089,264	\$ 173,775,090	\$ 645,570,387

#### **Investments - Retiree Health Care Trust Fund**

The Retiree Health Care Trust Fund is a voluntary employee benefit association (VEBA) (hereinafter referred to as the "Plan" or "VEBA") under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Deposits - The Plan does not maintain any checking or other demand/time deposit accounts. Amounts reported as cash in the statement of plan net position are composed entirely of amounts held by the City of Ann Arbor as part of its cash pool. As a result, the insured and uninsured amounts related to these accounts cannot be determined.

Investments - The Michigan Public Employee Retirement System Investment Act, Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, authorizes the Association to invest in stocks, government and corporate securities, mortgages, real estate, and various other investment instruments, subject to certain limitations. The Association's governing body has the responsibility and authority to oversee the investment portfolio. Various professional investment managers are contracted to assist in managing the Association's investments; all investment decisions are subject to Michigan law and the investment policy established by the governing body.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

Investment Allocation Policy - The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by its Board of Trustees. The policy pursues an investment strategy that protects the financial health of the Plan and reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. Plan assets will be invested in the broad investment categories and asset classes to achieve the allocation targets following. Recognizing that asset returns may vary, causing fluctuations in the relative dollar value levels of assets within classes, the Plan may not maintain strict adherence to the targets in the short-term, but may allow the values to fluctuate within these ranges. Over the long-term, the Plan will strive to adhere to the given targets as financially practicable and move toward target allocations in a prudent manner consistent with its fiduciary duty.

The adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2024, is as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Allocation Range
Equities		
Domestic equities	33%	27% to 39%
Developed foreign equities	12%	9% to 15%
Emerging markets equities	7%	0% to 10%
Private equities	5%	0% to 8%
	57%	
Fixed income		
Investment grade bonds	10%	5% to 20%
Private debt	7%	0% to 10%
High yield bonds	4%	0% to 6%
TIPS	2%	0% to 5%
	23%	
Other investments		
Real estate	10%	2% to 12%
Infrastructure	7%	0% to 10%
Natural resources	3%	0% to 5%
	20%	
Total	100%	

The investment allocation policy will be reviewed periodically to ensure that the objectives and constraints remain relevant. However, the Trustees recognize the need for a stable long-term policy for the Plan and major changes to this policy will be made only when significant developments in the circumstances, objectives or constraints of the Plan occur.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

*Investment Holdings*. The Plan's investments are held by an independent trust company. Following is a summary of the Plan's investments as of June 30, 2024:

	Domestic		Foreign	Total		On Loan
Equities						
Common stock	\$ 62,977,633	\$	249,879	\$	63,227,512	\$ 636,240
Common stock funds	36,775,533		53,378,160		90,153,693	-
Private equities	10,760,460		-		10,760,460	 
	110,513,626		53,628,039		164,141,665	636,240
Fixed income						_
Corporate bond funds	30,233,956		-		30,233,956	-
Fixed income mutual funds	7,700,508		-		7,700,508	-
Index linked government bonds	4,621,690		-		4,621,690	-
Private credit	8,785,266		-		8,785,266	 
	51,341,420		-		51,341,420	-
Other						
Infrastructure	4,468,079		13,347,198		17,815,277	-
Real estate funds and REITS	24,892,675		-		24,892,675	-
Real estate - private credit	2,766,547		-		2,766,547	-
Short-term investment funds	16,543,339		-		16,543,339	 
	48,670,640		13,347,198		62,017,838	-
Total	\$ 210,525,686	\$	66,975,237	\$	277,500,923	\$ 636,240

Custodial Credit Risk. For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Plan's investment policy requires that securities be held in trust by a third-party institution in the Plan's name. As such, although uninsured and unregistered, the Plan's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk since the securities are held by the counterparty's trust department in the Plan's name. Short-term investments in money market funds are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book form.

*Credit Risk.* Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Investments in any particular asset class may or may not be consistent with the objectives of the Plan. The investment policy statement specifically indicates permissible asset classes, including high yield fixed income and alternatives, in appropriate target percentages.

The Plan's investments in corporate bond funds, bank loan participation and index linked government bonds (each of which are essentially funds) are not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the Plan's investment in a single issuer. The Plan's investment policy requires that no more than 5% of the total fund be invested in any one company or governmental agency.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Plan's investment policy requires a maximum term to maturity of 30 years for any single fixed income security. The Plan's investment policy does not address weighted average portfolio maturities.

As of June 30, 2024, the weighted average maturity of the Plan's corporate bonds was 6.9 years.

Inasmuch as all of the debt or fixed income securities as of June 30, 2024, except for the corporate bonds, are essentially held in funds by the portfolio managers, maturity information is not available.

Rate of Return. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on plan investments, net of investment expenses, was 10.90%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Securities Lending. A contract approved by the Plan's Board of Trustees, permits the Plan to lend its securities to broker-dealers and other entities (borrowers) for collateral that will be returned for the same securities in the future. The Plan's custodial trust company manages the securities lending program and receives securities, cash or irrevocable bank letters of credit as collateral. The collateral securities cannot be pledged or sold by the Plan unless the borrower defaults. Collateral is initially pledged at 102 percent of the market value of the securities lent and may not fall below 100 percent during the term of the loan. There are no restrictions on the amount of securities that can be loaned.

At year end, the Plan has no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the Plan owes the borrowers exceeds the amounts the borrowers owe the Plan. The contract with the Plan's custodian requires it to indemnify the Plan if the borrowers fail to return the securities (and if the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent) or fail to pay the Plan for income distributions by the securities' issuers while the securities are on loan.

At June 30, 2024, the total collateral received from borrowers had a fair value of \$636,240, all of which was cash.

Fair Value Measurements. The Plan categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs — other than quoted prices — included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Finally, Level 3 inputs are unobservable and are based on estimates and assumptions. These levels are determined by the Plan's investment manager at the fund level based on a review of the investment's class, structure, and what kind of securities are held in funds. The investment manager will request the information from the fund manager, if necessary.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

The Plan had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

		Level 1	Level 1 L		Level 3			Total
Equities								
Common stock	\$	63,227,512	\$	_	\$	_	\$	63,227,512
Common stock funds	·	31,226,133	·	58,927,560	·	-	·	90,153,693
Private equity		-		-		10,760,460		10,760,460
		94,453,645		58,927,560		10,760,460		164,141,665
Fixed income								_
Corporate bond funds		-		30,233,956		-		30,233,956
Fixed income mutual funds		-		7,700,508		-		7,700,508
Index linked government bonds		-		4,621,690		-		4,621,690
Private credit		-		-		8,785,266		8,785,266
		-		42,556,154		8,785,266		51,341,420
Other								
Infrastructure		-		4,468,079		13,347,198		17,815,277
Real estate funds and REITS		5,191,171		-		19,701,504		24,892,675
Real estate - private credit		-		-		2,766,547		2,766,547
Short-term investment funds		16,543,339		-		-		16,543,339
		21,734,510		4,468,079		35,815,249		62,017,838
Total	\$	116,188,155	\$	105,951,793	\$	55,360,975	\$	277,500,923

### **Investments - DDA Component Unit**

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. Following is a summary of the DDA's investments as of June 30, 2024:

U.S. treasuries	\$ 9,212,585
U.S. agencies	10,452,771
Municipal bonds	1,702,487
Money market funds	11,034,715
Total investments	\$ 32,402,558

For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the DDA will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The DDA's investment policy requires that investment securities be held in third-party safekeeping by a designated institution and that the safekeeping agent follow the procedure of delivery vs. payment. As of June 30, 2024, none of the DDA's investments were exposed to risk since the securities are held in the DDA's name by the counterparty. Short-term investments in money market funds are not subject to custodial credit risk.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

*Credit Risk*. The DDA's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. As of June 30, 2024, the DDA's investments in U.S. government notes and bonds and municipal bonds were as follows:

Investment	Amount		S&P Rating
U.S. treasuries	\$	9,212,585	AA+
U.S. agencies		10,452,771	AA+
Municipal bonds			
Rated bonds		242,824	AAA
Rated bonds		453,896	AA
Unrated bonds		1,005,767	N/A

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in the list of investments above. The DDA does not have an investment policy that sets specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

As of June 30, 2024, the maturities of the DDA's investments in debt securities were as follows:

		Investment Maturities (fair value by years)							
	Fair Value		Less Than 1		1-5		6-10		
U.S. treasuries U.S. agencies Municipal bonds	\$ 9,212,585 10,452,771 1,702,487	\$	5,721,065 2,978,036 -	\$	3,491,520 7,474,735 1,250,759	\$	- - 451,728		
	\$ 21,367,843	\$	8,699,101	\$	12,217,014	\$	451,728		

Fair Value. The DDA categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The DDA had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

	Level 1		1 Level 2		Level 3		Total	
U.S. treasuries U.S. agencies Municipal bonds Money market funds	\$	- - 11,034,715	\$	9,212,585 10,452,771 1,702,487	\$	- - -	\$	9,212,585 10,452,771 1,702,487 11,034,715
	\$	11,034,715	\$	21,367,843	\$		\$	32,402,558

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Concentration of Credit Risk. The DDA's investment policy does not address this risk. At June 30, 2024, the investment portfolio was concentrated as follows:

Investment Type	Issuer	% of Portfolio
Money market funds	Northern Trust	34.08%
U.S. agencies	Federal Home Loan Bank	23.97%
U.S. agencies	Federal Farm Credit Bank	5.22%

## 5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables in the governmental and business-type activities are as follows:

	Business-type Activities
24,028 \$	279,328
29,662	18,803,522
10,213	299,183
54,040	-
L5,843	-
8,642	514,066
91,086	3,178,555
18,839)	(138,508)
14,675 \$	22,936,146
'	
90,323 \$	3,163,321
	24,028 \$ 29,662 40,213 64,040 15,843 8,642 91,086 48,839)

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities					
Capital assets not being deprec	iated:				
Land	\$ 576,838,832	\$ -	\$ (4,309,449)	\$ -	\$ 572,529,383
Construction in progress	39,234,994	2,241,810		(3,666,346)	37,810,458
Total capital assets not					_
being depreciated	616,073,826	2,241,810	(4,309,449)	(3,666,346)	610,339,841
Capital assets being depreciated	d/amortized:				
Land improvements	36,741,385	-	-	3,666,346	40,407,731
Intangible assets	1,173,590	-	-	-	1,173,590
Infrastructure	420,989,996	27,529,764	(1,773,617)	-	446,746,143
Buildings, additions,					
and improvements	166,400,455	-	-	-	166,400,455
Machinery and equipment	16,799,575	1,352,722	(247,157)	-	17,905,140
Vehicles	28,003,985	2,637,843	(732,833)	-	29,908,995
Lease building (Note 11)	827,144	-	-	-	827,144
Subscription assets					
(Note 12)	1,336,660	34,752	(226,809)	-	1,144,603
Total capital assets being					
depreciated/amortized	672,272,790	31,555,081	(2,980,416)	3,666,346	704,513,801
Less accumulated depreciation/	amortization for:				
Land improvements	(17,226,549)	(1,536,572)	-	-	(18,763,121)
Intangible assets	(1,173,590)	-	-	-	(1,173,590)
Infrastructure	(201,076,294)	(14,570,984)	1,745,671	-	(213,901,607)
Buildings, additions,					
and improvements	(53,772,172)	(4,053,103)	-	-	(57,825,275)
Machinery and equipment	(13,440,302)	(1,047,624)	247,157	-	(14,240,769)
Vehicles	(18,058,043)	(2,374,425)	732,833	-	(19,699,635)
Lease building (Note 11)	(216,632)	(118,163)	-	-	(334,795)
Subscription assets					
(Note 12)	(401,288)	(412,260)	226,809		(586,739)
Total accumulated					
depreciation/amortization	(305,364,870)	(24,113,131)	2,952,470		(326,525,531)
Total capital assets being					
depreciated/amortized, net	366,907,920	7,441,950	(27,946)	3,666,346	377,988,270
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 982,981,746	\$ 9,683,760	\$ (4,337,395)	\$ -	\$ 988,328,111

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental activities functions/programs as follows:

Depreciation/amortization of governmental activities by function	
General government	\$ 659,261
Public safety	90,032
Public works	18,611,363
Culture and recreation	1,452,136
Capital assets held by the government's internal service	
are charged to various activities based on asset usage	3,300,339
Total depreciation/amortization expense - governmental activities	\$ 24,113,131

	Beginning Balance		Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities						
Capital assets not being deprec	iated:					
Land	\$ 7,461,34	9 \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,461,349
Construction in progress	83,254,98	3	56,783,619	 (261,240)	(25,985,140)	113,792,222
Total capital assets not						
being depreciated	90,716,33	2	56,783,619	 (261,240)	(25,985,140)	121,253,571
Capital assets being depreciated	d:					
Land improvements	441,829,54	3	-	-	25,985,140	467,814,683
Buildings, additions,						
and improvements	190,563,82	7	-	-	-	190,563,827
Machinery and equipment	28,735,40	4	454,222	-	-	29,189,626
Vehicles	1,383,57	1	98,697	(77,159)		1,405,109
Total capital assets being						
depreciated	662,512,34	5	552,919	 (77,159)	25,985,140	688,973,245
Less accumulated depreciation	for:					
Land improvements	(143,440,42	4)	(12,307,191)	-	-	(155,747,615)
Buildings, additions,						
and improvements	(104,162,57	7)	(4,039,025)	-	-	(108,201,602)
Machinery and equipment	(26,812,13	9)	(774,631)	-	-	(27,586,770)
Vehicles	(1,301,35	2)	(25,031)	 77,159	-	(1,249,224)
Total accumulated						
depreciation	(275,716,49	2)	(17,145,878)	 77,159		(292,785,211)
Total capital assets						
being depreciated, net	386,795,85	3	(16,592,959)		25,985,140	396,188,034
Business-type activities						
capital assets, net	\$ 477,512,18	5 Ś	40,190,660	\$ (261,240)	\$ -	\$ 517,441,605
		==	-,,	 , - , ,	<u> </u>	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Depreciation expense was charged to business-type activities functions/programs as follows:

Water supply system	\$	6,194,860
Sewage disposal system		7,173,496
Parking system		1,599,406
Airport		58,462
Stormwater sewer system		1,165,258
Solid waste		954,396
manufacture and the contraction of the contraction	<b>^</b>	47 445 070

Total depreciation expense - business-type activities \$ 17,145,878

## 7. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the governmental and business-type activities are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	19,395,862 3,914,558	\$	17,861,995 784,745
Due to other governments  Deposits payable  Accrued interest payable  Estimated claims payable		392,505 4,176,401 518,687 1,978,463		265,550 1,043,539 4,413,114
Total receivables	\$	30,376,476	\$	24,368,943

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 8. TRANSFERS AND INTERNAL BALANCES

A summary of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024, is as follows:

	Transfers In									
Transfers out		General		Street Repair Millage	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Water Supply System			Sewage Disposal System
General Street repair millage Nonmajor governmental Water supply system Sewage disposal system Airport Stormwater sewer system Solid waste Internal service	\$	292,001 670,776 - 84,996	\$	6,001,869 1,647,545 91,470 - 1,427,441	\$	8,630,881 1,466,309 4,650,439 176,201 3,564 - 6,757 219,466 666,547	\$	31,920 7,894,617 1,630,742 - 1,803,260 8,736 2,512,296 416,949 100,992	\$	- 44,428 - - 1,307,134 -
	\$	1,047,773	\$	9,168,325	\$	15,820,164	\$	14,399,512	\$	1,351,562

	Transfers In							
Transfers out		Solid Waste	1	Technology Fiber		Internal Service Funds		Total
General Street repair millage Nonmajor governmental Water supply system Sewage disposal system Airport Stormwater sewer system Solid waste Internal service	\$	- - - - - 539,608 -	\$	- - - - - - 1,170,023	\$	- - 35,184 - - - - -	\$	8,662,801 9,360,926 12,610,235 2,538,950 1,898,294 8,736 5,878,232 636,415 1,937,562
	\$	539,608	\$	1,170,023	\$	35,184	\$	43,532,151

Transfers are used to: (1) move unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; (2) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; and (3) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service funds as debt service payments become due.

Total transfers were \$43,532,151 during fiscal year 2024. Of this amount, \$8,584,998 were normal operational transfers, \$24,046,116 were project based and council-directed transfers, and \$10,901,037 were debt service transfers made during the year.

In addition, an interfund balance existed between governmental activities and business-type activities in the amount of \$11,951,139. This resulted from the allocation of a portion of internal service fund net position of governmental-type internal service funds to business-type activities.

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 9. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Litigation. Various lawsuits are pending against the City, some of which are for substantial amounts. On the basis of opinions and information furnished by the City Attorney, it is the judgment of City management that the ultimate liability, if any, resulting from such lawsuits would not materially affect the financial position of the City.

Landfill. The City owns and maintains a closed landfill in full compliance with Michigan Department of Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy (EGLE) requirements. The City had received approval for an onsite and (interim) offsite Remedial Action Plan (RAP) that has been implemented. This implementation included a slurry wall almost two miles in length enclosing most of the landfill. As part of these requirements, the City has posted a \$1,000,000 letter of credit to ensure compliance with the landfill cleanup regulations. The City is working on a final RAP and evaluating the feasibility of treating the collected landfill groundwater prior to discharge to the sanitary sewer. Treating the water onsite with discharge to surface or groundwater may reduce annual operating costs because of reduced payments for discharge to the sanitary system. Capital costs associated with the landfill cleanup were funded by a series of voter-approved bonds totaling \$28,000,000. Operating and maintenance costs for the closed landfill are funded out of the solid waste enterprise fund. A liability has been accrued in the solid waste enterprise fund. A liability has been accrued in the solid waste enterprise fund for offsite remediation in the amount of \$4,413,114. These costs will be funded through the City's earmarked solid waste (refuse collection) property tax levy. The projects to be accomplished are subject to major changes (both in the nature of the work to be accomplished and in the cost thereof) due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in regulatory requirements.

*Grants.* Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, primarily the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts to be immaterial.

Wetland Restoration. EGLE has issued a permit to the City for wetland restoration. The City was required to obtain a \$90,650 letter of credit in favor of EGLE to ensure compliance with its wetland restoration requirements. A site inspection by EGLE determined that the wetlands are beginning to conform to the conditions of the permit and authorized a 50 percent reduction in the required financial assurance. The total amount of the letter of credit is now \$45,325 and shall remain in force until the end of the monitoring period.

Michigan Tax Tribunal Cases. One of the City's major taxpayer/petitioners is appealing the 2021 - 2024 valuation of their property before the Michigan Court of Appeals. The property in question carries significant taxable value and the taxpayer/petitioner is proposing a taxable value adjustment which could reduce their taxable values between \$10 million and \$13 million per contested year. The case is currently pending before the Court of Appeals which will likely be a protracted process before a conclusion is reached. If the case is decided adversely to the City, the outcome could have a potentially significant effect on tax revenue. However, the City believes it has a strong case and will receive a favorable decision. Therefore, no liability has been accrued.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

### 10. BONDS, NOTES, AND OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

**General obligation bonds.** The government issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities.

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds are issued as 10 to 20-year serial bonds with varying amounts of principal maturing each year. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Year of	Interest	Original	Amount
Maturity	Rates	Amount	Outstanding
2032	1.75 - 3.0%	\$ 4,480,000	\$ 2,195,000
2032	2.0 - 3.75%	4,045,000	1,960,000
2034	2.0 - 3.375%	16,235,000	7,445,000
2029	2.0 - 3.0%	17,710,000	9,985,000
2035	3.0 - 3.25%	24,030,000	16,665,000
2033	3.0 - 4.0%	14,780,000	7,255,000
2035	2.25 - 4.0%	37,175,000	30,925,000
2032	3.0 - 5.0%	13,605,000	11,485,000
		\$ 132,060,000	\$ 87,915,000
2027	2.0%	\$ 2,790,000	\$ 895,000
	2032 2032 2034 2029 2035 2033 2035 2032	Maturity         Rates           2032         1.75 - 3.0%           2032         2.0 - 3.75%           2034         2.0 - 3.375%           2029         2.0 - 3.0%           2035         3.0 - 3.25%           2033         3.0 - 4.0%           2035         2.25 - 4.0%           2032         3.0 - 5.0%	Maturity         Rates         Amount           2032         1.75 - 3.0%         \$ 4,480,000           2032         2.0 - 3.75%         4,045,000           2034         2.0 - 3.375%         16,235,000           2029         2.0 - 3.0%         17,710,000           2035         3.0 - 3.25%         24,030,000           2033         3.0 - 4.0%         14,780,000           2035         2.25 - 4.0%         37,175,000           2032         3.0 - 5.0%         13,605,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	
Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal			Interest
2025	\$	8,385,000	\$	3,094,825	\$	290,000	\$	17,900
2026		8,625,000		2,826,469		300,000		12,100
2027		8,920,000		2,542,444		305,000		6,100
2028		9,225,000		2,246,668		-		-
2029		9,540,000		1,926,957		-		-
2030-2034		38,360,000		4,902,119		-		-
2035		4,860,000		181,200		-		-
		_				_		
	\$	87,915,000	\$	17,720,682	\$	895,000	\$	36,100

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

**Revenue bonds.** The government issues revenue bonds where the income derived from the acquired or constructed assets is pledged to pay debt service. Revenue bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

	Year of	Interest	Original	Amount
	Maturity	Rates	Amount	Outstanding
Business-type activities				
2016 water - refunding	2027	2.0%	\$ 16,285,000	\$ 5,455,000
2023 water	2053	4.0 - 4.125%	40,000,000	40,000,000
2016 sewer - refunding	2031	2.0 - 2.5%	19,280,000	9,930,000
Total business-type activities			\$ 75,565,000	\$ 55,385,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds (business-type activities) are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 2,170,000	\$ 1,981,805
2026	3,805,000	1,870,111
2027	3,855,000	1,785,761
2028	2,495,000	1,699,461
2029	2,605,000	1,630,252
2030-2034	8,565,000	7,160,631
2035-2039	6,235,000	5,966,250
2040-2044	7,585,000	4,615,850
2045-2049	9,240,000	2,971,450
2050-2053	 8,830,000	929,152
	 	_
	\$ 55,385,000	\$ 30,610,723

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

**Revolving loans.** The government borrows from State of Michigan revolving loan funds where the income derived from the acquired or constructed assets is pledged to pay debt service. Revolving loans currently outstanding are as follows:

	Year of Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Amount	Amount Outstanding
Business-type activities				
DWRF 7319-01	2031	2.50%	\$ 4,575,000	\$ 1,860,000
DWRF 7325-01	2030	2.50%	624,750	213,271
DWRF 7333-01	2032	2.50%	5,614,250	2,230,602
DWRF 7362-01	2034	2.50%	8,864,396	4,862,720
DWRF 7375-01	2035	2.00%	3,025,000	1,691,522
DWRF 7472-01, Series 2020	2040	2.00%	3,008,191	2,764,461
DWRF 7569-01	2044	1.875%	3,220,000	3,220,000
2012 CWRF 5441-01	2036	2.50%	34,407,832	22,640,000
2013 CWRF 5441-02	2038	2.00%	73,305,000	54,310,000
2005 SWQIF 3002-02	2025	1.625%	879,382	49,382
2006 SWQIF 3002-03	2026	1.625%	889,903	99,903
2007 SWQIF 3002-04	2027	1.625%	964,976	164,976
2008 SWQIF 3002-05	2028	2.50%	900,000	215,000
2009 SWQIF 3010-01	2029	2.50%	1,310,000	390,000
2010 SWQIF 3010-02	2030	2.50%	1,320,000	465,000
2012 SWQIF 3010-03	2032	2.50%	1,365,000	624,760
2013 SWQIF 3010-04	2033	2.50%	891,703	446,703
Total business-type activities			\$ 145,165,383	\$ 96,248,300

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revolving loans (business-type activities) are as follows:

Year Ended				
June 30,	Principal	Interest		
2025	\$ 6,900,882	\$	2,102,253	
2026	7,001,403		1,950,470	
2027	7,106,476		1,796,179	
2028	7,196,500		1,639,194	
2029	7,301,500		1,479,914	
2030-2034	36,325,556		4,974,355	
2035-2039	23,294,022		1,396,808	
2040-2044	 1,121,961		56,539	
	 <u> </u>			
	\$ 96,248,300	\$	15,395,712	

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

**Drain notes.** The government's share of the debt for drainage district projects are as follows:

	Year of	Interest	Original	Amount
Dueinage tune activities	Maturity	Rates	Amount	Outstanding
Business-type activities	2024	2.5 2.50/	\$ 2,430,000	\$ 1,430,000
2014 Allen Creek West Park Fairgrounds	2034	2.5 - 3.5%		. , ,
2006 Mallets Creek Project	2028 2031	1.625%	1,613,905	360,556
2009 Allen Creek Pioneer High School Project		2.5%	2,522,126	1,021,126
2010 Stadium Blvd phase I	2029	2.5%	165,000	50,000
2010 Stadium Blvd phase II	2032	2.5%	916,204	413,230
2010 Allen Creek West Park Project	2031	2.5%	994,635	403,620
2010 Allen Creek Sylvan Ave Project	2030	2.5%	405,000	150,000
2011 Swift Run Cistern	2032	2.5%	26,362	14,862
2011 County Farm Streambank	2032	2.5%	349,699	167,199
2011 Mallets Creek E Stadium Bridge Project	2033	2.5%	162,209	92,209
2012 Allen Creek Willard Street Project	2032	2.5%	123,819	61,319
2011 Malletts Creek Burns Park Project	2032	2.5%	1,052,556	459,439
2011 Traver Creek Cistern	2032	2.5%	182,434	83,184
2011 Allen Creek Cistern I	2032	2.5%	140,746	80,746
2011 Allen Creek Cistern II	2032	2.5%	31,261	16,761
2012 SRF Tree Planting	2033	2.5%	167,467	94,967
2012 Leslie Park Project	2033	2.5%	648,479	334,230
2013 Allen Creek Miller Ave	2034	2.0%	805,723	441,373
2013 Allen Creek Madison Ave	2034	2.0%	590,130	475,466
2013 Allen Creek Fourth Ave	2033	2.0%	175,163	90,163
2013 Allen Creek Forest Ave	2034	2.0%	211,099	111,099
2013 Huron River Infrastructure I	2034	2.0%	215,795	118,295
2014 Malletts Creek Springwater	2035	2.5%	332,447	197,602
2014 Malletts Creek Stone School	2035	2.5%	2,025,000	1,219,425
2013 Huron River Infrastructure II	2035	2.0%	278,379	168,379
2015 HRGI Geddes	2037	2.5%	1,015,000	715,000
2015 HRGI - Tree Planting	2035	2.5%	188,503	123,503
2016 Allen Creek	2037	2.5%	867,872	612,872
2016 Malletts Creek Drain	2037	2.5%	689,553	484,553
2016 HRGI - Tree Planting	2037	2.5%	205,801	135,801
2017 HRGI	2037	2.5%	292,221	222,220
2018 HRGI	2039	2.0%	365,000	220,446
2019 HRGI	2040	2.0%	288,000	224,508
Benz Creek	2041	2.0%	1,104,000	970,000
Millers Creek - Pepper Pike	2040	2.0%	815,000	675,000
			\$ 22,396,588	\$ 12,439,153

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the drain notes (business-type activities) are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 1,244,093	\$ 334,558
2026	1,164,857	265,273
2027	1,191,423	237,494
2028	1,120,771	209,807
2029	1,150,771	182,258
2030-2034	4,907,931	498,933
2035-2039	1,454,799	83,213
2040-2041	204,508	2,670
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	\$ 12,439,153	\$ 1,814,206

**Installment purchase agreement.** The City has entered into an installment purchase agreement for financing the acquisition of certain equipment. The installment purchase agreement currently outstanding is as follows:

	Year of Maturity	Interest Rates	_	Original Amount	Amount tstanding
Governmental activities Installment purchase agreement	2026	2.5%	\$	799,047	\$ 307,833

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the installment purchase agreement are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	P	rincipal	lı	nterest
2025 2026	\$	155,817 152,016	\$	11,981 15,781
	\$	307,833	\$	27,762

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

**Changes in bonds, notes and other long-term liabilities.** Bonds, notes and other long-term liabilities activity for fiscal 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	,	Additions	[	Deductions		Ending Balance		Oue Within One Year
Primary government									
Governmental activities									
General obligation bonds Installment purchase	\$ 101,024,000	\$	-	\$	(13,109,000)	\$	87,915,000	\$	8,385,000
agreements	467,545		-		(159,712)		307,833		155,817
Lease liabilities (Note 11)	639,753		-		(109,585)		530,168		116,130
Subscription liabilities (Note 12)	945,466		-		(392,250)		553,216		291,769
Deferred amounts:									
For issuance premiums	4,178,118		-		(350,581)		3,827,537		361,828
For issuance discounts	(90,448)		-		7,019		(83,429)		(7,269)
Compensated absences	14,380,485		3,063,096		(5,825,806)		11,617,775		5,825,806
Total governmental				_	/	_		_	
activities	\$ 121,544,919	\$	3,063,096	<u>Ş</u>	(19,939,915)	Ş	104,668,100	\$	15,129,081
Business-type activities									
General obligation bonds	\$ 1,180,000	\$	_	\$	(285,000)	Ś	895,000	\$	290,000
Revenue bonds	61,240,000	Ψ.	_	τ.	(5,855,000)	Ψ	55,385,000	7	2,170,000
Revolving loans	102,621,280		321,142		(6,694,122)		96,248,300		6,900,882
Drain notes	13,540,731				(1,101,578)		12,439,153		1,244,093
Deferred amounts -					(-,,,		,,		_,_ : ,, = =
For issuance premiums	764,701		_		(99,106)		665,595		98,113
Compensated absences	1,824,241		1,864,726		(1,257,173)		2,431,794		1,257,173
					(=/== : /= : = /				
Total business-type									
activities	\$ 181,170,953	\$	2,185,868	\$	(15,291,979)	\$	168,064,842	\$	11,960,261
Component unit									
Downtown Development									
Authority compensated									
absences	\$ 189,967	\$	89,610	\$	(53,123)	\$	226,454	\$	29,841
Housing Commission									
compensated absences	165,912		190,715		(178,272)		178,355		76,186
Total component unit	\$ 355,879	\$	280,325	\$	(231,395)	\$	404,809	\$	106,027

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 11. LEASES

**Lessee** - The City is involved in one agreement as a lessee that qualifies as a long-term lease agreement. Below is a summary of the nature of this agreement. This agreement qualifies as intangible, right-to-use assets and not financed purchases, as the City will not own the assets at the end of the contract term and the noncancelable term of the agreement surpasses one year.

The right-to-use asset and the related activity are included in Note 6, Capital Assets. The lease liability and related activity are presented in Note 10, Bonds, Notes, and Other Long-term Liabilities.

	Remaining Term of Agreement
Туре	
ing	5 years

The net present value of future minimum payments as of June 30, 2024, were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest
2025 2026	\$ 116,130 122,960	\$ 16,711 12,538
2027	130,087	8,121
2028	137,522	3,449
2029	 23,469	103
Total	\$ 530,168	\$ 40,922

**Lessor** - The City is involved in five agreements as a lessor that qualify as long-term lease agreements. Below is a summary of these agreements. These agreements qualify as long-term lease agreements as the City will not surrender control of the asset at the end of the term and the noncancelable term of the agreement surpasses one year. Total lease revenue for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$131,261.

	Remaining Term of Agreements
Asset Type	
Land and buildings	1-8 years

### 12. SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS

The City is involved in three arrangements that qualify as long-term subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITA"). Below is a summary of the nature of these arrangements. These arrangements qualify as intangible, right-to-use subscription assets as the City has the control of the right to use another party's IT software and the noncancelable term of the arrangement surpasses one year. The present values are discounted using an interest rate of 3.5 percent based on the City's incremental borrowing rate.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

**Asset Type** 

The right-to-use asset and the related activity are included in Note 6, Capital Assets. The subscription liability and related activity are presented in Note 10, Bonds, Notes, and Other Long-term Liabilities.

	Remaining Term of Arrangements	
	ū	
ts	1-2 years	

The net present value of future minimum payments as of June 30, 2024, were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	ı	Principal		Interest
2025 2026	\$	\$ 291,769 261,447		15,704 5,322
Total	\$	553,216	\$	21,026

#### 13. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 1969, the City established the insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risk of loss. Under this program, coverage is provided for up to a maximum of \$500,000 for each general liability claim, \$50,000 for each property damage claim, and Blue Cross Blue Shield health insurance claims. The City purchases (where coverage is available and properly priced) commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the insurance fund. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

All funds of the City participate in the insurance program and make payments to the insurance fund based on estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for incurred but not reported (IBNR) losses. The IBNR reserve was \$1,716,418 at June 30, 2024 and is included in estimated claims payable. The total estimated claims payable of \$1,978,463, of which \$225,045 is estimated to be due within one year, is reflected in the insurance fund at June 30, 2024. A liability for claims must be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the fund's claim liability amount for the last two years are summarized below:

	eginning of iscal Year Liability	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claim Payments		Balance at Fiscal Year End		
2023 2024	\$ 2,531,167 2,286,007	\$	22,187,126 27,780,403	\$	(22,432,286) (28,087,947)	\$	2,286,007 1,978,463	

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 14. PROPERTY TAXES

Each July 1, the City property tax is levied and becomes a lien on the related property, the value of which is equalized by the State of Michigan and limited by Act 415 of 1994. The City's operating tax rate levied July 1, 2023 as controlled by the Headlee Amendment, Act 415 and City Charter, was 5.7967 mills raising \$41.9 million. Other tax rates and amounts raised were as follows: employee benefits (1.9321) raising \$13.9 million, refuse collection (2.3182) raising \$16.7 million, Ann Arbor Transportation Authority (1.9321) raising \$13.9 million, street & sidewalk repair (2.0153) raising \$14.5 million, parks maintenance and repair (1.0732) raising \$7.7 million, open space and parkland preservation (0.4488) raising \$3.2 million, city sidewalk (0.1986) raising \$1.4 million, affordable housing (.9933) raising \$7.1 million, and community climate action (1.0000) raising \$7.2 million. Real and personal property located in the City as of December 31, 2022 was assessed and equalized at \$9,979,509,400, representing 50% of estimated current value. Act 415 of 1994 limits annual increases in taxable value to 5% or the Consumer Price Index, whichever is less. The 2023 taxable value on March 1, 2024, was \$7,496,077,753. Property taxes are due July 31st of each year and any delinquent real property taxes are turned over to Washtenaw County for collection the following March 1st. Delinquent personal property taxes are immaterial.

Property tax revenue of the discretely presented component units is derived pursuant to tax increment financing agreements between those entities (i.e., the DDA and SmartZone LDFA) and the various applicable taxing districts. Real and personal property taxes are levied and attached as an enforceable lien on properties located within the boundaries of the tax increment financing district. The City of Ann Arbor bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the component units. Delinquent taxes on ad valorem real property are purchased by the County of Washtenaw. Property tax revenue is recognized in the year it is levied in both the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements.

#### 15. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan administration. The City of Ann Arbor Employees' Retirement System (the "System") is a single-employer defined benefit retirement and defined contribution plan retirement plan established and administered by the City which provides pension, disability and death benefits to general, police, and firefighter employees and their beneficiaries. Cost of living adjustments may be provided to members and beneficiaries. The City Charter assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the City Council. The System issues a publicly available financial report that may be obtained by writing to City of Ann Arbor Employees' Retirement System, 532 South Maple Road, Ann Arbor, Michigan, 48103 or by calling 734-794-6710.

Management of the System is vested in the City of Ann Arbor Employees' Retirement System Board of Trustees, which consists of nine members, three are elected (representing fire, police, and general City employees), five are appointed by the City Council of the City of Ann Arbor, and one is the Chief Financial Officer of the City of Ann Arbor, who serves as ex-officio member.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

*Plan membership.* At June 30, 2023, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, System membership consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	1,177
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	105
Active members	728
Total membership	2,010

Benefits provided. The System provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits for general plan members are calculated as 2.5 percent of the member's final three-year average salary or five-year average salary depending on hire date, times the member's years of service. Benefits for public safety plan members (police and fire) are calculated as 2.75 percent of the member's final three-year average salary or five-year average salary depending on hire date, times the member's years of service. Effective January 1, 2017, the System was amended and restated to add to the existing defined benefit plan (to be called the "Traditional Retirement Plan"), a defined contribution money purchase pension plan (the "Dual Retirement Plan") which will only apply to non-union, AFSCME, and Teamsters Civilian Supervisor employees first hired or rehired on or after January 1, 2017. Employees who are members of the Dual Retirement Plan will also participate in and accrue benefits under the Traditional Retirement Plan but at a rate of accruals that is 50% of the rate of accruals for members of the Traditional Retirement Plan who were hired or rehired prior to January 1, 2017. Certain collective bargaining units may agree that newly hired or rehired members of that union will be covered by the Dual Retirement Plan on dates after January 1, 2017. The Traditional Retirement Plan and the Dual Retirement Plan are together called the City of Ann Arbor Employees' Retirement System (CAAERS).

General plan members with 20 years of service are eligible to retire at age 50 with an early retirement reduction of .333 percent for each month that retirement precedes the normal retirement date. Public safety plan members with 20 years of service are eligible to retire at age 50 with an early retirement reduction of .333 percent for each month that retirement precedes the normal retirement date.

General plan members may retire with an unreduced benefit at age 50 after 25 years of service, or age 60 with five or 10 years of service depending on hire date. Public safety plan members may retire at any age after 25 years of service or at age 55 with five or 10 years of service depending on hire date. Deferred members may retire at age 60 with five or 10 years of service depending on date of hire. All plan members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five or 10 years depending on date of hire, and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction.

A plan member who leaves City service may withdraw his or her contributions plus any accumulated interest. A withdrawal may reduce or even eliminate any future benefit payable under a deferred vested retirement.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The System offers a minimum benefit of \$9,800 adjusted by a cost of living factor each year and prorated for less than 20 years of service. For the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2023, the adjusted minimum benefit amount was \$17,344 (prorated for less than 20 years of service). In addition, annually, the Board of Trustees, in consultation with its actuary and upon receipt of the actuarial report for each fiscal year, determines whether to grant a permanent pension benefit adjustment or pay a one-time supplemental benefit based upon the amount, if any, of funds in the pension adjustment account which may be distributed to eligible retirees and beneficiaries. The aggregate cost of such benefit adjustment or supplemental benefit distribution is funded by a transfer from the pension adjustment account to the pension reserve. No pension benefit adjustment or supplemental benefit can be paid unless the amount available in the pension adjustment account is equal to or greater than 1% of the total pension payroll. The term "total pension payroll" means the total amount of pension benefits paid to retirees and beneficiaries in the prior fiscal year as reflected in the annual accuarial report.

Contributions - Traditional Plan. All plan members hired before January 1, 2017, are required to participate in the Traditional Retirement Plan administered by the System. The members of the Traditional plan are required to contribute the contribution rate of annual compensation determined by labor group contract. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the rates for 2024 were 28.9% to 41.4% of covered employee payroll. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and can be amended by the City Council. System administrative costs are financed through investment earnings.

Contributions - Dual Retirement Plan. All plan members hired after January 1, 2017, except for Ann Arbor Police Officers' Association, Command Officers' Association of Michigan, and Fire union employees, are required to participate in a hybrid pension plan (Dual Retirement Plan) administered by the System. The Dual Retirement Plan is comprised of two components: a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan.

*Net pension liability.* The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 (and rolled forward to June 30, 2024), using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 3.5 percent, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.7 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

Healthy mortality rates (both pre and post retirement) were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Tables, amount-weighted, and projected with mortality improvements using the fully generational MP-2021 projection scale from a base year of 2010. Disabled retirement mortality rates were based on the same mortality tables.

These actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2022.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

Long-term expected rate of return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation (see the discussion of the System's investment allocation policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Equities	/	/	
Domestic equities	36.00%	5.50%	1.98%
Developed foreign equities	14.00%	5.90%	0.83%
Emerging markets equities	7.00%	5.90%	0.41%
Private equities	7.00%	8.20%	0.57%
Fixed income			
Investment grade bonds	10.00%	1.90%	0.19%
Private debt	7.00%	6.20%	0.43%
Other investments			
Real estate	9.00%	5.10%	0.46%
Infrastructure	7.00%	5.10%	0.36%
Natural resources	3.00%	6.30%	0.19%
	100.0%		5.42%
Inflation			2.80%
Risk adjustments			-1.52%
			6.70%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.7 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Changes in the net pension liability. The components of the change in the net pension liability are summarized as follows:

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 668,168,811	\$ 605,610,308	\$ 62,558,503
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	10,629,199	-	10,629,199
Interest	43,594,132	-	43,594,132
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	2,435,904	-	2,435,904
Employer contributions	-	15,938,306	(15,938,306)
Employee contributions	-	3,417,591	(3,417,591)
Net investment income	-	60,864,510	(60,864,510)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(45,649,444)	(45,649,444)	-
Administrative expense	-	(716,731)	716,731
Other	-	458,670	(458,670)
Net changes	11,009,791	34,312,902	(23,303,111)
Palaura at tura 20 2024	¢ 670 170 603	ć (20 022 240	ć 20.255.202
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$ 679,178,602	\$ 639,923,210	\$ 39,255,392

Reconciliation of plan fiduciary net position. As mentioned in the contributions section above, the System modified the retirement plan in 2017 to a hybrid retirement plan that operates as both a defined contribution and benefit plan for participants. The addition of the new plan requires reconciliation of the plan fiduciary net position.

The reconciliation of the "Plan fiduciary net position per Changes in the Net Pension Liability" above and "Net position per Statement of Fiduciary Net Position" of the System at June 30, 2024, is as follows:

Plan fiduciary net position per Schedule of Changes	
in the City's Net Position and Related Ratios	\$ 639,923,210
Defined contribution plan assets	7,768,139
Net position per Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 647,691,349

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.7 percent, as well as what the City's net pension (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.7 percent) or 1percentage-point higher (7.7 percent) than the current rate:

1%	Current	1%
Decrease	Discount	Increase
(5.7%)	(6.7%)	(7.7%)

City's net pension (asset) liability

\$ 114,279,179 \$ 39,255,392 \$ (23,860,708)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Plan financial statements.

Pension expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$7,188,635. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	(	et Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$	6,581,011 7,768,161	\$ 978,502 -	\$	5,602,509 7,768,161
earnings on pension plan investments		-	21,530,302		(21,530,302)
Total	\$	14,349,172	\$ 22,508,804	\$	(8,159,632)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Net Amount			
2025	\$	(6,941,203)		
2026	•	11,332,314		
2027		(8,315,125)		
2028		(4,235,618)		
	\$	(8,159,632)		

Payable to the pension plan. At June 30, 2024, the City had no payable to the pension plan.

For governmental activities, the net pension liability is generally liquidated by the general fund.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 16. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan administration. The City of Ann Arbor Retiree Health Care Benefits Plan and Trust, a voluntary employees beneficiary association (VEBA) (hereinafter referred to as the "Plan" or "VEBA") is a single-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan established and administered by the City through a board of trustees to provide health and life benefits to eligible retirees and their beneficiaries. Plan benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the City, subject to the City's various collective bargaining agreements. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that may be obtained by writing to City of Ann Arbor Employees' Retirement System, 532 South Maple Road, Ann Arbor, Michigan, 48103 or by calling 734-794-6710.

The City of Ann Arbor Employees' Retirement System Board of Trustees consists of nine members, three are elected (representing fire, police, and general City employees), five are appointed by the City Council of the City of Ann Arbor and one is Chief Financial Officer of the City of Ann Arbor, who serves as ex-officio member.

*Plan membership.* At June 30, 2023, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, VEBA membership consisted of the following:

Retirees and surviving spouses currently covered	1,123
Vested active employees	728
Total membership	1,851

Benefits provided. The Plan provides certain healthcare and life insurance benefits for eligible retired employees and their dependents in accordance with the Ann Arbor City Code Chapter 21. Substantially all the City's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they retire directly from City employment. These and similar benefits for active employees are provided by various insurance companies. Health insurance benefits are provided through an administrative service contract under which the City reimburses the administrator for claims paid plus an administration fee. Plan benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the City, subject to the City's various collective bargaining agreements.

Contributions. The Plan is funded by actuarially determined contributions from the City, under a trust agreement established pursuant to Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code, which allows for the formation of such a plan. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City's average contribution rate was 24.8% of covered payroll. Plan members are not required to contribute to the plan.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the City are established and may be amended by the City Council. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the actuary. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the City contributed approximately \$16.3 million to the plan, including \$15.6 million for current premiums and an additional \$0.7 million to prefund benefits.

*Net OPEB liability.* The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 (and rolled forward to June 30, 2024), using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.5 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates Pre-Medicare 7.5% initial, 3.5% ultimate; post-Medicare 6.25%

initial, 3.5% ultimate.

Salary increases 4.01% to 11.11%, dependent on employee group and age Investment rate of return 6.7% net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Healthy mortality rates (both pre and post retirement) were based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Tables, amount-weighted, and projected with mortality improvements using the fully generational MP-2021 projection scale from a base year of 2010. Disabled retirement mortality rates were based on the same mortality tables.

These actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2022.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Long-term expected rate of return. The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation (see the discussion of the Plan's investment allocation policy) are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Money- Weighted Rate of Return
Equities			
Domestic equities	33.00%	5.50%	1.82%
Developed foreign equities	12.00%	5.90%	0.71%
Emerging markets equities	7.00%	5.90%	0.41%
Private equities	5.00%	8.20%	0.41%
Fixed Income			
Investment grade bonds	10.00%	1.90%	0.19%
Private debt	7.00%	6.20%	0.43%
High yield bonds	4.00%	3.90%	0.16%
TIPS	2.00%	1.80%	0.04%
Other investments			
Real estate	10.00%	5.10%	0.51%
Infrastructure	7.00%	5.10%	0.36%
Natural resources	3.00%	6.30%	0.19%
	100.0%	•	5.23%
Inflation			2.80%
Risk adjustments			-1.33%
			6.70%

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.7 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

## **Notes to Financial Statements**

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability. The components of the change in the net OPEB liability are summarized as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at June 30, 2023	\$ 291,775,386	\$ 249,832,624	\$ 41,942,762
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	2,121,325	-	2,121,325
Interest	19,097,874	-	19,097,874
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	(5,687,970)	-	(5,687,970)
Changes in assumptions	15,223,900	-	15,223,900
Employer contributions	-	16,315,925	(16,315,925)
Net investment income	-	27,538,250	(27,538,250)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(15,586,298)	(15,586,298)	-
Administrative expense	-	(388,433)	388,433
Net changes	15,168,831	27,879,444	(12,710,613)
Balances at June 30, 2024	\$ 306,944,217	\$ 277,712,068	\$ 29,232,149

The significant changes in assumptions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, were primarily related to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.7 percent, as well as what the City's net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.7 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.7 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (5.7%)	Current Discount (6.7%)	1% Increase (7.7%)
City's net OPEB (asset) liability	\$ 65,713,764	\$ 29,232,149	\$ (1,155,286)

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates, as well as what the City's net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using the healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Current Healthcare	
1%	Cost Trend	1%
Decrease	Rate	Increase
_,-		_,,

City's net OPEB (asset) liability

\$ (3,148,512) \$ 29,232,149 \$ 67,892,392

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position.* Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Plan financial statements.

*OPEB expense and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB.* For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City recognized an OPEB benefit of \$1,625,675. At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$ 15,707 18,477,265	\$ 24,770,780	\$ (24,755,073) 18,477,265
earnings on OPEB plan investments		6,037,406	(6,037,406)
Total	\$ 18,492,972	\$ 30,808,186	\$ (12,315,214)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	Net				
June 30,	Amount				
2025	\$ (11,431,657)				
2026	2,526,355				
2027	(1,664,036)				
2028	(1,745,876)				
	\$ (12,315,214)				

Payable to the OPEB plan. At June 30, 2024, the City had no payable to the OPEB plan.

For governmental activities, the net OPEB liability is generally liquidated by the general fund.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 17. PERMANENT FUND

In 1964, the City became the recipient of an endowment from Elizabeth Dean which is recorded as a permanent fund. The corpus of the trust is to remain invested and may not be liquidated in order to generate investment income. This investment income is to be used for the purchase and maintenance of trees in the City of Ann Arbor. Net appreciation on investments is not considered investment income until realized. The amount in the Elizabeth Dean fund is shown as restricted for endowment on the statement of net position. The corpus of the trust is and shall remain \$1,984,000. Fund balance at June 30, 2024 was \$2,147,363, representing the corpus of the trust and appreciation of investments from prior years. This amount is reflected in cash, equity in pooled cash, investments and accrued interest. The corpus of the trust is restricted to the limitations established by the trust and is considered nonspendable. The entire amount exceeding the corpus, \$1,984,000, is also restricted to the limitations established by the trust, but is available for expenditure and is restricted as to use.

#### **18. SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS**

As of June 30, 2024, the City had \$43,912,756 in construction commitments for various projects including water mains, resurfacing of streets, bridge reconstruction, and other road improvements. The commitments will be satisfied using millage proceeds, fund balance, and bond proceeds.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

## 19. DETAILS OF FUND BALANCE CATEGORIES AND CLASSIFICATIONS

Fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds, is as follows:

	General	Street Repair Millage	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable				
Inventories	\$ 72,195	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 72,195
Prepaid items	102,037	-	187,345	289,382
Trust corpus	· -	-	1,984,000	1,984,000
Total nonspendable	174,232	-	2,171,345	2,345,577
Restricted				
Debt service	-	-	163,789	163,789
Culture and recreation	-	-	19,437,058	19,437,058
Road maintenance and				
repairs	-	-	33,707,380	33,707,380
Road construction	-	14,904,539	-	14,904,539
Law enforcement	-	-	442,817	442,817
Community television network	-	-	4,010,597	4,010,597
Construction code	-	-	11,322,657	11,322,657
Mental health	-	-	2,025,833	2,025,833
Sidewalk construction	-	-	2,292,759	2,292,759
Affordable housing	-	-	221,558	221,558
Climate action	-	-	3,350,128	3,350,128
Grants	-	-	1,185,372	1,185,372
Opioid settlement	32,541	-		32,541
Total restricted	32,541	14,904,539	78,159,948	93,097,028
Committed				
Capital projects	1,433,877	-	-	1,433,877
Culture and recreation	-	-	121,778	121,778
Energy projects	-	-	203,070	203,070
Special assistance	-	-	100,499	100,499
Cemetery perpetual care	-	-	148,612	148,612
Alternative transportation			584,090	584,090
Total committed	1,433,877	_	1,158,049	2,591,926
Assigned				
Culture and recreation	141,803	-	-	141,803
Capital projects	-	-	5,367,271	5,367,271
Human services	169,150	-	-	169,150
Subsequent years expenditures, potential				
retirement payouts, and encumbrances	20,988,522	_		20,988,522
Total assigned	21,299,475		5,367,271	26,666,746
Unassigned	25,870,084	-	-	25,870,084
Total fund balances	\$ 48,810,209	\$ 14,904,539	\$ 86,856,613	\$ 150,571,361

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 20. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The composition of net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities
Capital assets		
Capital assets not being depreciated	\$ 610,339,841	\$ 121,253,571
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	377,988,270	396,188,034
Total capital assets	988,328,111	517,441,605
Less related debt		
General obligation bonds	87,915,000	895,000
Installment purchase agreements	307,833	-
Revenue bonds	-	55,385,000
Revolving loans	-	96,248,300
Drain notes	-	12,439,153
Unspent bond proceeds	-	(15,372,159)
Lease liabilities	530,168	-
Subscription liabilities	553,216	-
Construction related payables	1,618,199	3,676,912
Deferred amounts:		
For issuance premiums	3,827,537	665,595
For issuance discounts	(83,429)	-
Charge on refunding	(1,968,352)	(1,413,409)
	92,700,172	152,524,392
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 895,627,939	\$ 364,917,213

#### 21. OPIOID SETTLEMENT

The City is part of a \$21 billion nationwide settlement reached in July 2021 to resolve all Opioids litigation brought by states and local political subdivisions against the three largest pharmaceutical distributors: McKesson, Cardinal Health, and AmerisourceBergen (Distributors), and a \$5 billion nationwide settlement with manufacturer Janssen Pharmaceuticals, Inc. and its parent company Johnson & Johnson (Janssen). The term of the settlement varies by entity; however, the City expects to receive eighteen (18) installments from the Distributors with the first two installments being paid early in 2023 and the remaining 16 installments expected to be made annually beginning in 2024. Additionally, the City expects to receive eleven (11) installments from Janssen with the first five installments being paid early in 2023 and the remaining installments expected to be made annually beginning in 2026. The City is currently allocated approximately 0.277% of the total State of Michigan local unit settlement and the total amount of the settlement is expected to be \$736,770 and \$173,661 from the Distributors and Janssen, respectively.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

In 2022, additional settlements with pharmacies and manufacturers were announced, including CVS, Walgreens, Walmart, Allergan, and Teva, and the associated state-subdivision agreement was finalized in 2023. In 2023, additional settlements with Mallinckrodt and Meijer were announced. The term of the settlement varies by pharmacy and manufacturer; however, the City expects to receive installment payments beginning in 2024. The total amount of these settlements is expected to be \$798,030. Additional settlements with other pharmacies and manufacturers may be forthcoming as well. However, as of June 30, 2024, the amounts to be allocated to and collected by the City were not able to be determined, and as such, no amounts have been reported related to these settlements in the financial statements.

The receivable for the various settlement agreements was recorded at the net present value, using a discount rate for payments to be received subsequent to 2024 of 3%. The net present value of the combined settlement payments to be received as of June 30, 2024 is \$1,103,909.

#### 22. ADJUSTMENTS TO BEGINNING FUND BALANCE

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City had the following adjustments to beginning fund balance:

	Maj	or Grants	Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Fund balances, beginning of year, as previously reported Change within the financial reporting entity -	\$	651,997	\$ 86,517,865
Change from major to nonmajor fund		(651,997)	651,997
Fund balance, beginning of year, as adjusted	\$		\$ 87,169,862

The City previously reported the major grants special revenue fund as a major fund. This fund no longer meets the quantitative threshold for major funds in accordance with GAAP for the year ended June 30, 2024.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$ 10,629,199	\$ 10,180,055	\$ 9,923,074	\$ 10,172,596	
Interest	43,594,132	42,110,130	42,015,152	41,832,292	
Changes in benefit terms	-	(436,454)	-	-	
Differences between expected					
and actual experience	2,435,904	10,268,668	(5,613,016)	(5,188,914)	
Changes in assumptions	-	13,970,559	7,273,056	6,182,687	
Benefit payments, including refunds					
of member contributions	(45,649,444)	(44,201,468)	(42,549,302)	(40,576,348)	
Other changes					
Net change in total pension liability	11,009,791	31,891,490	11,048,964	12,422,313	
Total pension liability, beginning of year	668,168,811	636,277,321	625,228,357	612,806,044	
Total pension liability, end of year	679,178,602	668,168,811	636,277,321	625,228,357	
Plan fiduciary net position					
Employer contributions	15,938,306	14,638,512	16,255,245	15,284,295	
Employee contributions	3,417,591	3,295,342	3,222,809	3,194,016	
Net investment income (loss)	60,864,510	61,021,956	(31,380,434)	136,319,258	
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
employee contributions	(45,649,444)	(44,201,468)	(42,549,302)	(40,576,348)	
Administrative expense	(716,731)	(783,097)	(702,218)	(604,004)	
Other	458,670	464,347	78,468	(43,329)	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	34,312,902	34,435,592	(55,075,432)	113,573,888	
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning, before restatement	605,610,308	571,174,716	626,250,148	512,676,260	
Restatement for pension liability	-	-	-	-	
Restatement for net OPEB liability					
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	639,923,210	605,610,308	571,174,716	626,250,148	
City's net pension liability (asset)	\$ 39,255,392	\$ 62,558,503	\$ 65,102,605	\$ (1,021,791)	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage					
of total pension liability	94.22%	90.64%	89.77%	100.16%	
Covered payroll	\$ 65,870,440	\$ 63,136,097	\$ 62,187,947	\$ 60,232,543	
County's net pension liability (asset) as a percentage					
of covered payroll	59.59%	99.09%	104.69%	-1.70%	

The 2020 assumption changes resulted from changes in the inflation rate and wage rate assumptions and updating the mortality tables used from RP-2000 to RP-2014.

The 2021 assumption changes resulted from a decrease in the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability from 7.0% to 6.9%.

The 2022 assumption changes resulted from a decrease in the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability from 6.9% to 6.8%.

The 2023 assumption changes were primarily related to revised assumptions adopted by the Board pursuant to the five-year experience study covering the period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2022 and a decrease in the discount rate from 6.8% to 6.7%.

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,										
	2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
	0.022.476		0.702.277		0.402.000		0.000.000		0.720.000		0.760.000
\$	9,922,176 40,637,790	\$	9,783,377	\$	9,403,000	\$	8,869,000	\$	8,729,000	\$	9,760,000
	40,037,790		40,055,937		38,552,000		37,755,000		36,925,458		35,978,096
	5,221,388		(2,982,853)		15,517,000		3,488,000		(3,826,000)		279,000
	1,248,573		-		-		-		-		-
	(39,605,298)		(37,622,046)		(36,715,000)		(35,436,000)		(33,960,032)		(32,667,512)
	- 47.424.620				4,342		30,337		7,000,436		- 12 240 504
	17,424,629		9,234,415		26,761,342		14,706,337		7,868,426		13,349,584
	595,381,415		586,147,000		559,385,658		544,679,321		536,810,895		523,461,311
	333,301,413	_	300,147,000		333,363,636		344,073,321		330,810,833		323,401,311
	612,806,044		595,381,415		586,147,000		559,385,658		544,679,321		536,810,895
	14,124,165		13,621,926		13,446,000		13,253,000		13,352,412		13,091,474
	3,164,729		3,264,590		3,185,000		3,325,000		3,139,266		3,013,353
	23,143,999		30,599,351		33,235,000		54,243,000		2,434,339		20,144,251
	(39,605,298)		(37,622,046)		(36,715,000)		(35,436,000)		(33,960,032)		(32,667,512)
	(1,049,565)		(671,194)		(694,000)		(762,000)		(719,561)		(683,980)
	(1,045,505)		(29,397)		299,982		30,337		(713,301)		(003,300)
	(221,970)	_	9,163,230		12,756,982		34,653,337		(15,753,576)		2,897,586
	( //		.,,		,,		, , , , , , , , ,		( -,,,		, ,
	512,898,230		503,735,000		491,273,658		456,620,321		472,373,897		469,685,311
	-		-		-		-		-		(209,000)
					(295,640)						
	542 676 260		542 000 220		502 725 000		404 272 650		456 620 224		472 272 007
	512,676,260		512,898,230		503,735,000		491,273,658		456,620,321		472,373,897
\$	100,129,784	\$	82,483,185	\$	82,412,000	\$	68,112,000	\$	88,059,000	\$	64,436,998
Ė		_		÷		÷		<u> </u>		÷	
	83.66%		86.15%		85.94%		87.82%		83.83%		88.00%
		_								_	
\$	57,970,915	\$	57,077,636	\$	55,459,000	\$	53,583,000	\$	50,057,000	\$	49,638,000
	172.72%		144.51%		148.60%		127.11%		175.92%		129.81%
	1/2./2/0		144.51/0		140.00/0		12/.11/0		1/3.32/0		123.01/0

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Contributions

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2015	\$ 12,327,000	\$ 13,091,474	\$ (764,474)	\$ 49,638,000	26.4%
2016	12,233,000	13,352,412	(1,119,412)	50,057,000	26.7%
2017	11,348,853	13,253,000	(1,904,147)	53,583,000	24.7%
2018	11,757,000	13,446,000	(1,689,000)	55,459,000	24.2%
2019	13,464,778	13,621,926	(157,148)	57,077,636	23.9%
2020	14,092,966	14,124,165	(31,199)	57,970,915	24.4%
2021	15,251,454	15,284,295	(32,841)	60,232,543	25.4%
2022	16,125,556	16,255,245	(129,689)	62,187,947	26.1%
2023	14,301,037	14,638,512	(337,475)	63,136,097	23.2%
2024	15,428,435	15,938,306	(509,871)	65,870,440	24.2%

#### **Notes to Schedule of Contributions**

Valuation date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30 that is 12 months

prior to the beginning of the fiscal year for which the contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Remaining amortization period 19 years closed until 15 years at which a 15-year open period is used

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed fair value

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases General: 4.0% - 7.5% Police: 5.3% - 11.0%

Fire: 5.4% - 10.8%

Investment rate of return 6.7% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition

Mortality rates RP-2014 Health Employees and Annuitants, adjusted back to 2006,

Generational Under Projection Scale MP-2017

## Required Supplementary Information Employees' Retirement System

Schedule of Investment Returns

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Annual Return <sup>(1)</sup>
2015	4.35%
2016	0.50%
2017	11.93%
2018	7.02%
2019	6.07%
2020	4.45%
2021	26.74%
2022	-5.19%
2023	10.80%
2024	10.16%

<sup>(1)</sup> Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses

#### Required Supplementary Information

Retiree Healthcare Benefits Plan Schedule of Changes in City's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost	\$ 2,121,325	\$ 2,309,072	\$ 2,721,983	\$ 3,070,762	
Interest on total OPEB liability	19,097,874	19,800,931	21,291,056	19,890,079	
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	29,557	
Difference between expected and					
actual experience	(5,687,970)	(26,065,585)	(28,294,707)	1,826,175	
Changes in assumptions	15,223,900	12,844,344	779,616	13,556,526	
Benefit payments	(15,586,298)	(14,298,012)	(13,036,696)	(14,516,628)	
Other changes					
Net change in total OPEB liability	15,168,831	(5,409,250)	(16,538,748)	23,856,471	
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year	291,775,386	297,184,636	313,723,384	289,866,913	
Total OPEB liability, end of year	306,944,217	291,775,386	297,184,636	313,723,384	
Plan fiduciary net position					
Employer contributions	16,315,925	15,340,861	13,797,260	15,625,495	
Net investment income (loss)	27,538,250	22,698,183	(18,590,756)	49,728,641	
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
employee contributions	(15,586,298)	(14,298,012)	(13,036,696)	(14,516,628)	
Administrative expense	(388,433)	(266,413)	(156,737)	(142,053)	
Other					
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	27,879,444	23,474,619	(17,986,929)	50,695,455	
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year	249,832,624	226,358,005	244,344,934	193,649,479	
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	277,712,068	249,832,624	226,358,005	244,344,934	
City's net OPEB liability	\$ 29,232,149	\$ 41,942,762	\$ 70,826,631	\$ 69,378,450	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage					
of total OPEB liability	90.48%	85.62%	76.17%	77.89%	
Covered payroll	\$ 65,870,440	\$ 63,136,097	\$ 62,187,947	\$ 60,232,543	
Net OPEB liability as a percentage					
of covered payroll	44.38%	66.43%	113.89%	115.18%	

Note: GASB 74 was implemented in fiscal year 2017. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

The 2019 assumption changes resulted from changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

The 2020 assumption changes resulted from changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.

The 2021 assumption changes resulted from a decrease in the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.9% and updating the mortality tables used from RP-2000 to RP-2014.

The 2022 assumption changes resulted from changes in the healthcare cost trend rate and a decrease in the discount rate from 6.9% to 6.8%.

The 2023 assumption changes were primarily related to revised assumptions adopted by the Board pursuant to the five-year experience study covering the period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2022 and a decrease in the discount rate from 6.8% to 6.7%.

The 2024 assumption changes were primarily related to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate.

	Fiscal Year En	ded June 30,	
2020	2019	2018	2017
\$ 2,169,920	\$ 2,623,066	\$ 3,331,000	\$ 3,071,000
\$ 2,169,920 20,212,994	\$ 2,623,066 17,926,505	\$ 3,331,000 17,099,000	\$ 3,071,000 17,058,000
-	17,320,303	17,055,000	17,038,000
8,453,222	23,161,053	-	-
(22,907,010)	1,500,000	-	-
(11,468,614)	(13,171,224)	(14,273,000)	(13,207,000)
(353)		1,181,354	
(3,539,841)	32,039,400	7,338,354	6,922,000
293,406,754	261,367,354	254,029,000	247,107,000
289,866,913	293,406,754	261,367,354	254,029,000
12,241,536	15,987,768	17,724,000	16,667,000
6,722,726	11,824,566	11,114,000	17,225,000
5,: ==,: =5	,,	, ,,,,,,,	,,
(11,468,614)	(13,171,224)	(14,273,000)	(13,207,000)
(177,731)	(116,902)	(97,000)	(130,000)
		354	
7,317,917	14,524,208	14,468,354	20,555,000
186,331,562	171,807,354	157,339,000	136,784,000
			.==
193,649,479	186,331,562	171,807,354	157,339,000
\$ 96,217,434	\$ 107,075,192	\$ 89,560,000	\$ 96,690,000
+	+	+ 30,000,000	+
66.81%	95.24%	65.73%	61.94%
\$ 57,970,915	\$ 57,077,636	\$ 55,459,000	\$ 53,583,000
165.98%	48.58%	161.49%	180.45%

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Retiree Healthcare Benefits Plan Schedule of Contributions

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Actual Contributions as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2017	\$ 11,168,000	\$ 16,667,000	\$ (5,499,000)	\$ 53,583,000	31.1%
2018	9,683,000	17,724,000	(8,041,000)	55,459,000	32.0%
2019	9,234,000	15,987,768	(6,753,768)	57,077,636	28.0%
2020	12,129,387	12,241,536	(112,149)	57,970,915	21.1%
2021	11,663,630	15,625,495	(3,961,865)	60,232,543	25.9%
2022	13,001,479	13,797,260	(795,781)	62,187,947	22.2%
2023	9,403,669	15,340,861	(5,937,192)	63,136,097	24.3%
2024	7,085,771	16,315,925	(9,230,154)	65,870,440	24.8%

Note: GASB 74 was implemented in fiscal year 2017. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

#### **Notes to Schedule of Contributions**

Valuation date Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30 that is 12 months

prior to the beginning of the fiscal year for which the contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Remaining amortization period 18 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed fair value

Wage inflation 3.5%

Salary increases 3.5% average including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.7% net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of

eligibility condition

Mortality rates Post-Retirement: RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Tables, projected with

scale MP-2017 from a base year of 2006

Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Tables, projected with

scale MP-2017 from a base year of 2006

Healthcare cost trend rates Non-Medicare: Initial trend of 7.5% gradually decreasing to an ultimate

trend rate of 3.5% in year 12

Medicare: Initial trend of 6.25% gradually decreasing to an ultimate

trend rate of 3.5% in year 12

## **Required Supplementary Information**

Retiree Healthcare Benefits Plan Schedule of Investment Returns

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Annual Return <sup>(1)</sup>
2017	11.78%
2018	7.21%
2019	6.83%
2020	3.52%
2021	25.68%
2022	-7.69%
2023	9.94%
2024	10.90%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses

Note: GASB 74 was implemented in fiscal year 2017. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

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# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

## **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

#### **Special Revenue Funds**

Energy Projects - to account for funding of City Energy Consumption Improvement projects.

Community Television Network - to account for the costs of running the City's community access channels on the local cable television system. Revenues are derived primarily from franchise fees.

Homeland Security - to account for federal Office of Homeland Security grant money.

*Major Streets* - to account for repairs, maintenance and construction on the City's major streets. The revenues consist primarily of State-shared gasoline and weight tax collections.

Local Streets - to account for repairs, maintenance, and construction on the City's local streets. The revenues consist primarily of State-shared gasoline and weight tax collections.

Court Facilities - to account for a court fee to pay for facility improvements for the district court.

Open Space and Parkland Preservation - to account for funds derived from property tax millage and bond proceeds earmarked for parks acquisition and development rights for open space.

Bandemer - to account for rental income used to maintain and operate Bandemer Park.

Construction Code - to account for the costs of planning and development activities related to construction. Revenues are derived primarily from licenses and permits.

*Drug Enforcement* - to account for confiscated property and money related to drug law enforcement activity and provide funds for future enforcement activity.

Federal Equitable Sharing Forfeiture - to account for monies received as a result of joint operations with federal law enforcement. These monies are restricted for use in future law enforcement activities.

Parks Memorial and Contributions - to account for the proceeds of various contributions to the Parks System to erect memorials or finance special parks improvement projects.

*Metro Expansion* - to account for the monies passed through from telecom companies for the purpose of maintaining the roadway (above, below, and adjacent to) right of ways.

Special Assistance - to account for funds provided by a utility bill checkoff to provide assistance to needy citizens.

Open Space Endowment - to account for funds allotted for the perpetual care of lands purchased with the City's Open Space and Parkland Preservation millage.

continued...

## **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

#### **Special Revenue Funds (Concluded)**

Cemetery Perpetual Care - to account for the receipt and expenditures of fees paid for the perpetual care of gravesites at the City-owned Fairview Cemetery.

Alternative Transportation - to account for funding set aside for the City's alternative transportation program.

Michigan Justice Training - to account for State funds used for law enforcement training.

Parks Maintenance and Capital Improvements Millage - to account for funds derived from property tax millage earmarked for parks maintenance and capital improvements of the parks system.

County Mental Health Millage - to account for the proceeds of a Washtenaw County special millage. The City is using the funds to provide pedestrian safety, affordable housing improvements, and climate action initiatives.

Sidewalk Construction Millage - to account for the proceeds of a special revenue millage to repair streets and sidewalks.

Affordable Housing Millage - to account for proceeds of a special revenue millage to provide for the construction, acquisition, and maintenance of affordable housing units within the City.

Climate Action Millage - to account for the proceeds of a special millage to provide community climate action within the City.

Major Grants - to account for various grant monies.

#### **Debt Service Fund**

General Debt Service - to accumulate tax revenues and transfers in for payment of principal and interest on non-bonded debt and general obligation bonds sold for various capital purposes.

#### **Capital Projects Fund**

General Capital Improvements - to account for capital project expenditures for various non-bonded improvements to certain City-owned facilities.

#### **Permanent Fund**

*Elizabeth R. Dean Trust* - to account for monies provided by a private bequest to finance tree planting and maintenance. The principal amount of the bequest is to remain intact and invested. Investment earnings are used for the above stated purposes.

## **Combining Balance Sheet**

Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue									
		Energy Projects		Community Television Network		Homeland Security		Major Streets		Local Streets
Assets										
Equity in pooled cash and investments Investments Receivables:	\$	203,070	\$	3,626,455 -	\$	387	\$	21,635,156 3,878,233	\$	4,138,949 97,161
Taxes Accounts, net Leases		-		412,084 -		- - -		- 265,253 -		-
Accrued interest and dividends		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		3,000		-		2,092,856		572,639
Prepaid items Restricted assets		<u> </u>		15,228 -				5,617 -		<u> </u>
Total assets	\$	203,070	\$	4,056,767	\$	387	\$	27,877,115	\$	4,808,749
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	1,945	\$	-	\$	1,904,401	\$	53,479
Accrued liabilities		-		28,997		-		121,386		21,187
Due to other governments		-		-		-		75,526		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable				-				539,540		-
Total liabilities		-		30,942	_	-		2,640,853		74,666
Deferred inflows of resources										
Unavailable revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Deferred lease amounts		-		-				-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources						<u> </u>				-
Fund balances										
Nonspendable		-		15,228		-		5,617		-
Restricted for:										
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		4 724 002
Road maintenance and repairs  Law enforcement		-		-		387		25,230,645		4,734,083
Other purposes		-		4,010,597		507		-		_
Committed for:				7,010,337						
Culture and recreation		-		_		-		-		_
Other purposes		203,070		-		-		-		-
Assigned for capital projects		<u> </u>								-
Total fund balances		203,070		4,025,825		387		25,236,262		4,734,083
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,	ć	202.070	ć	4.056.767	<b>,</b>	207	¢	27 077 445	¢	4 900 740
and fund balances	\$	203,070	\$	4,056,767	\$	387	Ş	27,877,115	\$	4,808,749

	Special Revenue												
	Court Facilities		Open Space & Parkland Preservation	I	Bandemer	C	Construction Code		Drug nforcement	Federal Equitable Sharing Forfeiture			Parks lemorial & ontribution
\$	11,601	\$	10,994,474	\$	121,140	\$	11,499,489	\$	44,156	\$	296,291	\$	2,279,469
	-		3,791		- 638 40,213		-		-		-		-
	- - -												- - -
\$	11,601	\$	10,998,265	\$	161,991	\$	11,499,489	\$	44,156	\$	296,291	\$	2,279,469
\$	-	\$	10,580 8,775	\$	-	\$	60,140 116,692	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	1,106 -
_	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -
			19,355		-		176,832		-				1,106
_	- -	_	-		40,213		-		-		-		-
_			-		40,213		-		-	_	-		-
	-		- 10,978,910		-		-		-		-		- - 2,278,363
	- 11,601 -				-		- - 11,322,657		- 44,156 -		- 296,291 -		
	-		-		121,778 -		-		-		-		-
	11,601		10,978,910		121,778		11,322,657		44,156		296,291		2,278,363
\$	11,601	\$	10,998,265	\$	161,991	\$	11,499,489	\$	44,156	\$	296,291	\$	2,279,469

continued...

## **Combining Balance Sheet**

Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue									
	Metro Expansion		Special Assistance		Open Space Endowment		Cemetery Perpetual Care		Alternative Transportation	
Assets										
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	3,792,203	\$	210,476	\$	1,065,289	\$	148,612	\$	633,152
Investments		-		-		-		-		-
Receivables:										
Taxes		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts, net		-		276		-		-		-
Leases Accrued interest and dividends		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items		_				_				_
Restricted assets		_		_		_		_		-
Nestricted assets										
Total assets	\$	3,792,203	\$	210,752	\$	1,065,289	\$	148,612	\$	633,152
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	46,600	\$	110,253	\$	37,050	\$	-	\$	36,456
Accrued liabilities		2,951		-		-		-		12,606
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		-				-		-
Total liabilities		49,551		110,253		37,050				49,062
Deferred inflows of resources										
Unavailable revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Deferred lease amounts		-	_	-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources				-						-
Fund balances										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for:										
Debt service		-		-		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		1,028,239		-		-
Road maintenance and repairs		3,742,652		-		-		-		-
Law enforcement		-		-		-		-		-
Other purposes Committed for:		-		-		-		-		-
Committed for: Culture and recreation										
Other purposes		-		100,499		<del>-</del>		148,612		- 584,090
Assigned for capital projects		<u> </u>		-		<u> </u>		-		-
Total fund balances		3,742,652		100,499		1,028,239		148,612		584,090
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,										
and fund balances	\$	3,792,203	\$	210,752	\$	1,065,289	\$	148,612	\$	633,152

Special Revenue												
Michigan Justice Training	(	Parks Maint & Capital Imp Millage		County Mental Health Millage	Sidewalk Construction Millage			Affordable Housing Millage		Climate Action Millage		Major Grants
\$ 90,382	\$	6,734,225 -	\$	2,525,027	\$	2,408,721	\$	256,016 -	\$	3,482,874	\$	1,655,675 -
-		9,064		-		1,638		8,190		7,808		- 3,320
- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		-		- - -		- - 881,840
-		-		<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>		166,500		9,676,337
\$ 90,382	\$	6,743,289	\$	2,525,027	\$	2,410,359	\$	264,206	\$	3,657,182	\$	12,217,172
\$ -	\$	1,648,723 106,383	\$	484,219 14,975	\$	112,177 5,423	\$	22,284 20,364	\$	107,444 33,110	\$	1,338,898 16,564
 - - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- -		- -		8,957,511 -
 		1,755,106		499,194		117,600		42,648		140,554		10,312,973
-		-		-		-		-		-		718,827
												718,827
-		-		-		-		-		166,500		-
- - -		- 4,988,183 -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -
90,382		-		- 2,025,833		- 2,292,759		- 221,558		- 3,350,128		- 1,185,372
-		-		- - -		-		- - -		-		-
90,382		4,988,183		2,025,833		2,292,759	_	221,558		3,516,628		1,185,372
\$ 90,382	\$	6,743,289	\$	2,525,027	\$	2,410,359	\$	264,206	\$	3,657,182	\$	12,217,172

continued...

## **Combining Balance Sheet**

Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Debt Service	<b>Capital Projects</b>	Permanent	
	General Debt Service	General Capital Improvements	Elizabeth R. Dean Trust	Total
Assets				
Equity in pooled cash and investments Investments Receivables:	\$ 157,789	\$ 5,408,883	\$ 218,341 1,945,237	\$ 83,638,302 5,920,631
Taxes Accounts, net Leases	6,000 -	- - -	- - -	30,491 687,571 40,213
Accrued interest and dividends  Due from other governments  Prepaid items	- - -	- 70,943 -	15,843 - -	15,843 3,621,278 187,345
Restricted assets  Total assets	- . 162.700			9,676,337
Total assets	\$ 163,789	\$ 5,479,826	\$ 2,179,421	\$ 103,818,011
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 112,371	\$ 32,058	\$ 6,120,184
Accrued liabilities  Due to other governments	-	184	-	509,597 75,526
Unearned revenue Deposits payable		-		8,957,511 539,540
Total liabilities		112,555	32,058	16,202,358
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable revenue	-	-	-	718,827
Deferred lease amounts				40,213
Total deferred inflows of resources				759,040
Fund balances Nonspendable	-	_	1,984,000	2,171,345
Restricted for: Debt service	163,789	-	-	163,789
Culture and recreation  Road maintenance and repairs	-	-	163,363 -	19,437,058 33,707,380
Law enforcement Other purposes Committed for:	-	-	-	442,817 24,408,904
Culture and recreation Other purposes	-	-	-	121,778 1,036,271
Assigned for capital projects		5,367,271		5,367,271
Total fund balances	163,789	5,367,271	2,147,363	86,856,613
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 163,789	\$ 5,479,826	\$ 2,179,421	\$ 103,818,011

concluded.

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## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue									
_	Energy Projects	Community Television Network	Homeland Security	Major Streets	Local Streets					
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Licenses, permits, and registrations	-	1,469,811	- 20 742	21,040	- 2 E71 E00					
Intergovernmental	31,659	156	38,743	13,065,975	3,571,590					
Charges for services Fines and forfeits	31,039	150	-	1,175,944	231,088					
Investment earnings	11,315	183,806	83	1,343,209	301,624					
Contributions and donations	11,515	103,000	03	150,365	301,024					
Other	_	4,769		17,236	372					
Other	·	4,703	·	17,230	372					
Total revenues	42,974	1,658,542	38,826	15,773,769	4,104,674					
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	12,612	1,428,190	-	-	-					
Public safety	-	-	38,743	-	-					
Public works	-	-	-	8,190,477	1,778,342					
Community/economic development	-	-	-	-	-					
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-					
Capital outlay	-	-	-	5,539,592	2,445					
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	-	109,585	-	-	-					
Interest and fiscal charges		20,651								
Total expenditures	12,612	1,558,426	38,743	13,730,069	1,780,787					
Revenues over (under) expenditures	30,362	100,116	83	2,043,700	2,323,887					
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	-	-	-	1,297,600	6,768					
Transfers out	(55,172)	(277,001)		(5,587,112)	(3,352,281)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	(55,172)	(277,001)		(4,289,512)	(3,345,513)					
Net change in fund balances	(24,810)	(176,885)	83	(2,245,812)	(1,021,626)					
Fund balances, beginning of year,										
as previously reported	227,880	4,202,710	304	27,482,074	5,755,709					
Changes within the reporting entity	-	-,202,710	-		-					
Fund balances, beginning of year,										
as adjusted	227,880	4,202,710	304	27,482,074	5,755,709					
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 203,070	\$ 4,025,825	\$ 387	\$ 25,236,262	\$ 4,734,083					

			Special Revenue			
Court Facilities	Open Space & Parkland Preservation	Bandemer	Construction Code	Drug Enforcement	Federal Equitable Sharing Forfeiture	Parks Memorial & Contributions
\$ -	\$ 3,206,875	\$ - -	\$ - 7,171,492	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -
-	16	1,260	4,518	-	-	24,363
32,825 537 -	509,034 -	- 5,596 -	- 497,579 -	16,532 1,675	15,482 13,147	- 104,985 118,120
	330,623	7,650	1,921			263
33,362	4,046,548	14,506	7,675,510	18,207	28,629	247,731
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	5,457,662	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	762,433	2,725	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		-				
	762,433	2,725	5,457,662			
33,362	3,284,115	11,781	2,217,848	18,207	28,629	247,731
192,000 (225,000)	- (1,163,688)	-	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	- (15,000)
(33,000)	(1,163,688)					(15,000)
362	2,120,427	11,781	2,217,848	18,207	28,629	232,731
11,239	8,858,483 	109,997	9,104,809	25,949 	267,662 	2,045,632
11,239	8,858,483	109,997	9,104,809	25,949	267,662	2,045,632
\$ 11,601	\$ 10,978,910	\$ 121,778	\$ 11,322,657	\$ 44,156	\$ 296,291	\$ 2,278,363

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Special Revenue		
Poursian	Metro Expansion	Special Assistance	Open Space Endowment	Cemetery Perpetual Care	Alternative Transportation
Revenues	<b>A</b>	<u> </u>	<b>*</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>A</b>
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits, and registrations Intergovernmental	505,496	-	-	-	30,000
Charges for services	11	_	_	9,125	15
Fines and forfeits	-	_	_	5,125	-
Investment earnings	172,262	7,817	51,728	6,858	26,961
Contributions and donations	-	11,868	-	-	-
Other					
Total revenues	677,769	19,685	51,728	15,983	56,976
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	342,161	-	-	-	593,156
Community/economic development	-	120,000	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	63,046	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges					
Total expenditures	342,161	120,000	63,046		593,156
Revenues over (under) expenditures	335,608	(100,315)	(11,318)	15,983	(536,180)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	-	100,000	-	-	789,072
Transfers out	(59,191)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(59,191)	100,000			789,072
Net change in fund balances	276,417	(315)	(11,318)	15,983	252,892
Fund balances, beginning of year, as previously reported Changes within the reporting entity	3,466,235 	100,814	1,039,557	132,629	331,198
Fund balances, beginning of year, as adjusted	3,466,235	100,814	1,039,557	132,629	331,198
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,742,652	\$ 100,499	\$ 1,028,239	\$ 148,612	\$ 584,090

			Special Revenue			
Michigan Justice Training	Parks Maint & Capital Imp Millage	County Mental Health Millage	Sidewalk Construction Millage	Affordable Housing Millage	Climate Action Millage	Major Grants
\$ -	\$ 7,667,437	\$ 3,018,428	\$ 1,419,086	\$ 7,096,433	\$ 7,114,355	\$ -
90,362	- 2,510 -	- - 8	- 1,283,641 - -	-	11,603	10,287,506 - -
1,084	443,671 61,194 8,344	-	82,346 - 56,466	216,524 - 2,687	169,311 - 1,351	543,584 9,475 43,326
91,446	8,183,156		2,841,539	7,315,644	7,296,620	10,883,891
		-, , , , , , ,	7- 7		, , , , , , ,	
-	-	901,768	-	-	2,201,405	2,173,283
15,635	-	-	-	-	-	5,080
-	-	404,605	388,765	-	-	1,493,785
-	<u>-</u>	1,272,780	-	15,392,496	-	2,106,480
-	7,005,098 3,081,868		- 36,715	-	- 758,631	44,486 4,729,720
	3,061,000	240,030	30,713		730,031	4,723,720
	-	-			<u> </u>	
15,635	10,086,966	2,827,783	425,480	15,392,496	2,960,036	10,552,834
75,811	(1,903,810)	274,320	2,416,059	(8,076,852)	4,336,584	331,057
-	-	-	51,187	-	-	237,503
	(242,792)	(105,000)	(672,857)		(819,956)	(35,185)
	(242,792)	(105,000)	(621,670)		(819,956)	202,318
75,811	(2,146,602)	169,320	1,794,389	(8,076,852)	3,516,628	533,375
14,571 -	7,134,785 -	1,856,513 -	498,370	8,298,410	-	- 651,997
14,571	7,134,785	1,856,513	498,370	8,298,410		651,997
\$ 90,382	\$ 4,988,183	\$ 2,025,833	\$ 2,292,759	\$ 221,558	\$ 3,516,628	\$ 1,185,372

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Debt Service	<b>Capital Projects</b>	Permanent	
	General Debt Service	General Capital Improvements	Elizabeth R. Dean Trust	Total
Revenues				
Taxes Licenses, permits, and registrations Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeits Investment earnings	\$ 4,809 - - 5,483,298 - (32,629)	\$ - - - - 205,351	\$ - - - - 95,606	\$ 29,527,423 8,662,343 28,873,313 6,975,574 64,839 5,046,731
Contributions and donations	-	70,943	-	421,965
Other	135			475,143
Total revenues	5,455,613	276,294	95,606	80,047,331
Expenditures Current:				
General government	-	-	-	6,717,258
Public safety	-	50,957	-	5,568,077
Public works	-	362,331	-	13,553,622
Community/economic development	-	-	-	18,891,756
Culture and recreation	-	-	44,236	7,922,024
Capital outlay Debt service:	-	-	-	14,397,601
Principal retirement	13,109,000	-	-	13,218,585
Interest and fiscal charges	3,280,935			3,301,586
Total expenditures	16,389,935	413,288	44,236	83,570,509
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(10,934,322)	(136,994)	51,370	(3,523,178)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	10,901,038	2,244,996	-	15,820,164
Transfers out				(12,610,235)
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,901,038	2,244,996		3,209,929
Net change in fund balances	(33,284)	2,108,002	51,370	(313,249)
Fund balances, beginning of year, as previously reported Changes within the reporting entity	197,073	3,259,269	2,095,993	86,517,865 651,997
Fund balances, beginning of year, as adjusted	197,073	3,259,269	2,095,993	87,169,862
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 163,789	\$ 5,367,271	\$ 2,147,363	\$ 86,856,613

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# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		<b>Energy Projects</b>		Community Television Network			
	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Licenses, permits, and registrations	-	-	-	1,577,750	1,469,811	(107,939)	
Intergovernmental	-	21.050	21.050	-	- 156	- 156	
Charges for services Fines and forfeits	-	31,659	31,659	-	150	150	
Investment earnings	6,531	11,315	4,784	108,734	183,806	- 75,072	
Contributions and donations	0,331	11,515	4,764	106,734	165,600	75,072	
Other	-		-	_	4,769	4,769	
Other					4,703	4,709	
Total revenues	6,531	42,974	36,443	1,686,484	1,658,542	(27,942)	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	12,617	12,612	(5)	1,632,795	1,428,190	(204,605)	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Community/economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	-	-	-	50,000	-	(50,000)	
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	109,585	109,585	
Interest and fiscal charges					20,651	20,651	
Total expenditures	12,617	12,612	(5)	1,682,795	1,558,426	(124,369)	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,086)	30,362	36,448	3,689	100,116	96,427	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out	(55,672)	(55,172)	(500)	(277,001)	(277,001)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(55,672)	(55,172)	500	(277,001)	(277,001)		
Net change in fund balances	(61,758)	(24,810)	36,948	(273,312)	(176,885)	96,427	
Fund balances, beginning of year	227,880	227,880		4,202,710	4,202,710		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 166,122	\$ 203,070	\$ 36,948	\$ 3,929,398	\$ 4,025,825	\$ 96,427	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Homeland Security	у		Major Streets	
_	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits, and registrations	20.742	20.742	-	18,250	21,040	2,790
Intergovernmental	38,743	38,743	-	12,607,596	13,065,975	458,379
Charges for services Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	1,097,514	1,175,944	78,430
	-	- 02	83	440 120	1 242 200	-
Investment earnings Contributions and donations	-	83	83	448,120 5,000	1,343,209 150,365	895,089 145,365
Other	-	-	-	5,000	· ·	
Other	<del></del>				17,236	17,236
Total revenues	38,743	38,826	83	14,176,480	15,773,769	1,597,289
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	38,743	38,743	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	13,481,231	8,190,477	(5,290,754)
Community/economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	1,026,042	5,539,592	4,513,550
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges						
Total expenditures	38,743	38,743		14,507,273	13,730,069	(777,204)
Revenues over (under) expenditures		83	83	(330,793)	2,043,700	2,374,493
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	-	-	-	1,006,707	1,297,600	290,893
Transfers out				(5,530,322)	(5,587,112)	56,790
Total other financing sources (uses)				(4,523,615)	(4,289,512)	234,103
Net change in fund balances	-	83	83	(4,854,408)	(2,245,812)	2,608,596
Fund balances, beginning of year	304	304		27,482,074	27,482,074	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 304	\$ 387	\$ 83	\$ 22,627,666	\$ 25,236,262	\$ 2,608,596

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Local Streets			Court Facilities	
	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenues	ć	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	<u> </u>
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits, and registrations	2 474 045	2 574 500	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	3,471,915	3,571,590	99,675	-	-	-
Charges for services	232,381	231,088	(1,293)	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits	-	-	470 202	90,000	32,825	(57,175)
Investment earnings	123,331	301,624	178,293	-	537	537
Contributions and donations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other		372	372			
Total revenues	3,827,627	4,104,674	277,047	90,000	33,362	(56,638)
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public safety	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public works	2,218,364	1,778,342	(440,022)	_	_	_
Community/economic development			(1.0,022)	_	_	_
Culture and recreation	_	_	_	_	_	_
Capital outlay	_	2,445	2,445	_	_	_
Debt service:		2,113	2,113			
Principal retirement	_	_	_	_	_	_
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	_	_	_	_
interest and fiscal charges						
Total expenditures	2,218,364	1,780,787	(437,577)			
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,609,263	2,323,887	714,624	90,000	33,362	(56,638)
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	6,765	6,768	3	195,000	192,000	(3,000)
Transfers out	(3,352,307)	(3,352,281)	(26)	(225,000)	(225,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,345,542)	(3,345,513)	29	(30,000)	(33,000)	(3,000)
Net change in fund balances	(1,736,279)	(1,021,626)	714,653	60,000	362	(59,638)
Fund balances, beginning of year	5,755,709	5,755,709		11,239	11,239	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 4,019,430	\$ 4,734,083	\$ 714,653	\$ 71,239	\$ 11,601	\$ (59,638)

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Open Spa	ace & Parkland Pre	servation		Bandemer	
	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenues	á 2.460 <del>7</del> 05	ć 2.20C.07F	<b>4</b> 20.000	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	
Taxes	\$ 3,168,785	\$ 3,206,875	\$ 38,090	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits, and registrations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental Charges for services	-	16	16	700	1,260	560
Fines and forfeits	-	10	10	700	1,260	300
Investment earnings	304,271	509,034	204,763	2,599	5,596	2,997
Contributions and donations	304,271	303,034	204,703	2,399	3,390	2,337
Other	_	330,623	330,623	7,650	7,650	_
Other		330,023	330,023	7,030	7,030	
Total revenues	3,473,056	4,046,548	573,492	10,949	14,506	3,557
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community/economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	1,737,095	762,433	(974,662)	2,775	2,725	(50)
Capital outlay	-	-	-	5,575	-	(5,575)
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges						
Total expenditures	1,737,095	762,433	(974,662)	8,350	2,725	(5,625)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,735,961	3,284,115	1,548,154	2,599	11,781	9,182
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	(1,163,688)	(1,163,688)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,163,688)	(1,163,688)	-			
Net change in fund balances	572,273	2,120,427	1,548,154	2,599	11,781	9,182
Fund balances, beginning of year	8,858,483	8,858,483		109,997	109,997	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 9,430,756	\$ 10,978,910	\$ 1,548,154	\$ 112,596	\$ 121,778	\$ 9,182

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Construction Code			Drug Enforcement	
_	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits, and registrations	5,102,100	7,171,492	2,069,392	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	4.540	4.540	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	4,518	4,518	16 522	16 522	-
Fines and forfeits	100 700	407.570	207.071	16,532 500	16,532	- 1 175
Investment earnings Contributions and donations	189,708	497,579	307,871	500	1,675	1,175
Other	500	- 1,921	1,421	-	-	-
Other		1,921	1,421			
Total revenues	5,292,308	7,675,510	2,383,202	17,032	18,207	1,175
Expenditures Current:						
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	5,772,708	5,457,662	(315,046)	37,332	-	(37,332)
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-
Community/economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges						
Total expenditures	5,772,708	5,457,662	(315,046)	37,332		(37,332)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(480,400)	2,217,848	2,698,248	(20,300)	18,207	38,507
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out						
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Net change in fund balances	(480,400)	2,217,848	2,698,248	(20,300)	18,207	38,507
Fund balances, beginning of year	9,104,809	9,104,809		25,949	25,949	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 8,624,409	\$ 11,322,657	\$ 2,698,248	\$ 5,649	\$ 44,156	\$ 38,507

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Federal I	Equitable Sharing F	orfeiture	Parks & Memorial Contributions			
_	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues	<b>.</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>A</b>	ć	<b>A</b>	ć	
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Licenses, permits, and registrations Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Charges for services	-	-	-	75,000	24,363	(50.627)	
Fines and forfeits	- 15,482	15,482	-	75,000	24,303	(50,637)	
Investment earnings	1,025	13,147	12,122	39,842	104,985	65,143	
Contributions and donations	1,025	15,147	12,122	60,000	118,120	58,120	
Other	_	-	_	00,000	263	263	
Other					203	203	
Total revenues	16,507	28,629	12,122	174,842	247,731	72,889	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	60,000	-	(60,000)	-	-	-	
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Community/economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	310,000	-	(310,000)	
Capital outlay	5,482	-	(5,482)	-	-	-	
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges							
Total expenditures	65,482		(65,482)	310,000		(310,000)	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(48,975)	28,629	77,604	(135,158)	247,731	382,889	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out				(15,000)	(15,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)				(15,000)	(15,000)		
Net change in fund balances	(48,975)	28,629	77,604	(150,158)	232,731	382,889	
Fund balances, beginning of year	267,662	267,662		2,045,632	2,045,632		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 218,687	\$ 296,291	\$ 77,604	\$ 1,895,474	\$ 2,278,363	\$ 382,889	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Metro Expansion			Special Assistance	
_	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenues	<b>A</b>	•	•	<b>A</b>	•	•
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses, permits, and registrations	450.000	-	45.406	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	460,000	505,496	45,496	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	11	11	-	-	-
Fines and forfeits		-	-	-		
Investment earnings	79,102	172,262	93,160	537	7,817	7,280
Contributions and donations	-	-	-	15,000	11,868	(3,132)
Other						
Total revenues	539,102	677,769	138,667	15,537	19,685	4,148
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public safety	_	-	_	_	-	_
Public works	427,256	342,161	(85,095)	_	-	_
Community/economic development	.27,233	5 .2,252	(00)000)	120,000	120,000	_
Culture and recreation	_	_	_	-	-	_
Capital outlay	_	_	_	_	_	_
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	_	_	_	_	_	_
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	_	_	_	_
interest and fiscal charges						
Total expenditures	427,256	342,161	(85,095)	120,000	120,000	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	111,846	335,608	223,762	(104,463)	(100,315)	4,148
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	-	-	-	100,000	100,000	_
Transfers out	(59,192)	(59,191)	(1)		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(59,192)	(59,191)	1	100,000	100,000	
Net change in fund balances	52,654	276,417	223,763	(4,463)	(315)	4,148
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,466,235	3,466,235		100,814	100,814	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,518,889	\$ 3,742,652	\$ 223,763	\$ 96,351	\$ 100,499	\$ 4,148

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Oį	oen Space Endowm	ent	Cemetery Perpetual Care			
_	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Licenses, permits, and registrations	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	2 000	0.425	- 6.425	
Charges for services Fines and forfeits	-	-	-	3,000	9,125	6,125	
	25.020	- 	25 700	2 201	-	2 507	
Investment earnings Contributions and donations	25,939	51,728	25,789	3,261	6,858	3,597	
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other		-					
Total revenues	25,939	51,728	25,789	6,261	15,983	9,722	
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Community/economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Culture and recreation	60,000	63,046	3,046	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges		. <del>-</del>		. <del>-</del>			
Total expenditures	60,000	63,046	3,046				
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(34,061)	(11,318)	22,743	6,261	15,983	9,722	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out		·					
Total other financing sources (uses)							
Net change in fund balances	(34,061)	(11,318)	22,743	6,261	15,983	9,722	
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,039,557	1,039,557		132,629	132,629		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,005,496	\$ 1,028,239	\$ 22,743	\$ 138,890	\$ 148,612	\$ 9,722	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Alte	ernative Transporta	tion	Mi	chigan Justice Trair	ning
_	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenues	<b>.</b>	<b>A</b>	<u> </u>	ć	<b>.</b>	<u> </u>
Taxes Licenses, permits, and registrations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	-	30,000	30,000	37,362	- 00.363	53,000
Charges for services	-	15	15	37,302	90,362	55,000
Fines and forfeits	-	15	- 15	-	-	-
Investment earnings	5,329	26,961	21,632	326	1,084	758
Contributions and donations	3,329	20,901	21,032	320	1,064	736
Other	_	_	_	_	_	_
other					· <del></del>	
Total revenues	5,329	56,976	51,647	37,688	91,446	53,758
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	37,362	15,635	(21,727)
Public works	628,293	593,156	(35,137)	-	-	-
Community/economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service:						-
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges				-	·	
Total expenditures	628,293	593,156	(35,137)	37,362	15,635	(21,727)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(622,964)	(536,180)	86,784	326	75,811	75,485
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	789,072	789,072	-	-	-	-
Transfers out						
Total other financing sources (uses)	789,072	789,072				
Net change in fund balances	166,108	252,892	86,784	326	75,811	75,485
Fund balances, beginning of year	331,198	331,198		14,571	14,571	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 497,306	\$ 584,090	\$ 86,784	\$ 14,897	\$ 90,382	\$ 75,485

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Parks N	/laint & Capital Im	p Millage	Coun	ty Mental Health Millage			
	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget		
Revenues	ć 7.537.400	ć 7.667.427	ć 00.030	ć 2.02F.000	ć 2.040.420	ć 402.420		
Taxes	\$ 7,577,408	\$ 7,667,437	\$ 90,029	\$ 2,835,000	\$ 3,018,428	\$ 183,428		
Licenses, permits, and registrations Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Charges for services	-	- 2,510	2,510	-	8	8		
Fines and forfeits	-	2,510	2,510	-	٥	0		
Investment earnings	251,494	443,671	192,177	35,766	83,667	47,901		
Contributions and donations	60,000	61,194		33,700	63,007	47,901		
Other	-	8,344	•	_	_			
Other		0,344		· <del></del>	· <del></del>			
Total revenues	7,888,902	8,183,156	294,254	2,870,766	3,102,103	231,337		
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government	-	-	-	1,084,782	901,768	(183,014)		
Public safety	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Public works	-	-	-	596,676	404,605	(192,071)		
Community/economic development	-	-	-	1,272,781	1,272,780	(1)		
Culture and recreation	7,133,382	7,005,098	(128,284)	-	-	-		
Capital outlay	3,118,562	3,081,868	(36,694)	280,769	248,630	(32,139)		
Debt service:			-					
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-		-				
Total expenditures	10,251,944	10,086,966	(164,978)	3,235,008	2,827,783	(407,225)		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,363,042)	(1,903,810	459,232	(364,242)	274,320	638,562		
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Transfers out	(246,306)	(242,792	(3,514)	(105,000)	(105,000)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(246,306)	(242,792	3,514	(105,000)	(105,000)			
Net change in fund balances	(2,609,348)	(2,146,602	462,746	(469,242)	169,320	638,562		
Fund balances, beginning of year	7,134,785	7,134,785		1,856,513	1,856,513			
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 4,525,437	\$ 4,988,183	\$ 462,746	\$ 1,387,271	\$ 2,025,833	\$ 638,562		

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Sidewalk Construction Millage					Affordable Housing Millage					
	Final Budget		Actual	(Unde	al Over r) Final dget		Final Budget		Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues	<b>.</b> 4 402 220		4 440 006		46.056		7.007.440	_	7,006,400		0.245
Taxes	\$ 1,402,230	\$	1,419,086	\$	16,856	\$	7,087,118	\$	7,096,433	\$	9,315
Licenses, permits, and registrations Intergovernmental	-		1,283,641	1	202 641		-		-		-
Charges for services	-		1,265,041	1	,283,641		-		-		-
Fines and forfeits	-		-		-		-		-		-
Investment earnings	16,129		82,346		66,217		143,695		216,524		72,829
Contributions and donations	350,000		82,340		(350,000)		143,093		210,324		72,829
Other	330,000		56,466	,	56,466		_		2,687		2,687
Other		-	30,400	•	30,400				2,007		2,007
Total revenues	1,768,359		2,841,539	1	,073,180		7,230,813		7,315,644		84,831
Expenditures											
Current:											
General government	-		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety	-		-		-		-		-		-
Public works	379,233		388,765		9,532		-		-		-
Community/economic development	-		-		-		15,537,719		15,392,496		(145,223)
Culture and recreation	-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay	46,250		36,715		(9,535)		-		-		-
Debt service:											
Principal retirement	-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges			-				-		-		-
Total expenditures	425,483		425,480		(3)		15,537,719		15,392,496		(145,223)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,342,876		2,416,059	1	,073,183		(8,306,906)		(8,076,852)		230,054
Other financing sources (uses)											
Transfers in	124,161		51,187		(72,974)		-		-		-
Transfers out	(672,857)		(672,857)		-						
Total other financing sources (uses)	(548,696)		(621,670)		(72,974)						-
Net change in fund balances	794,180		1,794,389	1	,000,209		(8,306,906)		(8,076,852)		230,054
Fund balances, beginning of year	498,370		498,370				8,298,410		8,298,410		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,292,550	\$	2,292,759	\$ 1	,000,209	\$	(8,496)	\$	221,558	\$	230,054

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Budget and Actual - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	C	limate	Action Milla	ge				Ma	jor Grants	
_	Final Budget		Actual		ctual Over Inder) Final Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenues	ć 7.426.67E	ć	7 444 255	ċ	(42.220)	ċ		ć		ć
Taxes	\$ 7,126,675	\$	7,114,355	\$	(12,320)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Licenses, permits, and registrations Intergovernmental	-		-		-		10,729,575		10,287,506	- (442,069)
Charges for services	11,603		11,603		-		10,729,575		10,287,506	(442,069)
Fines and forfeits	11,603		11,605		-		-		-	-
Investment earnings	_		169,311		169,311		_		543,584	543,584
Contributions and donations	_		109,311		109,311		9,475		9,475	343,364
Other			1,351		1,351		43,326		43,326	
Other			1,331		1,331		43,320		43,320	
Total revenues	7,138,278		7,296,620		158,342		10,782,376		10,883,891	101,515
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	5,287,095		2,201,405		(3,085,690)		2,615,474		2,173,283	(442,191)
Public safety	-		-		-		5,080		5,080	-
Public works	-		-		-		1,491,884		1,493,785	1,901
Community/economic development	-		-		-		2,106,480		2,106,480	-
Culture and recreation	-		-		-		44,486		44,486	-
Capital outlay	826,605		758,631		(67,974)		4,731,619		4,729,720	(1,899)
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	-		-		-		-		-	-
Interest and fiscal charges			-			_	-		-	
Total expenditures	6,113,700		2,960,036		(3,153,664)		10,995,023		10,552,834	(442,189)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,024,578		4,336,584		3,312,006		(212,647)		331,057	543,704
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in	-		-		-		237,628		237,503	(125)
Transfers out	(1,024,578)		(819,956)		(204,622)		(35,184)		(35,185)	1
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,024,578)		(819,956)		204,622		202,444		202,318	(126)
Net change in fund balances	-		3,516,628		3,516,628		(10,203)		533,375	543,578
Fund balances, beginning of year							651,997		651,997	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$	3,516,628	\$	3,516,628	\$	641,794	\$	1,185,372	\$ 543,578

concluded.

# **Combining Statement of Net Position**Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds June 30, 2024

	Central Stores	Fleet Services	formation echnology	Ma	Project anagement
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	200
Equity in pooled cash and investments	2,017,666	26,849,935	2,439,943		2,137,923
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	31,636		27,602
Due from other governments	-	2,309	475		-
Prepaid items	-	15,105	1,130,862		-
Inventories	779,416	705,513	 -		
Total current assets	 2,797,082	 27,572,862	3,602,916		2,165,725
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets not depreciated	-	90,005	-		-
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	<u>-</u>	10,330,236	 1,801,587		98,323
Total noncurrent assets	 -	10,420,241	1,801,587		98,323
Total assets	 2,797,082	37,993,103	5,404,503		2,264,048
Liabilities					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	25,268	149,615	252,845		256,701
Accrued liabilities	-	-	2,331		-
Deposits payable	-	-	5,469		1,037,499
Other long-term liabilities, current	-	-	447,586		-
Estimated claims payable, current			 -		
Total current liabilities	 25,268	 149,615	708,231		1,294,200
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Other long-term liabilities, net	-	-	413,463		-
Estimated claims payable, net	<u>-</u>	-	 -		<u>-</u>
Total noncurrent liabilities	 	 	413,463		-
Total liabilities	25,268	149,615	 1,121,694		1,294,200
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	-	10,420,241	940,538		98,323
Unrestricted	 2,771,814	 27,423,247	 3,342,271		871,525
Total net position	\$ 2,771,814	\$ 37,843,488	\$ 4,282,809	\$	969,848

	,535 ,784 ,965 ,929
14,075,983     930,848     48,452       -     1,297     60       -     -     2       2,091,998     -     3,237       -     -     1,484	,298 ,535 ,784 ,965
14,075,983 930,848 48,452 - 1,297 60 2 2,091,998 - 3,237 1,484	,298 ,535 ,784 ,965
- 1,297 60 2 2,091,998 - 3,237 1,484	,535 ,784 ,965 ,929
2,091,998 - 3,237 1,484	,784 ,965 ,929
2,091,998 - 3,237 1,484	,965 ,929
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16,168,079 932,145 65,558	.960
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3,292,905 80,250 4,057	
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1,042	,968
	,045
3,517,950 80,250 5,775	
3,317,530 00,230 3,773	,514
413	,463
1,753,418 - 1,753	,418
1,753,418 - 2,166	,881
5,271,368 80,250 7,942	,395
11,459	,102
10,896,711 851,895 46,157	
\$ 10,896,711 \$ 851,895 \$ 57,616	

# Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Central	Fleet	Information		Project	
	Stores	Services	Т	echnology	M	anagement
Operating revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 1,117,523	\$ 8,736,898	\$	11,175,037	\$	4,845,346
Operating expenses						
Personal services	220,060	1,541,597		4,590,864		2,795,229
Municipal service charge	21,576	196,812		889,920		182,004
Information technology charges	9,996	106,530		536,882		516,845
Other operating costs	839,898	2,417,628		3,643,617		1,346,722
Depreciation and amortization	 187	 2,467,661		805,594		26,897
Total operating expenses	 1,091,717	6,730,228		10,466,877		4,867,697
Operating income (loss)	 25,806	 2,006,670		708,160		(22,351)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)						
Investment earnings	94,159	1,200,828		189,049		63,376
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	336,133		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	 			(38,029)		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 94,159	1,536,961		151,020		63,376
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	119,965	3,543,631		859,180		41,025
Capital contributions	-	2,639,027		-		-
Transfers in	-	-		35,184		-
Transfers out	 (47,352)	 (633,511)		(1,170,023)		(86,676)
Change in net position	72,613	5,549,147		(275,659)		(45,651)
Net position, beginning of year	2,699,201	 32,294,341		4,558,468		1,015,499
Net position, end of year	\$ 2,771,814	\$ 37,843,488	\$	4,282,809	\$	969,848

Insurance	'	Wheeler Center	Total
\$ 34,635,797	\$	893,803	\$ 61,404,404
939,944 406,560		44,300 121,788	10,131,994 1,818,660
64,596		23,400	1,258,249
34,685,971		651,411	43,585,247
-		-	3,300,339
 			 3,000,000
 36,097,071		840,899	 60,094,489
(1,461,274)		52,904	1,309,915
761,874		43,617	2,352,903
-		-	336,133
 			(38,029)
761,874		43,617	2,651,007
(699,400)		96,521	3,960,922
-		-	2,639,027
-		-	35,184
			 (1,937,562)
(699,400)		96,521	4,697,571
11,596,111		755,374	52,918,994
\$ 10,896,711	\$	851,895	\$ 57,616,565

# **Combining Statement of Cash Flows**

Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Central Stores		Fleet Services	nformation echnology	M	Project anagement
Cash flow from operating activities						
Payments to suppliers	\$ (947,565)	\$	(2,930,913)	\$ (5,932,005)	\$	(1,959,353)
Payments on behalf of employees	(220,060)		(1,541,597)	(4,592,125)		(2,795,229)
Payments received for interfund services	 1,117,523		8,736,898	 11,175,037		4,845,346
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 (50,102)		4,264,388	 650,907		90,764
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Transfers in	-		-	35,184		-
Transfers out	 (47,352)		(633,511)	 (1,170,023)		(86,676)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	 (47,352)		(633,511)	 (1,134,839)		(86,676)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Capital contributions	-		2,639,027	-		-
Purchase of capital assets	-		(2,547,295)	(582,560)		(41,898)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-		336,133	-		-
Principal paid on long-term liabilities	-		-	(551,962)		-
Interest paid on long-term liabilities	 			 (38,029)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and						
related financing activities	 		427,865	 (1,172,551)		(41,898)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest and dividends on investments	 94,159		1,200,828	 189,049		63,376
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(3,295)		5,259,570	(1,467,434)		25,566
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year	 2,020,961		21,590,365	 3,907,377		2,112,557
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$ 2,017,666	\$	26,849,935	\$ 2,439,943	\$	2,138,123
Reconciliation to statement of net position  Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	_	\$ -	\$	200
Equity in pooled cash and investments	 2,017,666	_	26,849,935	 2,439,943		2,137,923
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 2,017,666	\$	26,849,935	\$ 2,439,943	\$	2,138,123

	Insurance	Wheeler Center		Total
\$	(36,157,866) (1,247,488) 34,635,797	\$ (750,185) (44,300) 893,803	\$	(48,677,887) (10,440,799) 61,404,404
_	(2,769,557)	 99,318	_	2,285,718
	- -	- -		35,184 (1,937,562)
	-	 -		(1,902,378)
	- - - -	- - - -		2,639,027 (3,171,753) 336,133 (551,962) (38,029)
				(786,584)
	761,874 (2,007,683)	 43,617 142,935		2,352,903 1,949,659
	16,083,764	 787,913		46,502,937
\$	14,076,081	\$ 930,848	\$	48,452,596
\$	98 14,075,983	\$ 930,848	\$	298 48,452,298
\$	14,076,081	\$ 930,848	\$	48,452,596

# **Combining Statement of Cash Flows**

Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Central		Fleet	Information		Project	
		Stores	Services	Т	echnology	Ma	anagement
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash							
provided by (used in) operating activities							
Operating income (loss)	\$	25,806	\$ 2,006,670	\$	708,160	\$	(22,351)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)							
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization		187	2,467,661		805,594		26,897
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivable		-	1,212		3,133		(616)
Due from other governments		-	(2,309)		15,091		-
Prepaid items		-	(15,105)		(628,846)		-
Inventories		(73,558)	(188,271)		-		-
Accounts payable		(2,537)	(5,470)		(250,964)		5,191
Accrued liabilities		-	-		(1,261)		-
Deposits payable		-	-		-		81,643
Estimated claims payable			 				
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(50,102)	\$ 4,264,388	\$	650,907	\$	90,764

	Insurance	Wheeler Center	Total			
\$	(1,461,274)	\$ 52,904	\$	1,309,915		
	-	-		3,300,339		
	-	(511)		3,218		
	-	-		12,782		
	(955,347)	-		(1,599,298)		
	-	-		(261,829)		
	(45,392)	46,925		(252,247)		
	-	-		(1,261)		
	-	-		81,643		
	(307,544)	-		(307,544)		
\$	(2,769,557)	\$ 99,318	\$	2,285,718		

concluded

**Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position**Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Funds June 30, 2024

	Employees' Retirement	Retiree Health Care	
	System	Trust	Total
Assets			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 4,723,693	\$ 346,989	\$ 5,070,682
Investments, at fair value:			
Equities	425,624,662	164,141,665	589,766,327
Fixed income	89,524,147	51,341,420	140,865,567
Other	130,421,578	62,017,838	192,439,416
Accrued interest and dividends	665,721	287,998	953,719
Due from the City of Ann Arbor	411,514	-	411,514
Capital assets being depreciated, net	288,402	-	288,402
Total assets	651,659,717	278,135,910	929,795,627
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	3,968,368	423,842	4,392,210
Net position			
Investment in capital assets	288,402	-	288,402
Restricted for:			
Pension benefits	647,402,947	-	647,402,947
Other postemployment benefits		277,712,068	277,712,068
Total net position	\$ 647,691,349	\$ 277,712,068	\$ 925,403,417

# **Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position**Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Employees' Retirement System	Retiree Health Care Trust	Total
Additions	System	Hust	IOtal
Investment income:			
From investing activities:			
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	\$ 50,895,567	\$ 21,897,509	\$ 72,793,076
Interest and dividends	11,485,202	5,851,828	17,337,030
Total investment income:	62,380,769	27,749,337	90,130,106
Investment management fees	(766,395)	(217,418)	(983,813)
Net investment income from investing activities	61,614,374	27,531,919	89,146,293
From securities lending activities:			
Gross earnings	133,647	48,955	182,602
Borrower rebates paid	(243,463)	(81,859)	(325,322)
Securities lending fees	113,125	39,235	152,360
Net investment income from securities			
lending activities	3,309	6,331	9,640
Total net investment income	61,617,683	27,538,250	89,155,933
Contributions:			
Employer	17,066,036	16,315,925	33,381,961
Plan members	4,084,981	-	4,084,981
Total contributions	21,151,017	16,315,925	37,466,942
Total additions	82,768,700	43,854,175	126,622,875
Deductions			
Benefits	45,230,618	15,586,298	60,816,916
Refunds	662,707	-	662,707
Administrative expenses	798,407	388,433	1,186,840
Total deductions	46,691,732	15,974,731	62,666,463
Change in net position	36,076,968	27,879,444	63,956,412
Net position, beginning of year	611,614,381	249,832,624	861,447,005
Net position, end of year	\$ 647,691,349	\$ 277,712,068	\$ 925,403,417

# **Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position** Custodial Funds

Custodial Funds June 30, 2024

		15th District Court Depository		Treasurer's Delinquent Tax		Treasurer's Current Tax		Total
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	56,049	\$	-	\$	7,520	\$	63,569
Equity in pooled cash and investments		-		93,528		3,966		97,494
Total assets		56,049		93,528		11,486		161,063
Liabilities								
Due to other governments		56,049		91,263				147,312
Net position  Restricted for individuals, organizations,	ć		ć	2.265	¢	11 196	ć	12 751
and other governments	<u> </u>	-	Ş	2,265	<u> </u>	11,486	\$	13,751

# **Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position** Custodial Funds

Custodial Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	15th District Court Depository	Treasurer's Delinquent Tax	Treasurer's Current Tax	Total
Additions				
Taxes collected for other governments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 318,420,431	\$ 318,420,431
Court fines, fees, and costs	1,876,090	-	-	1,876,090
Interest	2,130	2,265	11,486	15,881
Total additions	1,878,220	2,265	318,431,917	320,312,402
Deductions			242 422 424	242 422 424
Payments of taxes to other governments	- 4 070 220	-	318,420,431	318,420,431
Court disbursements	1,878,220			1,878,220
Total deductions	1,878,220		318,420,431	320,298,651
Total change in net position	-	2,265	11,486	13,751
Net position, beginning of year				
Net position, end of year	\$ -	\$ 2,265	\$ 11,486	\$ 13,751

# **Component Unit Balance Sheet**

SmartZone Local Development Finance Authority June 30, 2024

	De	SmartZone Local Development Finance Authority	
Assets			
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	1,829,742	
Loans receivable	•	145,523	
		<u> </u>	
Total assets	\$	1,975,265	
Liabilities Accounts payable Unearned revenue	\$	1,201,884 145,523	
Total liabilities		1,347,407	
Fund balance Committed for community and economic development		627,858	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	1,975,265	

# Component Unit Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

SmartZone Local Development Finance Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	SmartZone Local Development Finance Authority	
Revenues		
Taxes	\$	5,357,621
Investment income		112,050
Total revenues		5,469,671
Expenditures		
Current -		
Community and economic development		5,310,286
Net change in fund balance		159,385
Fund balance, beginning of year		468,473
Fund balance, end of year	\$	627,858

# Component Unit Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance

Budget and Actual SmartZone Local Development Finance Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		actual Over Under) Final Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	5,236,506	\$	5,236,506	\$	5,357,621	\$ 121,115
Investment income		84,396		84,396		112,050	27,654
Total revenues		5,320,902		5,320,902		5,469,671	148,769
Expenditures Current -							
Community and economic development		5,358,941		5,758,941		5,310,286	(448,655)
Net change in fund balance		(38,039)		(438,039)		159,385	597,424
Fund balance, beginning of year		468,473		468,473		468,473	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	430,434	\$	30,434	\$	627,858	\$ 597,424

STATISTICAL SECTION

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#### **Statistical Section Table of Contents**

This part of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan's (the "City") annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

		<b>Page</b>
Financial Trends	These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	170
Revenue Capacity	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	181
Debt Capacity	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	186
Demographic and Economic Information	These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	192
Operating Information	These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	196

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules are derived from the annual financial reports for the applicable year.

# **Net Position by Component**

(Accrual Basis of Accounting) Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2024	2023		2022	2021
Governmental activities						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	895,627,939	\$ 876,961,867	\$	859,218,155	\$ 862,022,341
Restricted		98,012,443	102,136,516		97,821,345	74,937,129
Unrestricted (deficit)		5,258,517	(31,827,017)	_	(59,121,357)	(62,743,620)
Total governmental activities net position	\$	998,898,899	\$ 947,271,366	\$	897,918,143	\$ 874,215,850
Business-type activities						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	364,917,213	\$ 294,076,585	\$	289,662,026	\$ 273,699,074
Restricted		52,412,955	36,785,774		34,572,747	34,200,616
Unrestricted		109,092,471	 146,147,387	_	109,261,293	 83,268,136
Total business-type activities net position	\$	526,422,639	\$ 477,009,746	\$	433,496,066	\$ 391,167,826
Primary government						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	1,260,545,152	\$ 1,171,038,452	\$	1,148,880,181	\$ 1,135,721,415
Restricted		150,425,398	138,922,290		132,394,092	109,137,745
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	114,350,988	 114,320,370	_	50,139,936	 20,524,516
Total primary government net position	\$	1,525,321,538	\$ 1,424,281,112	\$	1,331,414,209	\$ 1,265,383,676

Source: City of Ann Arbor Financial Services, Accounting Services Unit

Note: GASB Statement No. 74 was implemented in 2017 and previous years were not restated. Note: Net position was restated for fiscal year 2021 in 2022 and previous years were not restated

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ 653,605,138 71,507,486 (81,833,606)	\$ 664,619,342 66,516,345 (64,115,536)	\$ 701,307,637 57,546,687 (92,031,983)	\$ 700,165,724 55,228,918 (430,810)	\$ 696,101,749 57,396,259 526,827	\$ 876,961,867 102,136,516 (31,827,017)
\$ 643,279,018	\$ 667,020,151	\$ 666,822,341	\$ 754,963,832	\$ 754,024,835	\$ 947,271,366
\$ 251,130,814 33,752,565 76,353,673	\$ 234,555,667 33,863,408 66,288,021	\$ 216,805,278 33,448,566 66,043,566	\$ 210,361,709 32,956,794 70,350,912	\$ 198,917,535 33,715,282 66,341,759	\$ 294,076,585 36,785,774 146,147,387
\$ 361,237,052	\$ 334,707,096	\$ 316,297,410	\$ 313,669,415	\$ 298,974,576	\$ 477,009,746
\$ 904,735,952 105,260,051 (5,479,933)	\$ 899,175,009 100,379,753 2,172,485	\$ 918,112,915 90,995,253 (25,988,417)	\$ 910,527,433 88,185,712 69,920,102	\$ 895,019,284 91,111,541 66,868,586	\$ 1,171,038,452 138,922,290 114,320,370
\$ 1,004,516,070	\$ 1,001,727,247	\$ 983,119,751	\$ 1,068,633,247	\$ 1,052,999,411	\$ 1,424,281,112

Changes in Net Position (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Expenses				
Governmental activities:				
General government	\$ 16,934,540	\$ 16,786,947	\$ 22,756,099	\$ 15,690,533
Public safety	45,857,101	48,124,880	55,560,167	40,110,094
Public works	46,282,400	31,716,206	27,876,386	64,673,932
Community/economic development	21,690,080	10,599,184	4,728,505	3,919,158
Culture and recreation	17,704,057	21,130,037	16,217,984	11,390,116
Public transportation	13,728,350	12,911,467	12,225,468	12,063,787
Interest on long-term liabilities	3,102,038	3,245,518	3,031,127	3,120,035
Total governmental activities expenses	165,298,566	144,514,239	142,395,736	150,967,655
Business-type activities:				
Water	25,347,315	20,902,115	19,390,604	19,677,049
Sewer	22,739,865	21,588,195	18,934,433	24,059,586
Parking	1,629,794	1,661,660	1,727,152	1,736,718
Airport	1,027,821	818,222	929,227	832,231
Stormwater	8,216,726	9,288,550	6,199,548	7,291,027
Solid waste	14,514,784	17,059,032	11,429,026	12,821,555
Technology fiber	278,808	-		-
Total business-type activities expenses	73,755,113	71,317,774	58,609,990	66,418,166
Total primary government expenses	239,053,679	215,832,013	201,005,726	217,385,821
_				
Program revenues				
Governmental activities:				
Charges for services:	0.404.334	0.260.174	10 452 221	C 107 CE2
General government	8,481,224	9,268,174	10,452,231	6,107,653
Public safety Public works	13,625,358	12,188,775	10,438,351	5,317,199
	4,087,316 220,468	3,788,887	2,694,880 27,204	4,862,025
Community/economic development Culture and recreation	5,867,074	148,991 5,214,729	4,631,558	2 106 972
Interest on long-term liabilities		5,658,238	5,433,673	3,196,872
Operating grants and contributions	5,483,298 31,700,749	29,319,053	23,883,134	5,418,941 26,835,761
Capital grants and contributions	5,250,621	7,642,938	780,957	1,536
Total governmental activities program revenues	74,716,108	73,229,785	58,341,988	51,739,987
Position and the second state of				
Business-type activities: Charges for services:				
	24 724 552	26 102 512	20 552 452	20 500 002
Water	34,731,553	36,193,513	30,553,152	29,580,802
Sewer	36,086,874	34,808,098	36,316,978	32,394,186
Parking	308,601 1,020,430	309,700 952,188	561,600 975,774	550,100 926,112
Airport			•	
Stormwater Solid waste	15,322,479 1,781,420	15,106,097 4,263,230	14,175,091 4,588,982	13,150,716 3,637,240
Technology fiber	234,009	4,203,230	4,366,362	3,037,240
Operating grants and contributions	176,577	-	23,000	-
Capital grants and contributions	956,821	-	23,000	95,519
Total business-type activities program revenues	90,618,764	91,632,826	87,422,741	80,334,675
Total primary government program revenues	165,334,872	164,862,611	145,764,729	132,074,662

2020	2019		2018	2017		2016		2015
2020	2013		2020	2017		2010		2013
\$ 20,385,283	\$ 18,166,147	\$	19,219,630	\$ 17,463,340	\$	15,951,143	\$	16,550,948
58,996,948	47,984,733		46,868,877	46,375,914		45,158,518		43,882,972
62,633,254	53,143,075		49,591,083	40,196,459		38,305,144		33,619,237
3,937,980	2,696,878		2,063,185	2,098,986		2,925,711		2,749,048
15,150,651	14,009,824		13,779,455	14,074,974		12,865,261		13,374,937
11,408,712	10,864,768		10,524,383	10,269,099		10,038,406		9,735,605
 3,583,704	3,272,391		3,527,743	 3,340,791		4,837,529		4,691,976
 176,096,532	150,137,816		145,574,356	 133,819,563		130,081,712		124,604,723
19,798,550	24,075,346		19,737,572	19,288,471		19,188,325		18,494,776
23,155,043	21,258,970		19,382,437	18,621,741		17,880,966		16,842,294
1,754,222	1,789,366		1,831,512	1,871,468		2,048,444		2,144,727
827,366	909,745		727,902	791,342		670,167		746,680
6,770,918	9,615,145		5,747,664	5,802,413		5,616,057		5,986,171
17,001,298	17,748,336		14,890,852	15,624,601		18,301,294		12,986,803
	17,748,330		-	13,024,001		18,301,294		12,360,603
69,307,397	75,396,908		62,317,939	62,000,036	_	63,705,253		57,201,451
 245,403,929	225,534,724	:	207,892,295	 195,819,599		193,786,965		181,806,174
13,783,296	9,052,049		9,796,913	8,200,188		8,691,577		9,296,146
8,993,203	11,031,951		10,613,768	9,807,563		9,026,629		8,847,862
2,452,173	3,752,184		2,630,025	3,611,282		4,262,035		2,662,357
-	-		-	-		-		657
3,461,681	4,666,251		4,738,164	4,548,675		5,121,351		4,097,635
5,402,027	4,181,335		4,306,049	4,291,510		4,283,146		4,287,804
16,424,627	16,661,456		14,948,746	13,756,071		12,273,077		11,030,886
 1,070,562	2,480,753		4,086,170	 1,025,460		638,182		865,776
 51,587,569	51,825,979		51,119,835	 45,240,749		44,295,997		41,089,123
25,277,253	27,143,417		27,002,482	26,602,226		24,053,722		22,697,619
31,984,321	32,549,393		28,329,519	27,363,541		23,926,479		22,137,470
1,271,600	1,994,288		2,036,188	2,657,169		2,732,541		2,820,269
933,066	1,137,674		935,786	923,228		924,141		888,809
12,485,490	11,505,361		9,444,063	7,404,199		6,915,369		6,343,928
3,714,281	3,920,945		4,035,824	4,164,508		2,965,288		2,875,575
-	-		-	-		-		-
-	-		-	-		-		-
 -	118,425		54,384	 359,981		600,945		4,645,758
 75,666,011	78,369,503		71,838,246	 69,474,852		62,118,485		62,409,428
 127,253,580	130,195,482	:	122,958,081	 114,715,601		106,414,482	_	103,498,551

continued...

## **Changes in Net Position**

(Accrual Basis of Accounting) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Net (expense) revenue				4 />
Governmental activities	\$ (90,582,458)	\$ (71,284,454)	\$ (84,053,748)	\$ (99,227,668)
Business-type activities	16,863,651	20,315,052	28,812,751	13,916,509
Total primary government net expense	(73,718,807)	(50,969,402)	(55,240,997)	(85,311,159)
General revenues and other changes in net position				
Governmental activities:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	83,400,638	69,268,471	79,943,311	64,431,379
Property taxes, levied for designated purpose	34,306,354	34,306,354	18,145,588	24,312,199
Property taxes, levied for debt services	822	822	2,340	2,063
State shared revenues and grants (unrestricted)	15,578,058	17,894,383	15,340,846	11,960,256
Investment income (loss)	12,656,180	3,950,479	(4,111,794)	151,705
Gain on sale of capital assets	2,198,738	-	-	903,655
Other	569,279	534,630	-	1,497,936
Transfers	(6,500,078)	(5,317,462)	(1,564,250)	(1,115,702)
Total governmental activities	142,209,991	120,637,677	107,756,041	102,143,491
Business-type activities:				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	16,561,936	15,522,511	14,699,709	14,264,703
Investment income (loss)	9,430,428	2,336,896	(2,959,410)	181,798
Other	56,800	21,759	210,940	452,062
Transfers	6,500,078	5,317,462	1,564,250	115,702
Total business-type activities	32,549,242	23,198,628	13,515,489	15,014,265
Total primary government	174,759,233	143,836,305	121,271,530	117,157,756
Change in net position				
Governmental activities	51,627,533	49,353,223	23,702,293	2,915,823
Business-type activities	49,412,893	43,513,680	42,328,240	28,930,774
Total primary government	\$ 101,040,426	\$ 92,866,903	\$ 66,030,533	\$ 31,846,597

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$ (124,508,963)	\$ (98,311,837)	\$ (94,454,521)	\$ (88,578,814)	\$ (85,785,715)	\$ (83,515,600)
 6,358,614	 2,972,595	 9,520,307	 7,474,816	 (1,586,768)	 5,207,977
 (118,150,349)	 (95,339,242)	 (84,934,214)	 (81,103,998)	 (87,372,483)	 (78,307,623)
60,987,539	58,071,684	56,134,197	54,617,165	53,396,465	51,977,008
23,034,375	22,078,216	19,233,238	18,501,675	18,145,558	17,626,382
2,134	2,117	2,091	2,129	2,340	2,129
11,845,757	11,493,427	11,034,159	10,712,412	10,215,633	10,317,088
6,303,600	5,269,825	655,430	10,347	1,558,594	1,262,302
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	351,982	162,745	500,138	320,426	150,905
(1,405,575)	2,002,648	2,093,810	5,173,955	460,882	4,831,153
 100,767,830	99,269,899	89,315,670	89,517,821	84,099,898	86,166,967
	_		_		
13,728,287	13,064,727	12,638,680	12,306,559	12,072,979	11,728,679
5,037,480	4,361,262	472,977	(11,349)	1,774,739	1,293,959
-	13,750	35,500	98,767	59,648	67,250
 1,405,575	 (2,002,648)	 (2,093,810)	 (5,173,955)	 (460,884)	 (4,831,153)
 20,171,342	 15,437,091	 11,053,347	 7,220,022	 13,446,482	 8,258,735
 120,939,172	 114,706,990	 100,369,017	 96,737,843	 97,546,380	 94,425,702
(23,741,133)	958,062	(5,138,851)	939,007	(1,685,817)	2,651,367
26,529,956	18,409,686	20,573,654	14,694,838	11,859,714	13,466,712
\$ 2,788,823	\$ 19,367,748	\$ 15,434,803	\$ 15,633,845	\$ 10,173,897	\$ 16,118,079

concluded.

## **Fund Balances**

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021
General fund				
Nonspendable	\$ 174,232	\$ 125,800	\$ 65,511	\$ 46,196
Restricted	32,541	159,938	-	-
Committed	1,433,877	1,059,897	697,537	533,506
Assigned	21,299,475	13,901,830	7,576,646	9,888,296
Unassigned	25,870,084	26,816,753	25,534,780	21,604,204
Total general fund	\$ 48,810,209	\$ 42,064,218	\$ 33,874,474	\$ 32,072,202
All other governmental funds				
Nonspendable	\$ 2,171,345	\$ 2,014,569	\$ 2,011,482	\$ 2,027,000
Restricted	93,064,487	99,112,163	95,810,194	70,662,974
Committed	1,158,049	842,518	819,733	1,918,790
Assigned	5,367,271	3,259,269	4,051,877	6,835,506
Unassigned (deficit)		-	(673,851)	(1,962,868)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 101,761,152	\$ 105,228,519	\$ 102,019,435	\$ 79,481,402

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$	286,295	\$ 386,772	\$ 462,384	\$ 540,869	\$ 619,311	\$ 765,634
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	498,352	-	-	-	-	-
	7,292,712	5,537,411	7,714,673	6,414,602	9,185,273	4,482,510
	19,554,234	 19,713,016	 11,143,139	 16,243,676	 15,330,765	17,235,156
\$	27,631,593	\$ 25,637,199	\$ 19,320,196	\$ 23,199,147	\$ 25,135,349	\$ 22,483,300
-						
\$	1,984,000	\$ 1,984,000	\$ 1,984,000	\$ 1,984,000	\$ 1,984,000	\$ 1,984,000
	64,888,488	64,482,671	55,440,810	53,939,042	56,176,316	55,120,246
	2,953,568	2,674,688	929,257	5,494,990	4,584,590	3,984,155
	10,258,267	16,674,824	3,709,223	6,327,002	5,832,928	2,642,775
	(1,681,092)	-	-	-	-	-
\$	78,403,231	\$ 85,816,183	\$ 62,063,290	\$ 67,745,034	\$ 68,577,834	\$ 63,731,176

## **Changes in Fund Balances**

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting) Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 117,707,814	\$ 103,575,647	\$ 98,091,239	\$ 87,745,640
Special assessments/improvement charges	-	-	-	90,423
Licenses, permits, and registrations	11,702,516	10,014,234	9,315,238	7,898,206
Intergovernmental	48,227,453	51,208,502	37,755,173	18,415,936
Charges for services	20,024,775	20,220,376	19,429,696	12,661,629
Fines and forfeits	3,543,805	3,340,972	3,222,346	3,125,206
Interest and penalties	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings (loss)	10,303,277	3,400,130	(3,262,910)	75,071
Rental	879,843	714,131	875,550	847,243
Contributions and donations	3,605,274	3,770,389	4,181,190	6,184,114
Intra-governmental sales	-	-	-	239,533
Other	1,656,526	2,037,036	936,721	1,087,777
Total revenues	217,651,283	198,281,417	170,544,243	138,370,778
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	25,950,744	21,825,361	20,513,902	18,101,639
Public safety	57,176,645	56,742,198	56,233,799	51,387,902
Public works	23,799,722	22,958,401	22,192,811	22,491,092
Community/economic development	22,737,772	11,392,917	4,646,493	3,164,360
Culture and recreation	18,598,077	21,983,685	15,809,272	12,612,966
Public transportation	13,728,350	12,911,467	12,225,468	12,063,787
Capital outlay	37,463,478	22,271,761	18,915,364	20,038,436
Debt service:				
Principal	13,218,585	8,671,930	6,868,000	6,694,000
Interest and fiscal charges	3,301,586	3,407,769	65,010	3,205,397
Bond issuance costs			3,062,290	
Total expenditures	215,974,959	182,165,489	160,532,409	149,759,579
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,676,324	16,115,928	10,011,834	(11,388,801)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	6,200,000	_	_	123,801
Issuance of long-term debt	-	_	13,605,000	123,001
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	_	_	-	_
Premium/discount on issuance of long-term debt	_	_	1,421,037	_
Transfers in	26,036,262	16,055,588	12,163,339	15,619,555
Transfers out	(30,633,962)	(20,772,688)	(12,860,905)	(15,835,775)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,602,300	(4,717,100)	14,328,471	(92,419)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 3,278,624	\$ 11,398,828	\$ 24,340,305	\$ (11,481,220)
Debt service as a percentage of				
noncapital expenditures	8.9%	7.9%	7.5%	8.2%

	2020	2019		2018	2017		2016	2015
ć	04.024.040	80 152 017	۸.	75 260 504	72 110 005	4	71 544 262	CO COE 200
\$	84,024,048	\$ 80,152,017	\$	75,369,504	\$ 73,118,985	\$	71,544,363	\$ 69,605,308
	74,263	136,227		63,746	93,373		7 271 940	52,373
	7,617,172	8,678,516 27,664,334		8,927,341	7,710,797		7,371,840	7,619,826
	28,548,327			26,152,120	23,800,709		22,749,178	21,826,308
	15,418,166	17,632,847		16,437,936	14,770,842		15,515,836	14,034,309
	3,770,147	4,611,776		4,283,940	4,704,380 2,604		4,596,544	4,601,589 211
	4,829,585	4,145,380		- 535,299	3,926		1,190,815	928,186
	778,765	761,445		735,822	661,086		634,819	637,366
	1,537,299	2,439,867		3,775,006	3,343,936		334,247	981,965
	267,765	412,620		306,526	297,201		2,627,905	213,511
	990,079	512,211		402,002	432,973		594,470	678,652
		 		,	 ,			 
	147,855,616	 147,147,240		136,989,242	 128,940,812		127,160,017	 121,179,604
	47.002.525	46.045.74		47.440.50	45 452 202		44.257.407	44 504 503
	17,063,537	16,845,714		17,140,624	15,153,388		14,257,197	14,501,593
	52,532,154	51,918,701		48,947,304	48,503,006		47,189,457	45,217,288
	23,051,857	18,974,405		24,532,861	19,366,244		18,863,228	17,869,057
	3,615,970	2,879,621		2,146,752	2,169,450		3,007,207	2,808,976
	14,387,053	13,091,727 10,864,768		13,172,050	13,197,781		12,072,443	12,567,890 9,735,605
	11,697,544 24,171,714	16,964,124		10,524,383 24,016,528	10,269,099 21,162,097		10,038,406 18,043,661	14,237,971
	24,171,714	10,904,124		24,010,328	21,102,037		18,043,001	14,237,371
	6,213,000	5,393,000		5,189,000	4,793,000		4,148,000	4,150,000
	3,747,600	2,430,211		3,558,867	3,448,031		4,080,504	4,920,544
	-	 646,298		-	 555,599		-	-
	156 490 430	140 000 560		140 220 260	120 617 605		121 700 102	126 000 024
_	156,480,429	 140,008,569		149,228,369	 138,617,695		131,700,103	 126,008,924
	(8,624,813)	 7,138,671		(12,239,127)	 (9,676,883)		(4,540,086)	 (4,829,320)
	-	36,500		26,750	32,850		16,350	3,598
	-	57,305,000		-	24,030,000		17,710,000	16,235,000
	-	(39,206,297)		-	(24,509,365)		(18,439,571)	(16,486,836)
	-	2,789,032		-	479,365		416,162	(135,652)
	18,916,182	10,617,994		11,198,070	15,062,028		21,803,130	13,294,382
	(15,709,927)	 (7,850,752)		(8,546,388)	 (8,186,997)		(9,467,278)	 (7,679,086)
	3,206,255	23,691,477		2,678,432	6,907,881		12,038,793	 5,231,406
\$	(5,418,558)	\$ 30,830,148	\$	(9,560,695)	\$ (2,769,002)	\$	7,498,707	\$ 402,086
				<u> </u>				<u> </u>
	8.1%	7.3%		7.8%	8.2%		8.0%	8.5%

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#### **Taxable Value of Property**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Real Property	Personal Property	Total Taxable Value	Total Assessed Value	True Cash Value	Total Direct Tax Rate
2015	\$ 4,739,348,866	\$ 230,309,300	\$ 4,969,658,166	\$ 6,118,573,700	\$ 12,237,147,400	16.4501
2016	4,870,231,067	240,179,600	5,110,410,667	6,643,622,400	13,287,244,800	16.4436
2017	5,035,021,720	258,429,800	5,293,451,520	7,134,355,100	14,268,710,200	16.3003
2018	5,242,521,458	253,065,300	5,495,586,758	7,527,133,730	15,054,267,460	16.1390
2019	5,539,356,212	251,477,400	5,790,833,612	8,217,852,850	16,435,705,700	15.8885
2020	5,887,823,600	264,810,400	6,152,634,000	8,177,422,349	16,354,844,698	15.7131
2021	6,192,607,215	309,486,300	6,502,093,515	8,686,447,970	17,372,895,940	15.6215
2022	6,360,653,252	283,981,300	6,644,634,552	9,115,126,235	18,230,252,470	16.8215
2023	6,775,385,344	277,540,900	7,052,926,244	9,456,136,680	18,912,273,360	16.7083
2024	7,248,445,375	258,115,000	7,506,560,375	9,993,247,000	19,986,494,000	17.7083

#### Notes:

Taxable property in the City is assessed by the City Assessor and is subject to review by the County Board of Equalization. Tax levies on property in Michigan are applied against the taxable value of all property. Current statutes require assessments to be 50% of the true cash value of both personal and real property for equalization purposes.

In accordance with Act 409, Public Acts of Michigan, 1965, and Article 9, Section 2 of the Michigan Constitution, as amended by Joint Resolution S on March 15, 1994, state equalized value shall not exceed 50% of the true cash value. With the passage of Proposal "A", another value is required on each property. The new value is termed "taxable value". Increases in taxable value are limited to 5%, the Consumer Price Index, or State Equalized Value, whichever is less.

For the Industrial Facilities tax roll, the millage rate is 50% of the normal millage rate.

Source: City of Ann Arbor Financial Services, Assessing Unit

#### Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (per \$1,000 of Taxable Value)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			City of Ann Ark	or Direct Rate		
	Fiscal Year	General Operating	Refuse Collection	Transpor- tation*	Employee Benefits	Parks
ncipal Residence Exemption (PRE)	2015	6.1682	2.4670	2.0560	2.0560	1.5779
n-PRE	2015	6.1682	2.4670	2.0560	2.0560	1.5779
n-PRE ncipal Residence Exemption (PRE)	2015	6.1657	2.4670	2.0552	2.0552	1.5779
n-PRE	2016	6.1657	2.4660	2.0552	2.0552	1.5773
ncipal Residence Exemption (PRE)	2017	6.1120	2.4445	2.0373	2.0373	1.5635
n-PRE	2017	6.1120	2.4445	2.0373	2.0373	1.5635
ncipal Residence Exemption (PRE)	2018	6.0343	2.4134	2.0114	2.0114	1.5435
n-PRE	2018	6.0343	2.4134	2.0114	2.0114	1.5435
cipal Residence Exemption (PRE)	2019	5.9407	2.3759	1.9802	1.9802	1.5195
-PRE	2019	5.9407	2.3759	1.9802	1.9802	1.5195
cipal Residence Exemption (PRE)	2020	5.8884	2.3549	1.9627	1.9627	1.5463
RE	2020	5.8884	2.3549	1.9627	1.9627	1.5463
sidence Exemption (PRE)	2021	5.8359	2.3339	1.9452	1.9452	1.5324
	2021	5.8359	2.3339	1.9452	1.9452	1.5324
esidence Exemption (PRE)	2022	5.8359	2.3339	1.9452	1.9452	1.5324
	2022	5.8359	2.3339	1.9452	1.9452	1.5324
al Residence Exemption (PRE)	2023	5.7967	2.3182	1.9321	1.9321	1.5220
	2023	5.7967	2.3182	1.9321	1.9321	1.5220
esidence Exemption (PRE)	2024	5.7967	2.3182	1.9321	1.9321	1.5220
	2024	5.7967	2.3182	1.9321	1.9321	1.5220

<sup>\*</sup> Represents millage collected for Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority.

Source: City of Ann Arbor Financial Services, Assessing Unit

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes Washtenaw Intermediate School Ann Arbor District millage and State Education Tax on both Principal Residence and Non-Principal Residence properties. On Non-Principal Residence properties, an additional 18 mills is included for School Operating Tax. On Principal Residence properties, Hold Harmless mills levied in lieu of School Operating Tax.

	City of Ann Arl	bor Direct Rate					Overlapping Rates	s		
Major Street Repair	Major New Sidewalk	Major Affordable Housing	Community Climate	Total Direct Tax Rate	Ann Arbor Area Transportation Authority	Ann Arbor Public Schools**	Ann Arbor District Library	Washtenaw County	Washtenaw Community College	Total
2.1250	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	16.4501	0.7000	17.9172	1.5500	6.2838	3.4576	46.2507
		0.0000					1.5500			46.3587
2.1250	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	16.4501	0.7000	31.4245	1.5500	6.2838	3.4576	59.8660
2.1242	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	16.4436	0.7000	17.7692	1.6500	6.3058	3.4576	46.3262
2.1242	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	16.4436	0.7000	31.3913	1.6500	6.3058	3.4576	59.9483
2.1057	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	16.3003	0.6943	17.4740	1.9000	6.2432	3.4360	46.0478
2.1057	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	16.3003	0.6943	30.9674	1.9000	6.2432	3.4360	59.5412
2.1250	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	16.1390	0.6860	20.7173	1.8913	6.2122	3.4267	49.0725
2.1250	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	16.1390	0.6860	33.9566	1.8913	6.2122	3.4267	62.3118
2.0920	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	15.8885	0.6773	20.4255	1.8663	7.1532	3.3978	49.4086
2.0920	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	15.8885	0.6773	34.2813	1.8663	7.1532	3.3978	63.2644
1.9981	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	15.7131	0.6936	20.1954	1.8519	7.1093	3.3763	48.9396
1.9981	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	15.7131	0.6936	34.2267	1.8519	7.1093	3.3763	62.9709
2.0289	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	15.6215	0.6880	21.8689	1.8365	7.0962	3.3538	50.4649
2.0289	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	15.6215	0.6880	36.1903	1.8365	7.0962	3.3538	64.7863
2.0289	0.2000	1.0000	0.0000	16.8215	0.6862	20.9923	1.8333	7.0856	3.3759	50.7948
2.0289	0.2000	1.0000	0.0000	16.8215	0.6862	36.1656	1.8333	7.0856	3.3759	65.9681
2.0153	0.1986	0.9933	0.0000	16.7083	0.6805	20.7515	1.8228	7.0413	3.3548	50.3592
2.0153	0.1986	0.9933	0.0000	16.7083	0.6805	36.1092	1.8228	7.0413	3.3548	65.7169
2.0153	0.1986	0.9933	1.0000	17.7083	0.6805	20.6513	1.8228	7.0413	3.3548	51.2590
2.0153	0.1986	0.9933	1.0000	17.7083	0.6805	36.1092	1.8228	7.0413	3.3548	66.7169

#### **Principal Property Taxpayers**

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2024			2015	
Taxpayer	Taxable Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Assessed Value	Taxable Value	Rank	Percentage of Total City Assessed Value
575 51	4 50 040 000	_	0.700/	4 00 000 700	-	0.470/
DTE Electric Company	\$ 52,318,000	1	0.70%	\$ 23,229,700	6	0.47%
GEDR Landmark LLC 1300 S University	49,896,108	2	0.66%			
Brixmor (formerly AMCAP) Arborland, LLC	44,733,809	3	0.60%	29,835,543	3	0.60%
BVK HSRE Ann Arbor, LLC	43,865,000	4	0.58%			
CPI Foundry, LLC	41,202,600	5	0.55%			
Briarwood Shopping Complex	40,794,100	6	0.54%	38,282,500	1	0.77%
The Standard at Ann Arbor, LLC	36,233,200	7	0.48%			
Northstar Fund IV, LLC	31,709,308	8	0.42%			
MI-UM Holdings, LLC	31,270,127	9	0.42%			
CCSHP Ann Arbor I, LLC (The Yard)	29,929,569	10	0.40%			
Campus Investors 601 Forest				30,990,844	2	0.62%
Ann Arbor Campus Housing, LLC				28,125,324	4	0.57%
HUB Eisenhower Property				24,892,000	5	0.50%
THC Ann Arbor WP, LLC				19,754,799	7	0.40%
Varsity at Ann Arbor, LLC				18,753,974	8	0.38%
DTE Gas Company				16,518,500	9	0.33%
Serling 4 Eleven, LP				15,629,584	10	0.31%
Total	\$ 401,951,821		5.35%	\$ 246,012,768		4.95%

Source: City of Ann Arbor Financial Services, Assessing Unit

#### **Property Tax Levies and Collections**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Taxes Levied		within the of the Levy	llections in		lections in bsequent	Total Collections to Date	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	for the Fiscal Year*	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Years (Real)		Years ersonal)	Amounts	Percentage of Levy
2015	\$ 81,742,181	\$ 80,666,319	98.68%	\$ 819,344	\$	206,946	\$ 81,692,609	99.94%
2016	83,995,895	83,115,705	98.95%	733,314		72,910	83,921,929	99.91%
2017	86,216,588	85,305,863	98.94%	753,004		43,685	86,102,553	99.87%
2018	88,485,078	87,698,238	99.11%	670,466		23,305	88,392,008	99.89%
2019	91,688,677	90,786,330	99.02%	772,637		18,151	91,577,118	99.88%
2020	96,323,717	95,370,692	99.01%	774,399		410	96,145,502	99.81%
2021	100,950,080	99,844,706	98.91%	957,920		35,152	100,837,778	99.89%
2022	110,422,305	109,532,160	99.19%	724,978		36,947	110,294,085	99.88%
2023	111,900,758	110,935,579	99.14%	438,084		73,037	111,446,700	99.59%
2024	125,954,273	124,847,697	99.12%	951,111		779	125,799,587	99.88%

Ad valorem taxes are levied July 1st annually, and are due July 31st. Delinquent real property taxes are turned over to the County for collection the following March 1st. The County pays all its municipalities from a revolving fund for delinquent real property taxes. Delinquent personal property taxes are negligible.

Source: City of Ann Arbor Financial Services, Treasury Unit

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted tax roll for City millages only at time of settlement with the County. Figures include DDA capture of City taxes and excludes administrative fees and interest.

#### **Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type**

(Dollars in thousands except for per capita) Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmen	tal Activities		Business-type Activities						
Fiscal Year	General	Special	Installment	Lease and	General	Lease	[1]	Other			
	Obligation	Assessment	Purchase	Subscription	Obligation	Contract	Revenue	Long-term			
	Bonds	Bonds	Agreements	Liabilities	Bonds	Payable	Bonds	Debt			
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	\$ 115,624 111,919 108,284 103,060 119,183 112,790 107,188	15 - - -	\$ - - - - - -	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ 12,140 9,855 7,623 5,689 3,761 2,533 728	\$ 106 63 21 - - -	\$ 159,195 177,852 181,546 180,204 168,805 160,418 148,630	\$ 13,827 14,721 16,187 15,778 15,232 14,474 13,770			
2022	113,842	-	799	109	1,460	-	134,436	14,626			
2023	105,112		468	1,585	1,206	-	164,600	13,541			
2024	91,659		308	1,083	915	-	152,279	12,439			

Note: For fiscal year 2024 and 2023 percent of personal income, the divisor used was for 2022 since more recent data was not available at this time.

Source: City of Ann Arbor Financial Services, Accounting Services Unit

[1] Includes State revolving loan fund debt which is payable from enterprise fund revenues.

	Total	Percentage		
	Primary	of Personal		Per
Go	vernment	Income	C	apita
\$	300,927	1.63%	\$	2,641
	314,425	1.63%		2,760
	313,661	1.51%		2,753
	304,731	1.38%		2,675
	306,981	1.37%		2,694
	290,215	1.24%		2,547
	270,316	1.07%		2,183
	265,272	1.01%		2,142
	286,512	1.10%		2,313
	258,683	0.99%		2,089

#### **Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding**

(Dollars in thousands except for per capita) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Ol	General bligation Bonds	Amo Rest to Re	ess: ounts ricted paying ncipal		Less: supported	1		Net General ded Debt	Actua Va	ntage of I Taxable lue of operty		Per Capita
2015	\$	127.764	\$	1 122	\$	35		\$	126 606	2	FF0/	۲,	1 111
2015	Ş	127,764	\$	1,123	Ş			Ş	126,606		.55%	\$	1,111
2016		121,774		1,087		15			120,672	2.	.36%		1,059
2017		115,907		1,071		-			114,836	2.	.17%		1,008
2018		108,749		477		-			108,272	1.	.97%		950
2019		122,944		629		-			122,315	2.	.11%		1,074
2020		115,323		554		-			114,769	1.	.87%		1,007
2021		107,916		516		-			107,400	1.	.65%		867
2022		115,302		-		-			115,302	1.	.74%		931
2023		106,318		-		-			106,318	1.	.51%		858
2024		92,574		-		-			92,574	1.	.23%		747

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

## **Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt**

(dollars in thousands) As of June 30, 2024

Government Unit	Ou	Net Debt itstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	S	timated hare of erlapping Debt
Direct debt					
General obligation bonds	\$	91,659	100.00%	\$	91,659
Installment purchase agreements		308	100.00%		308
Lease and subscription liabilities		1,083	100.00%		1,083
Total direct debt	\$	93,050			93,050
Overlapping debt					
Ann Arbor School District	\$	302,780	64.56%		195,475
Washtenaw Intermediate School District		33,965	35.52%		12,064
Washtenaw Community College		3,531	35.99%		1,271
Washtenaw County, at large		22,689	35.19%		7,984
Total overlapping debt	\$	362,965			216,794
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	309,845

**Overlapping Debt** – The issuer's proportionate share of the debt of other local governmental units that either overlap it (the issuer is located either wholly or partly within the geographic limits of the other units) or underlie it (the other units are located within the geographic limits of the issuer). The debt is generally apportioned based upon relative Assessed Values.

# **Legal Debt Margin Information**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### **Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2024**

Assessed value of real and personal property	\$ 9,978,186,800
Debt limit (10% of assessed value)  Debt applicable to limit -	\$ 997,818,680
Net direct debt	93,050,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 904,768,680

	Debt Limit	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	С	Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit
2015	\$ 544,734,050	\$ 115,624,000	\$	429,110,050	21.23%
2016	587,315,552	111,919,000		475,396,552	19.06%
2017	664,362,240	108,284,000		556,078,240	16.30%
2018	686,875,930	103,060,000		583,815,930	15.00%
2019	726,197,693	119,183,000		607,014,693	16.41%
2020	791,747,775	112,790,000		678,957,775	14.25%
2021	838,444,077	105,893,000		732,551,077	12.63%
2022	912,221,924	113,842,057		798,379,867	12.48%
2023	942,237,543	105,579,000		836,658,543	11.21%
2024	997,818,680	93,050,000		904,768,680	9.33%

#### **Pledged-revenue Coverage**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Ne	t Revenue	Debt S	Service			
	Operating	Operating		ailable For					
Fiscal Year	Revenue (1)	Expenses (2)	De	bt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Covera	ige
Water Supply System:									
2015	\$ 22,948,029	\$ 13,856,800	\$	9,091,229	\$ 3,199,396	\$ 1,407,456	\$ 4,606,852	2.0	%
2016	24,338,898	14,280,849	Ψ	10,058,049	3,400,000	1,399,170	4,799,170	2.1	,,
2017	26,605,701	14,221,866		12,383,835	3,905,001	980.599	4,885,600	2.5	
2018	27,138,794	14,953,353		12,185,441	3,155,000	887,888	4,042,888	3.0	
2019	28,343,557	14,930,505		13,413,052	3,250,000	797,653	4,047,653	3.3	
2020	26,544,997	14,491,553		12,053,444	3,310,000	728,050	4,038,050	3.0	
2021	29,769,645	15,861,664		13,907,981	3,525,000	656,605	4,181,605	3.3	
2022	29,842,392	18,522,274		11,320,118	3,811,571	621,921	4,433,492	2.6	
2023	36,650,221	17,282,287		19,367,934	4,350,181	587,183	4,937,364	3.9	
2024	38,110,939	18,876,703		19,234,236	3,724,450	1,761,204	5,485,654	3.5	
Sewage Disposal System:									
2015	\$ 22,878,298	\$ 11,410,773	Ś	11,467,525	\$ 2,670,000	\$ 2,300,267	\$ 4,970,267	2.3	%
2016	25,025,055	11,944,408	•	13,080,647	2,995,000	2,621,008	5,616,008	2.3	
2017	27,336,885	11,868,538		15,468,347	4,427,832	2,673,422	7,101,254	2.2	
2018	28,515,463	12,327,225		16,188,238	6,358,045	3,068,958	9,427,003	1.7	
2019	34,230,942	11,397,305		22,833,637	8,075,000	3,021,187	11,096,187	2.1	
2020	33,971,553	12,513,295		21,458,258	8,000,000	2,850,467	10,850,467	2.0	
2021	32,589,166	15,329,254		17,259,912	8,175,000	2,663,330	10,838,330	1.6	
2022	35,275,887	13,320,169		21,955,718	8,355,000	2,471,751	10,826,751	2.0	
2023	35,897,726	13,157,620		22,740,106	8,625,000	2,316,764	10,941,764	2.1	
2024	39,055,202	15,126,031		23,929,171	8,824,672	2,117,277	10,941,949	2.2	

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes investment earnings (loss); revenue pledged is covered by charges for services.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes depreciation expense and change in accrued net pension liability.

# **Demographic and Economic Statistics**

Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Population (1)		Personal income (2)		Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Unemployment Rate % (3)
2015	113,934	\$	18,446,608	\$	51,400	4.4
2016	113,934	*	19,261,779	*	52,814	4.2
2017	113,934		20,715,000		56,312	3.8
2018	113,934		22,021,358		58,823	3.5
2019	113,934		22,365,853		60,843	3.4
2020	113,934		23,327,716		63,655	10.5
2021	123,851		25,372,530		68,688	5.3
2022	123,851		26,147,662		71,368	4.1
2023	123,851		N/A		N/A	3.9
2024	123,851		N/A		N/A	4.2

#### Sources:

- (1) U. S. Census Bureau <a href="https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/annarborcitymichigan">https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/annarborcitymichigan</a>
- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis, Ann Arbor Metropolitan Statistical Area, Personal Income and Employment by County and Metro Area <a href="http://www.bea.gov/">http://www.bea.gov/</a>

\*Note: 2023 and 2024 data has not been released at this time.

(3) Michigan Employment Security Commission statistics for Washtenaw County as of June 2024 http://stats.bls.gov/eag/eag.mi annarbor msa.htm

#### **Principal Employers**

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2024			2015	
_						
Taxpayer	Employees	Rank	Percentage	Employees	Rank	Percentage
University of Michigan Trinity Health System (formerly St.	36,700	1	67.59%	29,068	1	69.18%
Joseph's Health System)	5,500	2	10.13%	5,307	2	12.63%
Ann Arbor Public Schools	2,700	3	4.97%	2,300	3	5.47%
Veterans Administration Ann Arbor						
Healthcare System	2,700	3	4.97%			
Integrated Health Associates, Inc.	1,600	5	2.95%	1,125	5	2.68%
Washtenaw County Government	1,300	6	2.39%	1,332	4	3.17%
Toyota	1,200	7	2.21%			
Domino's Pizza	1,200	7	2.21%	600	8	1.43%
RealTruck	700	9	1.29%			
City of Ann Arbor	700	9	1.29%	686	7	1.63%
Truven Health Analytics				730	6	1.74%
Washtenaw Community College				567	9	1.35%
Con-way Inc				302	10	0.72%
Total	54,300		100.00%	42,017		100.00%

Source: Ann Arbor Spark, January 2024: Top Regional Employers <a href="https://annarborusa.org/news/top-regional-employers/">https://annarborusa.org/news/top-regional-employers/</a>

## Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2024	2023	2022	2021
General government				
General government Financial Services	65	64	64	64
		_	-	_
Community Services	95	91	89	73
Parks & Recreation	41	40	37	38
City Administrator Services	86	74	74	70
Mayor & Council	1	1	1	2
Safety Services				
Police	153	151	149	156
Fire	88	88	86	87
Public Services				
Engineering	35	35	34	32
Water	29	30	28	27
Wastewater Treatment	36	36	36	36
Public Works	97	96	93	90
Other	40	35	36	40
15th District Court	35	35	35	35
Retirement System	4	4	4	4
Downtown Development Authority	10	8	6	6
City Attorney	15	15	14	14
Per Budget Book	830	802	785	773

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
62	62	61	60	61	61
		61		61	61
71	67	66	63	59	57
38	37	23	24	24	24
65	63	37	34	34	34
2	1	1	1	1	1
454	450	4.40	4.40	4.40	4.40
154	150	149	149	149	149
87	87	87	87	87	87
30	30	17	16	16	12
27	27	27	26	26	26
36	36	35	35	35	35
90	90	117	117	117	120
40	36	63	62	59	61
35	35	35	34	34	34
4	4	4	4	4	4
6	6	6	4	4	4
13	13	13	13	12	12
759	744	741	729	722	721

## **Operating Indicators by Function/Program**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2024	2023	2022	2021
Dellas				
Police	4.025	4.053	0.44	000
Physical arrests	1,035	1,053	941	998
Parking violations	81,215	72,669	69,279	51,289
Traffic violations	5,756	4,691	3,134	3,354
Fire				
Emergency responses	8,668	8,642	10,156	7,870
Fire extinguished	289	572	367	303
Inspections (1st inspections)	1,171	1,374	867	981
Refuse Collection				
Refuse collected (tons/day)	137.22	133.09	137.64	133.12
Recyclables collected (tons/day)	29.56	30.53	33.35	32.99
Other Public works				
Street resurfacing and reconstruction (miles)	15.10	11.70	15.40	5.92
Capital Preventative Maintenance (miles) (a)	17.45	6.76	36.37	52.61
Potholes repaired (tons)	431.00	426.00	844.00	428.00
Parks and Recreation				
Athletic field permits issued	846	745	720	141
Community center admissions	28,500	27,500	26,400	24,700
Water	•	,	,	•
Connections	29,231	28,949	28,891	28,765
Water main breaks	97	93	75	80
Average daily consumption	12.7860	13.2049	12.4929	12.5260
(millions of gallons)				
Peak daily consumption	17.3870	19.4944	23.1536	20.2160
(millions of gallons)	17.557.0	13.13.11	23.1330	20.2100
Wastewater				
Average daily sewage treatment	13.17	13.12	18.84	15.69
(millions of gallons)	13.17	13.12	10.07	13.03
(minoris of ganoris)				

Source: Various services areas within City of Ann Arbor

<sup>(</sup>a) This includes crack sealing and thin mill and fill.

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
1,178	1,678	1,467	1,289	1,542	1,461
69,605	99,079	102,981	117,221	118,041	108,759
7,889	8,748	9,515	11,022	12,548	12,205
7,003	0,740	3,313	11,022	12,540	12,203
8,293	8,504	7,214	7,234	6,947	6,572
258	260	206	205	259	220
767	1,140	1,257	1,182	1,339	1,218
135.03	140.69	151.22	73.21	72.52	72.87
34.36	35.89	36.32	40.27	40.31	40.17
7.20	7.35	3.71	3.91	5.91	6.13
21.85	1.69	42.44	55.39	7.70	2.12
596.00	733.88	648.43	397.60	482.32	570.92
456	629	987	692	733	866
23,950	21,524	19,750	19,750	12,500	12,000
28,674	28,592	28,565	28,496	28,452	28,418
59	106	66	73	65	91
12.8360	13.5800	14.0803	13.9020	13.8240	13.5760
18.6680	22.8200	21.7170	21.2620	20.1310	19.1740
18.19	18.30	17.90	16.81	17.00	17.76

## **Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program**

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2024	2023	2022	2021
Police				
Station	1	1	1	1
Zone offices	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	35	35	35	35
Fire stations	5	5	5	5
Refuse collection				
Collection trucks	19	19	19	19
Other public works				
Streets (miles)	298	298	298	298
Streetlights	8,063	8,005	7,940	7,811
Traffic signals	124	124	128	159
Parks and recreation				
Acreage	2,210	2,210	2,210	2,195
Playgrounds	80	80	80	80
Baseball/softball diamonds	34	34	34	34
Soccer/football fields	24	24	24	24
Community centers	2	2	2	2
Water				
Water mains (miles)	465	463	463	462
Fire hydrants	3,755	3,492	3,447	3,398
Storage capacity (millions of gallons)	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0
Wastewater				
Sanitary sewers (miles)	366	366	366	365
Storm sewers (miles)	312	309	289	290
Treatment capacity (millions of gallons)	48	48	48	48

Source: Various services areas within City of Ann Arbor

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
1	1	1	1	1	1
1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 2	1 2
35	35	35	36	35	35
33	33	33	30	33	33
5	5	5	5	5	5
28	28	27	26	26	27
298	298	298	297	297	297
7,721	7,592	7,572	7,567	7,562	7,497
159	159	159	159	159	159
2.405	2.407	2.110	2.110	2.110	2.074
2,195	2,187	2,110	2,110	2,110	2,074
80	80	80	79 24	79 24	77
34	34	34	34	34	34
24	24	24	24	24	24
2	2	2	2	2	2
461	461	459	456	455	488
3,370	3,947	3,887	3,239	3,178	3,741
19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0	19.0
375	367	364	362	362	362
290	298	294	294	294	266
48	48	48	48	48	48

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